The New-York Times.

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LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

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THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

A Permanent Organization Effected—President, Horatio Seymour.

THE CONTESTED SEATS.

Squabbling between the New-York Delegations---Wood vs. Sickles.

The Wood Delegates Excluded---Their Protest and Withdrawal.

Interesting Proceedings before the Committee on Credentials.

NO NOMINATIONS.

SYRACUSE, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

The morning was occupied in issuing tickets to delegates and reporters, and in private caucusing, principally respecting organization.

The Tammany delegation met and found the representation full. Their caucus was private.

Some excitement was caused by the appearance, this morning, of a contestant for the seat of Mr. FAIRCHILD, of Madison, who was agreed on by the Softs as temporary Chairman.

The Convention assembled at 12 o'clock at Wieting Hall, and none but those having tickets were admitted.

PETER CAGGER called the Convention to order, and moved that HORATIO SEYMOUR be appointed permanent President by the Convention. [Cheers.]

Mr. GREENE, of Oneida, moved to amend by naming the HON. E. A. LAWRENCE, of Queens, for temporary Chairman. [Cheers.]

Dr. HOWELL, of Suffolk, in seconding the motion, said he did so heartily, because it was customary to appoint a temporary Chairman.

Tellers being demanded, the question was put and declared carried.

Mr. CAGGER moved that Mr. BEECH, of Onondaga and Mr. BARTON, of Tioga, be appointed tellers. Motion carried.

W. M. TWEED, of New-York, moved that all those whose seats are contested be omitted from the roll. Carried.

The roll was then called by the tellers to find what seats were contested, when the following were claimed by two sets of Delegates: Albany, Third and Fourth Districts of Allegany, Second District of Chenango, First District of Kings and New-York.

When the name of SIDNEY T. FAIRCHILD was called W. H. WALRADT declared himself a contestant, but at the request of the Secretary of State withdrew the claim.

When the name of GIDEON J. TUCKER was called, DANIEL MAHEN, Ex-member of the Assembly, contested his seat.

The name of HORATIO SEYMOUR was received with loud applause.

Mr. VAN SANTVOORD moved the Convention now proceed to take the question on organization by Ayes and Nays, the contestants not to vote. Carried.

When the question was put by Mr. CAGGER, the proposition to make HORATIO SEYMOUR President was received with loud cheers, and counter cheers were enthusiastically given for LAWRENCE.

ELIJAH F. PURDY, before the vote was announced, asked if his seat was contested?

THE CHAIR—It is.

Mr. PURDY—Then let me see the man. [Applause.] I want to see the man who would contest my seat [Applause, and cries of "Show him up."]

FERNANDO WOOD rose to speak.

Mr. PURDY—I have the floor and will now use it. Here are my credentials. I represent my district in New-York, and I desire to see the man who will contest my seat.

Cries of "Call the name," "call the name." "Let us see him."

The Chair called Mr. SIMMONS.

He did not answer. [Immense applause.]

FERNANDO WOOD said the reason why Mr. SIMMONS was not here was, that he was alternate for JAMES LYNCH, and had no ticket of admission.

THE CHAIR—All Alternates had tickets who applied for them.

FERNANDO WOOD—Alternates of our Delegation have not been admitted. They are outside now, while strangers have been admitted on this floor.

Much excitement followed.

Mr. PURDY offered to read a letter from Mr. SIMMONS, but the Chair decided that no contestant appeared for the seat of Mr. PURDY. [Much applause.]

GIDEON J. TUCKER inquired for the contestant of his seat.

DANIEL MAHEN—He is here. [Cheers and laughter.]

The amendment was then declared lost by Ayes, 35, Nays, 64, amidst immense applause.

The original motion to make HORATIO SEYMOUR permanent President was then carried amidst the greatest enthusiasm, the Convention rising and cheering.

The Chair nominated FERNANDO WOOD and JOHN A. GREEN as a Committee to conduct Mr. SEYMOUR to the Chair. Much applause followed.

Governor SEYMOUR, on taking the Chair, spoke as follows:

I thank you, gentlemen, for the honor you have conferred upon me. We are the representatives of a confiding and hopeful constituency, who have sent us here to nominate a State ticket for their support at the coming election, and who expect that our proceedings will be marked by such evidences of patriotism and unity of purpose as will not only inspire the Democracy of this State with confidence of success, but will also give assurance to our friends throughout the Union that New-York has resumed its true position as a leading Democratic State. The gratification that I feel in being called upon to preside over your deliberations is increased when I contrast this Convention with those which assembled in this City a few days since. One represented a party based upon a hatred of a portion of our own countrymen; the other an organization founded upon proscription of those born in other lands. The one put forth a philanthropic system made up of abuse, denunciation and sectional warfare; the other, religious purposes which proposed to trample under foot the primary principles of charity and forbearance without which religion is worthless. It was expected that these kindred bodies would melt into one. Conference Committees announced that there were no differences of views to keep them apart; that they were actuated by a common hostility to the liberal and patriotic sentiments of the Democratic Party, and its distinguished head, Mr. BUCHANAN. Fusion was prevented, not by division of opinions, but by the division of the offices. When we contrast the Democratic Party with these local and bigoted organizations, we have a right to be proud of its patriotism, which embraces our whole country in its affections, and includes all nationalities in its sympathies. It is not necessary to waste any words upon that party which proposes to train men for the duties of citizenship by denying them the exercise of its rights. We object to the Republican Party because it is unpatriotic, unjust and cowardly in its actions—unpatriotic, for its influence is put forth to destroy the sentiments of paternal affection which were called into existence by the revolutionary struggle, and which have been so carefully cultivated by all the good and great men of our country. It has excited more hostility in many minds against our brethren of the South than they have felt against the enemies of the country. It indulges in constant abuse of the habits, customs and character of the people of one portion of our confederacy. Unjust, for in its discussions of the Slavery question it has withheld from the public in the history of that institution the fact that the people of the North were most active in bringing slaves to the country; that the votes of Massachusetts and other Northern States prolonged the Slave-trade; and the same States opposed, and still oppose, the tide of immigration from Europe which has swept Slavery out of the North, while the South has always favored the policy of inviting the European to our shores, although it has given the North its preponderance of political power. While constant efforts are being made to excite the Northern mind about human suffering in other States, no attention is paid to the condition of the negro here. Insulting attacks are made upon others, while the African is dying out in New-York from neglect and under the influence of popular prejudices. Our census returns show their numbers have diminished since sectional excitement has diverted the attention of our people from their own duties of charity and sympathy to denunciations of others. There are more free negroes in the small border States of Maryland than are to be found in New-York or all New-England, Although they have every facility for coming here, they prefer to keep away from that philanthropy which deals in abuse and detraction and not in acts of charity and kindness. There are more free negroes who avoid the States controlled by Republicans than there are slaves who evade their masters. The policy of the Republican Party is not only unpatriotic and unjust, but it is marked with cowardice. Their cherished leader has said on the floor of the Senate, that "In the beginning there were twelve Slave and only one Free State—twenty-four Senators of the Slave States, and only two of the Free. Now a majority of the Senators and Representatives are from the Free States. At the outset of our Government the Slave States had fifty-seven Representatives and the Free but eight. Now the latter have one hundred and forty-four, while the Slave States have only ninety." And he adds, "These changes have happened in a period during which the Slave States have almost uninterruptedly exercised paramount influence in the Government." and he might have added, that those who compose the Republican Party, while the South were powerfull, had no conscientious scruples in supporting slaveholders for office, and in coöperating with them. Politically, their consciences seem to have been carefully graduated to their census returns. As the North has gained power under the patriotic policy of the Government, pursued during this period, when, according to the Senator, "the South has exercised paramount influence," those who have opposed that policy thus beneficial to us have not hesitated to excite the growing power of the North against those who have thus patriotically contributed to our progress. While the Republicans point out exultingly our increasing strength in the General Government, it is not to appeal to the magnanimity and patriotism of our people to receive it with justice and honor, but with a stern mockery they declare that they are combating against the assaults of those who have gained it—gaining it, too, while it is said they control the action of our common Government. I contrast with pride the course of the Democratic Party, in defending the rights of all sections of our country, with the policy of a party which finds cause for a sectional organization in disparity of political power; and it is a just cause for patriotic congratulation that the present Chief Magistrate of our country has boldly and nobly upheld the rights of the several States of this Confederacy without regard to the measure of their representative strength, uninfluenced by considerations growing out of the destruction of political power based upon each returning census.

I congratulate you, gentlemen, that you belong to a party whose patriotism is ample enough to embrace the whole of our broad land, and whose liberal and comprehensive spirit can tolerate all creed and welcome to our shores those from every nation, who seek an asylum beneath our liberal institutions and a home upon our rich and fertile fields.

Mr. FAIRCHILD, of Madison, moved the appointment of the following Secretaries: R. H. CUSHING, LEVI S. FULTON, LUKE SMITH, and G. C. WALKER. Carried.

Mr. J. B. SKINNER, of Wyoming, moved that the Chair select one Vice President from each Judicial District. Carried.

Mr. T. MILLER, of Columbia, moved that the Chair appoint a Committee of one from each Judicial District, to decide the contested seats from Albany County, and a similar Committee to decide all other contested seats.

Mr. FREER, of Courtlandt, moved that one half of each delegation from New-York City be received as delegates, and that the two delegations be requested to select half each. In offering the resolution he said he came here in the spirit of harmony and union to carry it out. He had heard talk of union, but he wanted action. He came from a rural district, and did not want to decide on the regularity of their organization.

DANIEL E. SICKLES raised the point of order that the amendment was not germain to the original resolution.

Mr. VAN SANTVOORD raised the point of order that contestants had no right to be heard on the floor.

The Chair decided the point of order taken by Mr. SICKLES not well taken.

Mr. SICKLES then moved that the amendment be referred to the Committee to be appointed on contested seats.

Mr. VANSANTVOORD then renewed his point of order. The Chair felt embarrassed at this point. A contestant had been named to conduct him to the Chair, and all had been admitted to the floor and recognized in the proceedings. He hoped, however, that the contestants would suffer the debate to be conducted by delegates whose seats were not contested.

Mr. SICKLES then withdrew his motion, in order that it might be offered by Mr. PURDY, the only Delegate from New-York whose seat is not contested.

FERNANDO WOOD rose to speak, but was called to order.

The Chair said he might as well, to prevent confusion and misunderstanding, now decide that, in strict Parliamentary rule, no Delegate whose seat was contested should be recognized as addressing the Convention.

Mr. PURDY renewed the motion of Mr. SICKLES.

FERNANDO WOOD again rose to speak, but was called to order by DAN. E. SICKLES.

The Chair said the best way was to let the gentleman from New-York explain what he had to say. He was not willing on the whole, or desirous of enforcing the proper rules, to deprive any man from making such inquiries as were necessary to enable him to ascertain his rights.

Mr. SICKLES—The gentleman is out of order, according to the decision of the Chair.

THE CHAIR—The gentleman from New-York (SICKLES) is himself open to the very objection he is now urging.

Mr. WOOD said that he had only to remark that it was scarcely fair to suffer one side to enter into an argument, and say all he had to say, and apply the ruling only to the other side.

Mr. J. B. SKINNER, of Wyoming, sustained the original resolution.

Mr. VAN SANTVOORD, of Rensselaer, upheld the amendment.

Mr. FAIRCHILD, of Madison, thought there should be no difference made between the case of New-York, and the other contested districts. The amendment should not be passed, because no resolution for a compromise should be submitted to the Committee that had not been passed on by the Convention.

Mr. MILLER, of Columbia, urged the propriety of settling this question of regularity now. Compromises had been made on three former occasions, and still the difficulty recurred. He favored the original motion.

Mr. VAN SANTVOORD replied that he believed that the gentleman from Columbia knew well enough the impossibility of finally settling this question of regularity now. Such disputes could not be settled here. He called the attention of the last speaker to the difficulties in Columbia County which grew out of the time when he (VAN SANTVOORD) supported CASS, and the gentleman from Columbia supported VAN BUREN.

Mr. MILLER replied, hinting incidentally that since the union of the Democracy, they had been united in Columbia County, and that neither of them had belonged to any other organization, not even the Know-Nothings.

Cries of "Oh! Oh!" "There's a screw loose."

Mr. MILLER continued to argue in favor of finally settling this question, in order to prevent future divisions and double organizations.

Mr. VAN SANTVOORD, with some excitement, denied that he had ever belonged to the American Party. He had never been inside of a Know-Nothing lodge, and had never been indorsed or supported by that Party. [Cries of "Order."]

Mr. FAIRCHILD called the attention of the Convention to the position it now occupied. The roll had been called, and in certain districts two sets of delegates had claimed seats. It was urged that New-York should be divided, and half of each side admitted. If this rule prevailed in New-York, it was good for all other places, and should it form a precedent, how easy would it be for every delegation to be contested, and thus half a representation claimed from every district in the State. Those who desired regularity would never approve such a course. It was insuring perpetual confusion in the Conventions. It was right to suppose that every contestant came here with what he believed was fair and solid grounds to found his claim upon. He could have no objection, therefore, to have that claim decided on its merits. He moved the previous question, which was ordered.

The question being on Mr. PURDY's amendment, it was adopted by 64 against 28.

FERNANDO WOOD called for the calling of the absentees.

Mr. HART, of New-York, called him to order.

The Convention then took a recess until 4 o'clock

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention was called to order at 4 o'clock.

The Chair announced the following Vice-Presidents: E. F. Purdy, D. B. Allen, G. Van Santvoord, John Willard, H. Green, Jr., Anthony Freer, L. A. Ward and Eli Cook.

Mr. PURDY asked that the name of the Vice-President from New-York might be omitted until after the contested seats were decided, and that then they might choose whoever they thought proper. [Applause.]

Mr. PURDY further requested that his name might be omitted from any Committee on contested seats. In regard to that from New-York, his mind was fully made up, and he thought it proper that he should not act as a Committee-man at all, until the entire delegation was full.

The Chair named the following as the Committees on Contested Seats:

On the Second District of Monroe—Messrs. Barto, Chamberlain, Goodyear, H. B. Smith, Nelson, Carles, Pierrepont and Stevens.

On New-York—Messrs. Fairchild, of Madison; Beach, of Onondaga; Haight, of Westchester; Cushney, of Montgomery; Foster, of Wayne; Cook, of Erie, and Broadhead, of Sullivan.

On Kings County—Messrs. Miller, of Columbia; Bogart, of Rockland; Paddock, of St. Lawrence; C. F. D. Jones, of Oneida; McDonald, of Chemung; Flower, of Wayne; Cole, of Orleans.

On Albany—Messrs. John Willard, J. B. Skinner, G. B. Miller, M. Y. Tilden, A. C. Beach, R. R. Steele, E. Kernan.

On Allegany—Messrs. Pardick, Burdick, McCune, Hoyle, West, Fulton and Hascall.

On Chenango—Messrs L. Smith, D. B. Allen, H. Crandall, P. W. Plantz, C. D. Teller, D. S. Peters, R. Dunlap.

DELOS DE WOLF declined to serve, and Mr. BEACH, of Onondaga, was named in his place.

ELI COOK, of Erie, and Mr. BEACH, of Onondaga, also declined to serve.

The Chair said it was a delicate matter to select the Committees for this painful business, and he hoped the members would not decline.

The requests were then withdrawn.

A motion was made to direct each Judicial Delegation to appoint two members of the General State Committee.

Motion tabled on the motion of ELIJAH PURDY.

Mr. J. B. SKINNER moved the appointment of a Committee of one from each Judicial District on resolutions. Carried.

Recess till 7½ P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

The Convention was called to order at 7½ P. M.

The Chair announced that the first business would be the reports of the Committees on Contested Seats.

FERNANDO WOOD rose and said:

Mr. CHAIRMAN: I rise to a question of privilege. In behalf of the Delegates from New-York I desire to present a protest against the action of this Convention. After reading which I and the gentlemen elected with me as Delegates desire to retire from all further participation in the proceedings of this Convention. [Mingled cheers and hisses.]

Mr. FIELDS, of New-York, said that, under the ruling of the Chair, to-day, the gentleman had no right to address the Convention. A Committee had been appointed to consider the facts in this contest, and that was the proper place for the gentleman to protest. The Committee should be permitted to report, and when it had been heard what they had to say, the protest would be in order. He protested against this mode of forestalling the action of the Committee.

The Chair said it was properly a matter of privilege to ask leave to read such a paper as the one alluded to. It was for the Convention to say at what time it should be presented.

Mr. WOOD said that he was not surprised, but was agrieved to find opposition of this kind come from a gentleman claiming a seat in this Convention from New-York. The object was to relieve this Convention from any debision in the New-York matter.

Mr. PURDY objected to the reception of the paper before the report of the Committee had been received. If the Chair should receive the communication, then he would move to lay it on the table until the report of the Committee had been received.

The Chair said he had decided only that such a paper ought to be received as a question of privilege. The Convention was to be the judge of its own time for receiving such a paper, and of the manner of disposing of it.

Mr. HOWELL, of Suffolk, urged the reception and reading of the paper.

The Chair again said that he had decided only to receive the report. The Convention would decide what disposal to make of it.

Mr. MANDEVILLE, of Ontario, moved that the paper be read.

Mr. PURDY moved to lay the paper on the table until the report of the Committee had been received

Mr. WOOD—Do I understand that the paper was to be received?

THE CHAIR—It is.

Mr. WOOD—Then, Sir, I will relieve the Convention of any further discussion. It is in the possession of the Convention, and can be read, or not, as the Convention pleases. We now, Sir, withdraw from any further action with this Convention.

Mr. WOOD, and the remaining fifteen delegates, representing the Anti-Tammany organization, then withdrew from the Convention amidst a storm of hisses on one side, and loud cheers on the other.

The various papers were then withdrawn, and the paper laid on the table.

The Hon. J. WILLARD reported on the Albany cases in favor of admitting PETER GAGGER in the Second District, and PATRICK GRATTAN in the Fourth District. Report accepted by 64 to 29.

Mr. L. D. SMITH, of Oswego, reported N. B. MEAD entitled to a seat in the Second District of Chenango. Report accepted.

Mr. BARTO, of Tompkins, reported in favor of admitting WM. MUDGETT, Jr., to the seat in the Second District of Monroe. Adopted.

Mr. FAIRCHILD, of Madison, reported on the New-York cases, as follows: "That immediately after the recess of the Convention this afternoon, the Committee publicly announced in the hall of the Convention that the Committee would meet forthwith at room No. 18 Voorhees House, to hear the parties upon the matter referred to; that the Committee assembled accordingly, and, being duly organized, resolved to hear two persons on behalf of each of the opposing delegations.

Messrs. THOMAS C. FIELDS and ISAAC V. FOWLER appeared on the behalf of the delegates representing the Tammany Hall organization. After waiting some time, no one appearing on behalf of the contestants, the Committee directed the Chairman to send a written notice to Mr. FERNANDO WOOD, informing him that the Committee had met and were ready to hear two persons in behalf of himself and associates composing the Anti-Tammany Hall delegation. A letter was immediately sent by the hands of one of your Committee, and delivered by him at the apartments of Mr. WOOD, in the Voorhees House, to a gentleman who handed it to Mr. WOOD. The Committee waited a further period for some one to appear on the part of the contestants, but no one presenting himself, the Committee sent another note of a similar purport to Mr. WOOD or any member of the Anti-Tammany Hall delegation, which was delivered to Mr. HAMILTON one of the delegation, who read it, and stated that it he would immediately deliver to Mr. WOOD. Your Committee, after these several oral and written communications, waited until 7 o'clock, but no one appearing on behalf of the contestants, proceeded to hear Mr. FIELDS on the part of the Tammany Hall delegation. The credentials of the gentlemen show they were duly elected by the Democracy of the respective Assembly Districts which they represent in pursuance of the call of the State Central Committee, and in accordance with the regulation prescribed by the Democratic Republican General Committee of the City and County of New-York, of which ISAAC V. FOWLER is Chairman *pro tem.* It further appears that the organization known as the Tammany Hall organization is the only one having a recognized and established existence; that it has existed for many years, and has been duly uniformly acknowledged by the Democratic State Conventions; that the present General Committee is the indisputed successor of the Committee of 1857, which was formed upon the basis of the compromise made of similar conflicting claims by the last State Convtenion when there were two rival Committees in Tammany Hall, each claiming regularity under the Tammany Hall organization. It is therefore the unanimous report of your Committee that the following named gentlemen are the duly elected Delegates from the Sixteenth Assembly District, embraced within the City and County of New-York, in which there are contested seats, and that said Delegates are rightfully entitled to seats in this Convention."

After the reading of the report Mr. VAN SANTVOORD said that as the delegation had withdrawn, the report was not now in order, and he moved to lay it on the table.

Mr. PURDY would like to know when it would be in order.

IRA BARNES called for the reading of the protest, when a warm desultory conversation ensued.

The Chair decided that it was the right of any member to call for the reading of any paper, and if any gentleman desired it should not be read, it would be in order to lay it on the table.

Mr. PURDY moved to lay the protest on the table. The ayes and nays were ordered, and the motion to lay on the table was carried by 42 to 41.

The report of the Committee was then agreed to. [Applause.]

On motion of PETER CAGGER the Convention adjourned till 9 A. M. to morrow.

The following is the protest of FERNANDO WOOD and the Anti-Tammany delegates:

"They protest against the unwarrantable assumption of power of the Secretary of the State Central Committee, in assuming to be temporary Chairman of the Convention, and even in deciding upon contested seats, while no member of the Convention himself, his seat being contested by a better Democrat. They protest against the unprecedented conduct of the same person in moving a permanent organization of the Convention, while nearly thirty seats were contested, who were thus deprived of a voice in the selection of their Chairman, among whom we were, They protest against the action of the Chair in denying either of them to be heard upon the floor, while giving to to persons who contested their seats the right to speak and make motions. They protest against the partial and one-sided manner in which he appointed the Committee to adjudge our cases, he having given us but one friendly member on a Committee composed of eight persons; and, finally, they protest against the exclusion of their alternates from the floor of the Convention, while others not pretending to be directly or indirectly the representatives of any constituency have been admitted. Now, therefore, being satisfied that we are and have been deprived of any opportunity to have the question of our organization in the City of New-York fairly adjusted and determined, and that our cases have been predetermined and prejudged against us. In justice to those we represent we refuse to submit to the investigation of a packed Committee or to the decision of this Convention, and hereby withdraw therefrom. We shall return to that noble and invincible Democratic constituency we represent and render to it an account of our stewardship.

The New-York Case Before the Committee.

The Committee on the New-York seats met in a room at the Voorhies House, and organized with Mr. FAIRCHILD as President, and adopted a resolution that two of each side appear to present the cases.

The Tammany Organization selected ISAAC V. FOWLER and THOMAS C. FIELDS.

The Tammany Delegation then immediately appeared, by counsel, before the Committee, and presented their credentials, with the exception of the contestant of the seat of GIDEON J. TUCKER

The Chairman of the Committee addressed a note to FERNANDO WOOD, informing him that the Committee were in session, and awaited the attendance of the Anti-Tammany Delegates, The note was taken by Mr HAIGHT, one of the Committee, to Mr. WOOD's room. Mr. HAIGHT reported that he had delivered a note to a gentleman, who handed it to another who he believed to be Mr. WOOD.

After waiting one hour, the following note was addressed to the Anti-Tammany Delegates by the Chairman.

SYRACUSE, Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1858.

Hon. Fernando Wood and the other Anti-Tammany delegates:

GENTLEMEN: The Committee of the Democratic State Convention upon the contested seats from the City and County of New-York is now in session, at room No. 18 Voorhees House, ready to hear whatever may be said on the question. The Committee has determined to hear two persons upon each side.

Respectfully yours,
S. T. FAIRCHILD, Chairman.

This letter was handed to one of the Anti-Tammany delegates, who read it and returned word he had no answer to give.

The Committee waited another half hour, when Mr. THOMAS C. FIELDS addressed them as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMITTEE: Mr. FOWLER and myself were selected to present the case before you. We remained here an hour and forty minutes waiting for the attendance of those who contest our seats. They have failed to appear, though we have used every exertion to get them here. Your Committee have sent two notes to the Anti-Tammany delegation to which no reply has been received. The characteristic conduct of these gentlemen cannot but be regarded as greatly discourteous to this Committee, who certainly cannot be expected to wait any longer. We, in the City of New-York, can understand full well why Mr. WOOD and his friends have not presented their case here. They have no case on record. Mr. WOOD was himself a member of our organization. It suited him and he was friendly to it so long as he could control it, but when he found he could do so no longer, he became the enemy of the organization. Notwithstanding that he was present and took part in the General Committee's action on September 2d, and when he was charged in the Committee with the design and intention to follow the dictates of his feelings and oppose the organization of Tammany Hall, he said emphatically and with hypocritical earnestness that he recognized no organization but that of Tammany Hall. But to day we find this same gentleman, after submitting his own claims, and the claims of his friends, to an election under that organization, controlling, after defeat, the seats of the regular Democrats, and adopting a course that must, if persevered in, destroy the union of the party. As to the regularity of the Tammany Delegates, there can be no question. and we submit to the Convention our claims to admission into its body, with the desire that this question of regularity shall be settled now and forever. We are the representatives of the only Democratic organization in New-York having any claim to regularity. For the consideration of this Committee, and in order that the Committee may sustain itself fully, if when we take, as we must, a judgment by default, it assigns the seats to us, I beg to present a brief history of the Tammany organization, as set forth in an official report after seven months consideration, and adopted by a vote of 77 to 44. The incidents in the recent history of the General Committee which are valuable at the present time by reason of the experience they give, and also of the binding force of their results may be very briefly stated. At the commencement of the year 1857 two rival bodies claimed to be the Democratic Republican General Committee of this City and entitled to the occupancy of Tammany Hall. The matter was presented for the action of the Grand Council of the Tammany Society, which decided that neither of the two had a clear and exclusive right, and proposed to settle the matter by the election of a new Committee under the joint direction of the two contesting Committees and of the Grand Council. This proposition, which was adopted in the Grand Council by a vote of 7 to 6, was rejected by one of the two Committees. A plan was then proposed by the Hon. JOHN KELLY for the formation of a convention to consist of five members from each Ward, two to be appointed by each of the delegations from the Ward to the two Committees, and the fifth by the Grand Council the Convention to act as a General Committee until the 1st of July, and meanwhile to mature a plan for the organization of the party and for the election of a new General Committee which was to be the sole organization. This plan was unanimously adopted by the Council, and the members of the Convention were appointed accordingly by the action of the several delegations to the two Committees and of the Council. The Convention thus formed, met, organized and adopted a plan for the organization of the Democratic Party in this City, installed a new General Committee and adjourned within the period limited for its existence. The plan of organization consisted of Democratic associations to be formed in the several Wards as the constituted bodies under regulations which it was claimed allowed the participation of every undoubted Democrat, while efficient safeguards were provided against illegal voting and other faults. One of the two previous Committees refused to submit to the action of the Convention, and contested the authority of the new General Committee organized under that action. Each Committee issued a call for the election of Delegates to the State Convention of the 1857 and two contesting delegations were accordingly chosen. The State Convention evaded the settlement of the matter by admitting half of each delegation. Subsequently the two Committees adjourned *sine die*, having first organized a new Committee composed in equal parts from the two previous Committees, and presided over alternately by their two chairmen. An exclusive and undisputed General Committee was thus at last formed by which a plan was adopted for the selection of the nominating Conventions of last Fall, and of a General Committee for the present year. The nominations made under that plan received the enthusiastic support of the Democracy of the City, to an extent that was best manifested in the fact that, with the exception of a single nominee, to whose election there was an opposition never before equaled in this city in extent and power, every candidate in the city and county and i. the Senate and Assembly Districts was elected The present General Committtee is the undisputed successor of that General Committee whose action was so beneficial to the Democratic Party, and so efficiently sustained by its votes at the general and charter elections. These facts cannot be questioned on any side. Thus, Sir, in this official statement is presented the claim to the regularity of these delegates. Mr. WOOD, who is the head of the Opposition delegates, took part in every action embraced in what has just been heard. Under these considerations, we ask you to report to this Convention, admitting the Tammany delegates as the only regular delegates representing the City of New-York.

Mr. I. FOWLER then stated that Mr. MEHAN, who contested the seat of GIDEON J. TUCKER, did so only on principle; and as Mr. TUCKER held a certificate under the Tammany organization, if he was admitted on that, Mr. MEHAN's claims would be withdrawn.

Mr. BROADHEAD then moved that the delegation elected under the call of the Democratic Republican General Committee, at Tammany Hall, including Mr. TUCKER, be admitted as the regularly elected delegates from New-York, which was adopted, and the Committee adjourned.

From New-Mexico.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

A dispatch from Independence, 12th, says that the New-Mexican mails, dated 23d ult., had arrived. Captain MCLEAN, who reached Santo Fé on the 20th, reported that there was no doubt that a battle had been fought between the command of Major BROOKS and the Navajo Indians. The Indians have hitherto declared that they would not fight, and in case of their refusal to give up the murderer of Major BROOKS' negro, he intended burning and destroying their wheat and corn fields, which, if done, would doubtless cause a collision between them and the troops. The Indians have offered Major BROOKS several thousand sheep and one thousand ponies to indemnify him for the loss of his negro. The Santa Fé *Gazette*, in a long article, attempts to justify the Indians and their conduct.

Colonel SUMNER's command was passed at Walnut Creek, moving slowly. There were no Indians seen on the plains. The grass was still good.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Approval of the Course of Mr. Forsyth—The Treaty with China—The Mexican Protectorate—The Kansas Land Sales, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

I ascertain that the Government here approves entirely of the course of Mr. FORSYTH, in delaying his departure from Mexico on account of the yellow fever at Vera Cruz.

Dispatches from Mr. MASON at Paris speak flatteringly of our treaty with China. It is similar in all respects to the treaties concluded with France and England.

The Secretary of War has dispatched Mr. W. B. LEE to West Point with the two stands of colors taken from the British at Yorktown; also, the flag carried by our victorious troops at the taking of Mexico They were considered unsafe here, owing to the Department not being fire-proof.

Letters received from General HOUSTON announce his intention to press his Mexican Protectorate resolutions upon Congress next Winter.

The Hon. WADE HAMPTON and lady, of South Carolina, are stopping at the National. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

The President has ordered the further postponement of the Kansas land sales till July next. The reason for this is stated to be the financial pressure in the country, and the consequent inability of settlers to prove up and pay for the preëmption by the time fixed by the proclamation ordering the sales in November. The lands comprise three millions of acres.

The President has ordered the new Land Office about to be established in New-Mexico to be located at Santa Fé.

General HARNEY to-day received final orders, before leaving for the new military district of Oregon.

Lord NAPIER left to-day for the North.

Maine Election.

BANGOR, Me., Wednesday, Sept. 15.

One hundred and ninety-one towns give MORRILL 37,222, Opposition 30,898, which indicates a Republican majority in the State of nearly 10,000.

EZRA B. FRENCH, Republican, is elected to Congress in the Third District by 28 majority, with one plantation to hear from, which will increase it probably to 40.

FOSTER, Republican, is undoubtedly elected in the Sixth Distict, although the plantations of Van Buren, Madwaska and Hancock, in Aroostook County, give BRADBURY, Democrat, 908 majority, which shows again for BRADBURY in Aroostook, but not enough to secure his election. Both branches of the Legislature are largely Republican.

Fire in the Baltimore Custom-House.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

A serious fire occurred in the Baltimore Custom-House before daylight this morning. It caught accidentally from a lamp in the Messenger's room, which room was burnt out, as were several other offices, with some valuable statistical records of the exports and imports of the port. The damage to the building is considerable, and the total loss is estimated at $40,000.

The Kansas Gold Mines.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

Prominent gentlemen from the West fully corroborate the previous statements relative to the existence of rich gold diggings in the region of Pike's Peak. A company of a hundred persons left Kansas City on Monday last, and other companies are being formed in nearly all the towns in the Territory, and along the Missouri River. ISAAC EATON of the Kansas Stage Company, arrived here yesterday, for the purpose of buying mules, and making the necessary arrangements to extend the stage line from Fort Riley to Pike's Peak.

The St. Louis Steam Fire Department.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

The first anniversary of the Steam Fire Department was celebrated, yesterday, by a grand parade of all the engines, seven in number, and a trial exhibition of each engine. The average time of raising steam was about six minutes, and the average distance thrown through a hundred feet of hose, with an inch and a quarter nozzle, was 230 feet. With the exception of one, these engines are all of LATHA's patent, and of the same class. The whole affair was very creditable, both to the Department and the city.

Yellow Fever at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Thursday, Sept. 15.

The Mayor reports three deaths here from yellow fever for the week ending Tuesday.

THE GREAT NATIONAL HORSE-SHOW.

Immense Crowd of Visitors—Distinguished Guests—Celebrated Horses—History of the Horse Fair—Absence of Jockeys, &c.

From Our Own Reporter.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Tuesday, Sept. 14, 1858.

The great National Show commenced this morning at Hampden Park, in a most brilliant manner, by a grand cavalcade of all the horses that have arrived, numbering between five and six hundred of all classes, and not an inferior animal among them all. It is said to be altogether the finest show that has been made since the exhibition was instituted five years since. Certainly I have never seen so magnificent a display of quadrupeds before. It would have set the blood of ROSA BONHEUR in a glow if she could have seen the splendid sight, for it was not an easy matter for a mere novice in horseology, like me, to preserve my equine-imity as the splendid animals came rushing along the well-kept course of Hampden Park, with the morning light glinting off their sleek sides like electric sparks. It was enough to give one, what a Cockney acquaintance of mine calls a horse-ification of the heart. The exact number of animals in the cavalcade I have not heard named, but the half-mile course was entirely filled in its circuit, many of the horses being seven abreast. There were but three lady-riders among them. There should have been forty or fifty to give grace and picturesqueness to the scene. There was a want, too, of good costuming on the part of the male riders and drivers, who did not pay sufficient attention to the old adage, that birds of a feather should fly together. Fine horses should have fine riders. But the scene was exceedingly picturesque and animated, notwithstanding, and the great variety of colors in the carriages, and the badges worn by the managers and officers of the Show, all helped to make up a most beautiful picture. The morning, too, was exceedingly fine, and a good hard rain on Saturday had washed the trees thoroughly, and made the grass as green as an emerald. Hampden Park, in which the Show is held, is a most lovely spot, an inclosure of some sixty acres, on the left bank of the Connecticut, surrounded by a boulevard planted with young elms. A few years hence it will be unspeakably lovely.

The first day's show is but a prelude to the grand performances, which will take place on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—the last being the day of the banquet, the premiums, flags and processions. The town is already crammed full of visitors, and strangers have to seek lodgings in the surrounding towns. Yet the *élite* of the visitors, the big-bugs that are expected, are not yet arrived. A whole bevy of Governors are expected in the train this evening—Governor BANKS, of Massachusetts; Governor KING and staff, of New York; Governor BUCKINGHAM, of Connecticut; Governor BISSELL, of Illinois, and Governor HAILE, of New-Hampshire. General WOOL and staff are already here.

Among the New-Yorkers on the course I observe Mr. HOWE, of New-York, with the flowing locks, and with the same beautiful black horses which he displayed in company with his sewing machines on the Cable celebration day in Broadway. On the grand stand was another New-Yorker, better known in Wall-street than at horse fairs, "Uncle DAVID" LEAVITT, who sported a flamboyant bunch of red and green ribbons on the breast of his sober black coat. There are a good many other New-Yorkers here, but as I am not sure that they are ambitious of having their names mentioned, I will not intrude upon their privacy. The people congregated here come from all parts of the Union, as do the horses, and a good many from Canada, and, when the great Horse Show shall have become a little more famous, it will be the nearest approach we have yet made in the New World to the Isthmian games. Between the examination of classes the course is given up to promiscuous driving, and all sorts of sport is witnessed—driving tandem, tridem, four-in-hand and six-in-hand. But, amid all the fun and hilarity, there is not the slightest indecorum or approach to rowdyism.

There are no very great names on the list of equine celebrities, this being intended as a show of the rising generation rather than of established notorieties. But among them are the following:

Ethan Allen,
Hiram Drew,
Young Columbus,
George M. Patchen,
Old Columbus,
X10sion, (Extension,)
Hard Road,
Hard Times,
Trotting Childers,
Tom Carpenter,
Richelieu,
Old Rattler,
Young Rattler,
Sultan,
Logan,
Lone Star,
Red Eye,
Anglo-Saxon,
Navigator,
Clifton,
Trident,
Cleopatra,
General,
Young Sovereign,
Jupiter,
Black Warrior,
Blazing Star,
Fly Away,
Omer Pacha,
Trustee, Jr.,
Maine Messenger,
Spirit of the Times,
Granger Horse,
India Rubber,
Glastenbury Boy,
Iron Monarch,
Wild Air,
Tom Howard,
Sontag,
Pocahontas,
Nakmeoka,
Lady Jane,
Lady Bodisco,
Nellie,
Jenny,
Molly,
Polly,
Sue,
Mrs. Jehu Cricket.

Mrs. Jehu Crickett is probably the belle of the ground, but I have not had the pleasure of making her acquaintance.

One of the striking novelties of this great Horse Fair is the appearance of perfect respectability which pervades it, and the entire absence of thimble-riggers and the swell-mob generally. It was the design of the founder of this great National Horse Show to prove that the improvement of horses did not necessitate, as in all other similar attempts, the detioration of the men who engage in the business of rearing them. Noble horses, it was claimed, should have noble trainers. From a well-written and extended history of the National Horse Show, in the Springfield *Republican*, I make a condensed *résumé*:

The first National Horse Show ever held in this country took place in this town, in October, 1853, and was the origin of the present institution. Jockeys and professional dealers had no hand in getting it up. A number of gentlemen entered into a project for bringing together the finest horses of the country, that they might receive awards for such points of constitution, character and training as are valuable and desirable in the business and the rational and legitimate pleasures of life. They succeeded, and for once the race course was taken out of the hands of jockeys and fast men, and devoted to the higher services of humanity. It was retained in the hands of gentlemen, and its object was accomplished, for it brought the development of horses into better associations, and the interest has received an impetus which is felt throughout the land.

The project of a national exhibition was proposed in May, 1853, to the Hampden Agricultural Society, by GEORGE M. ATWATER, a citizen of Springfield. The Society appointed a Committee to consider the matter, consisting of Messrs. William Pynchon, G. M. Atwater, J. L. Briggs, Thomas J. Shepard and Henry Fuller, Jr., and this was the initiative of the movement. The Committee called a public meeting, only about two months before the exhibition was held. A guarantee fund was raised, and a Board of Managers chosen, of which GEORGE DWIGHT was President. The United States Agricultural Society was applied to to take the exhibition under its auspices, and become responsible for it to the country.

The exhibition commenced on the 10th of October, on ground belonging to the United States, east of the Armory buildings, and continued for four days. Five hundred horses made the grand *entrée*. It was a success from the start, and was visited by many thousands of people from every quarter of the country and the Canadas. There were entered at this exhibition 5 teams of draft horses, 48 breeding mares, 9 breeding mares, with foal at side, 33 pairs matched horses, 17 colts, 2 fillies of three years, 1 filly of two years, 16 pairs fancy matched horses, 33 stallions from four to seven years old, 109 geldings, 21 ponies, 7 thoroughbreds, and 56 stallions of seven years old and upwards.

At the close of the first exhibition, it was ascertained that a surplus of money remained, after paying all premiums and all the expenses of the exhibition, and this gave rise to a project which resulted in the purchase of Hampden Park—a lot of sixty acres of meadow land, on the bank of the Connecticut, in the northern part of the city, and unsurpassed in extent and beauty by any grounds of the kind in the country. The total cost of the Park, up to December, 1857, was $28,176 17, on which was a balance of debt unprovided for of $10,977 21. This beautiful Park was inaugurated last year, with appropriate exercises, the Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER making the address of the occasion.

The present exhibition is under the charge of the Hampden County Agricultural Society. GEO. BLISS is President; GEO. DWIGHT, Chief Marshal; J. N. BAGG, Secretary; and HENRY ALEXANDER, Jr., Treasurer. The Board of Managers consists of GEO. BLISS, GEO. DWIGHT, GEO. M. ATWATER, JAMES S. WHITNEY, HORACE KIBBE, H. ALEXANDER, Jr., and JOHN L. KING. The liberality of the premiums offered may be gathered from a comparison with the previous lists offered. In 1853 the amount offered was $1,870; in 1857, $2,390; this year; $3,195.

To-day's exercises are of a rather promiscuous character, but there has been some fine racing, and a vast concourse of spectators to witness the show. This evening there will be a gathering at the City Hall, when the invited guests will be formally received by the officers of the Show and the Mayor of the city.

To prevent betting, no racing on the course is allowed, but the what's-his-name is very ingeniously whipped round the stump by "trials of speed," which are quite as exciting and pleasant as racing would be. There will, to-morrow morning, be a trial of speed between the two most famous trotters known to this part of the world, *Ethan Allen* and *Hiram Drew*. To-morrow there will be nothing of interest beyond the examinations of the various classes; but Thursday will be a grand field day; the great cavalcade will be repeated; it is worth coming a much longer distance than I have come to witness it. C.

Second Day's Proceedings.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Wednesday, Sept. 15.

To-day, the second of the Third National Horse Show in this city, witnessed increased attraction in the magnificent exhibition. During the day there has been a large influx of visitors from abroad, the number nearly doubling that of yesterday. Among other distinguished visitors upon the grounds, to-day were Gen. WOOL and staff; Gov. HALE, of New-Hampshire; Senator GWIN, of California, and CHARLES L. SCOTT, Representative in Congress from the same State; Governor BANKS and his aids; Ex-Governor WASHBURN, of Cambridge; Mayor DAVIS, of Worcester; Count DE SARTIGES, the French Minister at Washington; Commodore VANDERBILT, N. P. WILLIS, Father TAYLOR, the sailor preacher of Boston, and others.

The show of horses during the day has been magnificent, and many very interesting trials of speed have taken place between various celebrities of the turf. One of the most exciting was contested by the well-known horses *Ethan Allen* and *Hiram Drew*, the former winning the race in 2:40, mile heats.

Meddlesome and *Maid of Boston* were matches with others, and both distanced their competitors a long way in half-mile heats. Time 1:21.

Many other trials were had by other competing horses, varying in time for mile heats from 2:44 to 3:05.

The exhibition of young stock is believed to have never been excelled in this country. Their number is very large, and embraces the choicest blood.

The number of visitors within the grounds to-day has been about 12,000, and the receipts thus far are about $5,000.

Proceedings of a Meeting Held at Morrisania, Thursday, Sept. 9, 1858.

Pursuant to public notice, a meeting composed of a large number of citizens of all classes, laborers, mechanics, merchants, &c., between two and three hundred persons, was held at DUNELL's Hotel for the purpose of devising the best means of procuring a proper and permanent steam terminus for the New-York and Harlem and New-Haven Railroads.

On motion, DAVID R. HARRISON, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and Mr. JAMES STILLMAN, Secretary.

The call of the meeting having been read and approved, the meeting was addressed by Messrs. HARRISON, STILLMAN and others, after which the following resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That as railroad corporations are constituted only by law, and avail themselves of its power whenever they can do so to advantage, they ought to be always ready, in common with every good citizen, to acknowledge its supremacy.

Resolved, That the action and delay of the "New-York and Harlem" and the "New-Haven" Railroad Companies, in resisting for several years the ordinance of the City against running by steam through the Tunnel, ought not to be used to the prejudice of commuters, residents and travelers in Westchester County, who are all interested in having the steam terminus of said roads carried as far into the City as the same can be done consistently and permittedly.

Resolved, That the fact being demonstrated (which has long been disputed) that the large cars can be readily drawn through the tunnel to Forty-second-street, by horses, satisfies us, in view of all the circumstances of the case, that Forty-second street is the most suitable point for the steam terminus.

Resolved, That we deem it important that efforts be made to procure from the authorities of the City a record, or recognition of the right and privilege of the said railroad to run to Forty-second street for such a period of time as will set at rest the agitation of this subject.

Resolved, That we believe the County of Westchester would be greatly benefited in its increase of population and value of property, if suitable accommodations for passengers were provided at the steam terminus of said roads, for which we have so long suffered.

On motion it was unanimously resolved that the Chairman and Secretary of this meeting be a Committee to publish the said resolutions in such newspapers as they deem fit, and also to take such other measures as may seem to them expedient, to carry into effect the objects of this meeting.

On motion the meeting then adjourned.

PERRY'S VICTORY ON LAKE ERIE.

Grand Celebration of the Anniversary at Put-in Bay.

Delegations from Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit and Other Lake Towns.

Speeches of Gov. Chase, of Ohio, the Hon Joshua R. Giddings, Judge Wilkins, of Michigan, &c.

POEM BY D. BETHUNE DUFFIELD, ESQ.

From Our Own Reporter.
DETROIT, Saturday, Sept. 11, 1858.

PERRY'S victory on Lake Erie is a glorious event in our country's history, and deserving a glorious commemoration. The States of the Northwest, and the Lake Cities in particular, regard its anniversary as peculiarly interesting to themselves. Its celebration has not been regularly kept up, but the enthusiasm which characterizes its commemoration when the people do get in the humor for it, amply atones for the irregularity of its occurrence. Patriotism accumulates at irregular periods, but, like steam, when it reaches a certain pressure, it must find an escape somewhere. This year, evidently, patriotism has reached the point of accumulation, where it must find a place for escape, judging from the magnitude of the celebration. But before proceeding to describe this, it may be well to run over the leading incidents of the battle, as but few will probably find them fresh in their minds.

THE BATTLE.

The disgrace which was brought on our flag by Gov. HULL'S surrender of Detroit had been in a measure removed by the capture of the *Guerriere* and the successes of Captains PORTER and JONES and Commodore BAINBRIDGE. Commodore CHAUNCEY had command of Lake Ontario, but Lake Erie was still under the control of the British. OLIVER H. PERRY, of Rhode Island, then in his 28th year, was intrusted with the task of recovering possession of it. There was no naval force on the Lake worthy of mention, but PERRY soon built nine vessels, carrying in all 54 guns. The British fleet under the command of Commodore BARCLAY, numbered six vessels mounting 63 guns, but in spite of their superior force they avoided coming to a contest. On the 10th of September, (1813.) PERRY'S fleet, while lying in Put-in-Bay, descried the enemy bearing down upon them. Soon PERRY'S fleet was in readiness for action. He engaged two of the largest vessels with his flag ship, the *St Lawrence*, and fought until every man except eight was killed or wounded He then transferred his flag to the *Niagara*, and renewed the engagement more fiercely than ever. A fresh breeze springing up at the time, PERRY plunged through the enemy's line, giving a raking fire right and left This movement decided which flag should be victorious. Within fifteen minutes after PERRY'S reaching the *Niagara*, BARCLAY had hauled down his flag, and PERRY immediately sent that famous dispatch to HARRISON, "We have met the enemy, and they are ours." Such was the glorious event which was celebrated yesterday. In 1836, at a meeting of some of the veterans of the Last War, it was voted to form a Monument Association, but no decided steps were taken until 1852. Then a pic-nic was held on the Island and at Put in Bay, and an association formed, of which Gen. CASS was elected President. Then the matter was again dropped, and nothing more was said about it, until some three or four weeks before the recurrence of the anniversary of the battle the present year the newspapers in the cities along the Lake shore took up the matter in earnest. The citizens of Toledo, Sandusky, Detroit and Cleveland took hold of the matter enthusiastically, and determined to have a celebration which should result in the establishment of a fund to be appropriated to erecting a monument on Gibraltar Rock, at the entrance to Put-in-Bay, the harbor where PERRY'S fleet awaited the enemy's approach, and near which the battle took place.

TRIP TO PUT-IN BAY.

Put-in Bay, as it is significantly and appropriately called, is situated on the northwest part of Lake Erie, and is formed by a group of islands called the "Sisters." It is distant from the mouth of Detroit River about 40 miles, in a southeasterly direction. On the morning of the 10th, a goodly company of excursionists, numbering nearly 400, sailed from Detroit to participate in the celebration of this glorious anniversary. The rain accommodated itself most delightfully to the hour of starting. It came down in torrents the half hour preceding, and numbers who would have gone remained at home. Perhaps the trip might have been postponed, but no human power could make the eleventh or the thirteenth the tenth, and the latter is, and ever will be, the date when the great event occurred. But then the rain had its advantages. It laid the dust, a very essential requisite to comfort on a lake trip, and more than all, it came down in such torrents as to give us an opportunity of seeing Lake Erie under water. No unusual incident marked the trip to Put-in-Bay. There was enough swell on the Lake to make some wish they were either "dead or at home," but numbers evinced a very decided determination to keep their rebellious stomachs down by keeping the dance up. As we neared the entrance of the Bay, the scene was beautiful and inspiring. The sun, breaking through the clouds, gilded the bosom of the Lake, contrasting beautifully with the dark green foliage of the thickly-wooded islands dotting the surface of the Lake. On the right, the boat from Toledo was slowly creeping along, and one of the Cleveland boats was approaching from the left, while directly in front, and over one of the islands, sharp eyes descried the smoke curling up from the pipe of the boat from Sandusky, each bearing their quota of excursionists to the appointed rendezvous. Just within the Bay lay the steamer *Michigan*, the only U. S. vessel-of-war allowed by treaty on Lake Erie, and with her single Paixhan gun—a 64 pounder—making a rather different craft from those which sustained our honor so nobly forty-five years ago this day, on this very spot. But as we rounded Gibraltar Rock, which intervened as if a curtain, between us and the island, the scene was enough to excite enthusiasm in the most stolid heart. Three steamboats, their decks all alive with people, lay with their bows on the shore, while the beach was lined with moving masses of people. Here and there companies of artillery-men were scattered along, their scarlet uniforms contrasting brilliantly with the dark green-sward which lay as a back-ground to the striking picture. Then, from time to time, the cannon boomed forth its tones of welcome, waking the echoes in the land-locked harbor, and then finding exit, and rolling on and on until its sullen booming died away far off on the Lake. One after another, steamers and sailing craft came in, until the following vessels were at anchor. First of all, the U. S. steamer *Michigan*, Capt. LANMAN; U. S. revenue-cutter, *Jacob M Thompson*.

Steamboats—Arrow, Buffalo; Forest Queen, Buffalo and Cleveland; Bay City, Toledo; Ocean, Cleveland; Queen City, Sandusky; Island Queen, do.; Jersey City, do.; May Queen, Detroit.

Tugs—D. P. Rhodes, Cleveland; Star.

Yachts—E. K. Collins, Cleveland; Monarch of the Glen, Perrysburg; Morning Star, Comet.

Twenty-five other sailing vessels swelled the number of excursionists with their living freight until there were assembled on the island more than three thousand people, one-third of whom were from Cleveland Nearly every boat brought with it a band of music and some brought bands of a more warlike appearance, *i. e.* bands of artillery and companies of soldiery. Eight field pieces were stationed on the shore, besides those which from time to time were discharged from the steamboat decks.

Three companies of the Cleveland Light Artillery Companies A., B and D., were present with their bands, as well as the Yagers from Sandusky. Numerous fire companies also were on hand.

OFFICERS OF THE DAY—ORDER OF EXERCISES.

As soon as the delegations from the different cities could meet, the following officers of the day were agreed upon:

President, Gov. S. P. CHASE, of Ohio; Vice-Presidents, Hon. ROSS WILKINS, of Detroit; H. V. WILSON, of Cleveland; Hon. E. COOKE, of Sandusky; Gen. JACOB G. HUNT, of Toledo; Capt. STEPHEN G. CHAMPLIN, of Buffalo; Lieut. SHIRK, of the U. S. steamer *Michigan*; G. G. BAKER, Esq., Norwalk; W. B. CRAIGHILL, Port Clinton.

Secretaries were also appointed from the different Lake Cities, which were represented—viz: Cleveland, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, Buffalo and Port Clinton.

The Committee also agreed upon the following

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

National Salute—Steamer *Michigan*.
Music—Hecker's Cleveland Band.
Prayer—The Rev. GEO DUFFIELD, Jr., Philadelphia.
Introductory Address—By the Hon. E. COOK, Sandusky.
Reply by Dr. USHER PARSONS, of Providence, R. I.
Music by OSSIAN E. DODGE and the BAKER Family.
Speech by Mayor STARKWEATHER, of Cleveland.
Poem by D. BETHUNE DUFFIELD, Esq., of Detroit.
Speech by the Hon. ROSS WILKINS, of Detroit.
Music by the Yager Band, Sandusky.
Speech by the Hon. H. D. MASON, of Toledo.
Music by White's Band, of Toledo.

After an impressive prayer by the Rev. Mr. DUFFIELD, Gov. CHASE spoke as follows:

GOV. CHASE'S SPEECH.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: We are assembled upon a most interesting occasion. Forty five years ago this day American valor met British valor, and American skill and conduct met British skill and conduct upon yonder lake; and American valor and skill and conduct triumphed, and we have assembled to-day to indulge in feelings of exultation over the event. [Cheers.] These feelings must be forever mingled into our grateful remembrance of the men by whom the triumph of the past was gained. We welcome here the remnant of the band who fought the battle. How delighted will be their eyes when they contrast that weakness with this strength. What a thought it is for them that this people are filling the land from ocean to ocean, and that they are destined to fill it from pole to pole. We meet together to thank those who have procured these gifts, and to exult in the goodness of Providence. But why should we exult over the nation which has been our foe? Instead of meeting upon the fields of battle, we are mingling in commerce. Instead of exchanging salutes of war across the ocean, salutes of peace are echoing beneath it, and they are rolling on until they lose themselves in the vast Pacific. Instead of sending our thoughts by the old mediums of communication, American genius and skill has traversed the ocean, not above it, but beneath it, and lightning speeds our words of welcome to our Anglo-Saxon brethren. [Cheers.] We rejoice to welcome this vast multitude of citizens to whom at last has been committed the destinies of the country; to welcome brave soldiers who will defend our interests in conflict, and the brave sailor (Lieutenant SHIRK) who worthily defends the honor of his country. And last, but not least, we rejoice to welcome here to-day our fair countrywomen, by whom men are nurtured and strengthened for the duties of life.

Gov. CHASE'S remarks were received with the greatest enthusiasm, and at their close he was greeted with three tremendous cheers.

The Committee having the matter in charge reported as prominent officers of the Association:

President—The Hon. LEWIS CASS.

Among the Vice-Presidents were the names of the Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, the Hon. ISAAC TOUCEY, the Hon. MILLARD FILLMORE, &c.

The Hon. E. COOKE, of Sandusky, then addressed the audience. He thanked the multitude for having come up from the Lake shore and interior cities to celebrate this great event. After sketching rapidly the results of the war of 1812 and the condition in which it left the country, he passed on to the Battle of Lake Erie, which was deserving commemoration, not only for the great results, but because the American fleet which was engaged in it was the first which ever made battle with an enemy, and the British squadron then conquered was the first ever vanquished. Having addressed an enthusiastic welcome to the orators seated on the platform, he introduced Capt. STEPHEN CHAMPLIN, of Buffalo, the only surviving commander of PERRY'S fleet, being at the time of the battle first officer of the *Scorpion*.

Capt. C. rose and acknowledged the deafening cheers which greeted him, and handed Gov. CHASE a manuscript, which the Governor read, with the remark that Capt. CHAMPLIN'S modesty equaled his valor.

Mr. PRESIDENT—Unaccustomed to speak in public—having no confidence in my voice—I ask the favor of you to read the following reply to the flattering sentiment just offered:

Fellow citizens, I cordially thank you for the distinguished honors paid to the memory of my old commander, Commodore O. H. PERRY, and the gallant officers and men under his command in the battle on this lake, and also for the flattering notices of my services on that occasion.

You have thereby amply rewarded me for the toil and exposure of life on that eventful day. Next to a consciousness that I performed my duty faithfully, is the approbation of so vast a multitude of my fellow-citizens.

Fellow-citizens, I renewedly thank you, and beg leave to offer the following sentiment:

The *thirty-and six* volunteers of General HARRISON'S army who came to our assistance in our greatest need, and to whom we were much indebted for their valuable services.

The Hon. Mr. COOKE then introduced successively THOMAS BROWNELL, of Newport, R. I., second in command of the *Ariel*; WILLIAM BLAIR, of Lexington, Richland County, Ohio, one of the thirty six volunteers from HARRISON'S army who fought on the *Niagara*, and Dr. USHER PARSONS, of Newport, R. I., Chief Surgeon of the fleet, and only survivor of those on board the flag-ship *Lawrence*. The appearance of these veterans was the signal for the most unbounded enthusiasm; cheer after cheer greeted them. Mr. BLAIR wore around his neck a medal awarded him by the State of Pennsylvania for his services in the Battle of Lake Erie. None but Dr. PARSONS attempted to say anything, but he made up for the silence of the rest. He read an intensely-interesting account of the battle, which will possess great value as a historical document. It was not only well but ably written, and attracted great attention. Much of it, to be sure, was relating again general facts with which every schoolboy is familiar, but there were many personal reminiscences interwoven, which gave it a thrilling interest. Historical societies will snatch at it eagerly. The scene during the reading of this sketch was remarkable. On the platform in the foreground was this hale old veteran reciting incidents which occurred forty-five years ago, within seeing distance of the spot where he then stood. Before him was a vast audience numbering thousands, and by his side sat several of his companions in arms during the memorable conflict. Men eminent in the political world were back of him, and all were breathlessly listening. Now and then cheers would burst forth and send the echoes rolling over the lake. When Dr. PARSONS concluded those who were in reaching distance heartily grasped his hand and the applause which came up from the vast assembly was more hearty than any which ever greeted a political speech. The paper is to be published but, its length excludes it from my report.

OSSIAN E DODGE, the veteran vocalist, now editor of a Cleveland paper, left quill-driving for a day to come up to add interest to the occasion by one of his songs, in which he was assisted by the Baker family, and which his hearers warmly appreciated. Mayor STARKWEATHER, of Cleveland, made some remarks, the omission of some of which would have added greatly to the interest of the occasion. It was mainly made up of a recital of the prominent incidents of the battle. Dr. PARSONS had just gone through with these in detail, and their repetition was perfectly needless, apart from their filling up the time, so that the speakers who followed had not sufficient time to address the assembly. The Hon. B. F. WADE, of Ohio, who was on the platform, might have been prevailed on to speak, but no opportunity was given.

After Mayor STARKWEATHER had concluded, Governor CHASE rose and said, that though the Committee had decided on an order of exercises, he was so far an advocate of popular sovereignty as to let the people have their own way as to whom they should hear, [laughter and applause,] and he would take the liberty of introducing a venerable man who, though he was not in the battle of Lake Erie, was engaged in the frontier war preceding. Turning to the Hon. J. R. GIDDINGS, he said, "Come forward, Uncle JOSHUA, and show yourself." The cheers which greeted the appearance of the old veteran were overwhelming. After they had subsided, he spoke as follows:

HON. J. R. GIDDINGS' SPEECH.

These scenes were familiar to me forty-six years ago. The battle of Brownstown had been fought. The frontier was open to the enemy. I was then an humble individual, bearing the soldier's musket. Blood was spilled on yonder shore in the month of September. The troops took possession of the frontier, and then we awaited the event which we are assembled to commemorate. I was listening to those cannon booming over the water for three long hours, and you may imagine with what anxiety we awaited the result. I have no words to tell the emotions of our hearts, when we heard that our vessels had achieved a victory. It was an awful day. May God spare you from witnessing such scenes again, when great nations shall slay each other, men worshipping the same God. If taken in that aspect it was a revolting spectacle. But if we think of its being a battle in defence of the right of men to govern themselves—a battle for liberty—then these results were most glorious. The conflict is still raging. One hundred men will fly in public life, where one will fall on battle fields, where man meets his brother in mortal conflict. These men (pointing to the veterans) have done their duty well. God grant that you may be worthy of them, and thus maintain our rights. May you prove worthy of the blessings which have been conferred upon you, and thus perpetuate the great results achieved by these men till time shall be no more.

On resuming his seat Mr. GIDDINGS received three hearty cheers.

The President then called upon Judge WILKINS, of Detroit, to address the assembly. He made some remarks sportively warding off the imputations other speakers had cast upon Michigan. Ohio, he said, had one great man, Judge McLEAN, but he was born in New-Jersey. He then drew an eloquent parallel between PERRY and McLEAN, the civil and military heroes of the Northwest, and introduced D. BETHUNE DUFFIELD, Esq., of Detroit, the poet of the day, The enthusiasm which welcomed Mr. D.'s appearance proved plainly that the assembly were looking for a poem worthy the occasion, and they were not disappointed. Mr. D. labored under one great disadvantage. The steamboats were becoming impatient to start, and as the enthusiasm of the people seemed to be boundless, there was no apparent reason why they should leave before the darkness compelled them to do so. Accordingly the steam whistles set up an unearthly screeching, and the cannon bellowed forth all their thunders. Those on the outskirts of the assembly were obliged to listen to noises not so melliferous or agreeable as those enjoyed who were nearer the platform.

Mr. D. saluted first the different cities represented; old Erie, the fair "Forest City," Sandusky, and last not least,

"Grave Maumee, for years quite widely known
By heroes and a fever all their own."

He then passed to his introduction:

'Tis not of scenes at Salamis we sing,
Nor brazen prows led by some Roman king;
Nor DRAKE, who, bursting like a Northern gale
Upon the dread Armada's myriad sail,
Broke up and scattered on th' avenging sea,
The power that struck at Albion's liberty;
Nor *him* to whom were given the massive keys
That first unlocked our dark Hesperian seas,
That grand old sea king sent and led of God,
To kiss with foreign keel our virgin sod
Nor NELSON struggling on the bloody brine
To carve great England's name on Ocean's shrine;
Nor brave PAUL JONES, who scoured the English seas,
The winged herald of our liberties;
Nor LAWRENCE, who, when life was on the slip
Still bravely cried, "Pray don't give up the ship."
'Tis none of these whose mighty deeds we sing,
But one to whom the Nation's heart will cling
While Erie rolls a wave to either shore,
And old Niagara's voice be heard no more;
The MAN who five and forty years ago,
Here on these waves then tinged with crimson glow,
'Mid crashing spars and War's wild overthrow,
Laid proud old England's blood-red pennant low.
Let all our cities in one common hymn
Send PERRY'S praise around old Erie's brim,
PERRY the young, PERRY the bold and brave,
The CHRISTIAN HERO of our common wave.
Let all the bugles their best music pour,
Let all the cannon in glad triumph roar,
And let their echoes, leaping from each shore,
Still chime his name,
And lofty fame,
Forever, and forever more!

The dawn of the day of battle is thus described:

Slow creeps to birth the opening Autumn day,
Slow breaks along the Lake his herald ray.
The birds, not yet from out the forest, raise
In chorus clear their matin hymn of praise—
Still sleeps the duck upon the quiet flood,
Still weeps the tinted maple of the wood;
Not e'en the mournful cry of waking loon,
Has yet ascended to the sinking moon;
Nor night scarce lifted from the misty deep,
The sable mantle of great Nature's sleep;
When circled round this lonely island bay,
The British hulls like drowsy dragons lay—
Bright glow the colors round their bulwarks spread,
Bright beams their snowy canvass overhead,
Softly their ensigns open on the air,
Compact their lines, their brazen metal bare

After sketching the rival commanders, BARCLAY, who had fought under NELSON, and PERRY, who had never before seen a naval battle, the scenes before the battle opened are described briefly. Here is one which has not before been described in verse:

Eight bells had pealed the full meridian hour,
When battle's gloomy front began to lower—
Set were the sails—set every sailor's lip,
On board each fair and slow advancing ship,
And with the proper range each crew now runs,
Thro' every port-hole all the black mouthed guns.
From out the rigging as their vision cleared
The eager look-outs with their glasses peered.
"*What see'st in yon fleet?*" the Briton cries;
"*I see the crew at prayers,*" a tar replies—
"*At prayers!*" says one with mocking laugh and jeer,
"*I'd rather hear the rebels curse and swear.*"
"*At prayers,*" another said, "*such men I fear*
"*Perhaps the Nation's God those prayers may hear!*
And woe to those who meet HIS GLITTERING SPEAR!"

The vessels are then brought together and the action commences:

Closer, still closer, creep the squadrons on,
Nearer, yet nearer, frowns the shotted gun—
And now the seabird's wild prophetic scream,
As o'er the wave his snowy pinions gleam,
A moment starts each palpitating crew.
And bids all hearts express the last adieu.
But see that silver wreath of curling smoke,
'Tis BARCLAY'S gun! the silence now is broke;
Another gun! another thunders out.
And hark! there goes the British battle shout,
And hark again! above the pealing roar,
"*Close order, men! let slip the dogs of war!*"
'Tis PERRY'S trumpet speaks, and thro' the fleet
His guns, unmuzzled, pour their iron sleet,
And soon, with battle's blaze, begin to heat.
"Close action!" was the order of the day,
And down, 'mid gathering smoke, and fire and spray,
The *Lawrence* fearless holds her deadly sway.

The struggle with the three British vessels is then given, and until the *Lawrence* lost every spar and had but one gun left, which PERRY discharged with his own hands. He then leaves the *Lawrence* and transfers his flag to the *Niagara*, which renews the fight more fiercely than ever:

A moment more, and all his sailors eyes
Turn to the ship where his proud ensign flies,
Then, louder than the roaring cannon's voice,
They lift the cheer, and with glad hearts rejoice,
For, though around him war's dread volley flew,
The God of battles safely led him through—
Gave to his hand another gallant craft,
And sent a breeze his onward way to waft.
A moment more, and on he wildly drives,
While all his battle-thirst again revives.
Grand as Leonidas at Thermopylæ,
Dashed now our hero on the enemy;
Full armed, once more in thunderbolts he falls,
And pours his broadsides on their wooden walls;
The gun boats roar along his bloody wake,
And, like young dragons, rend the lines they break.
Flash after flash his fatal lightnings shone.
Crash after crash he brings their canvas down—
Groan after groan succeeded every gun,
Moan followed moan until the work was done—
A squadron lost, and Perry's victory won!

After describing the triumph of the victors and their burial, allusion is made to the object of the present celebration, the raising a fund for founding a monument to commemorate the battle. The poem closes with the following lines:

Yes! let the monumental shaft arise
Above these forest-boughs and greet the skies;
Here let the woodland birds each morning raise
To PERRY and his braves their hymn of praise.
Here let the Nation come with each glad year
And yield this dust the tributary tear;
Here wreathe the Autumn cup and loud proclaim
Fresh honors to our hero's honored name;
Here chant how man the very fates can bend
By bravely *persevering to the end.*
'Twas this that won for PERRY his renown,
'Tis this that plucks from Tyranny her crown,
'Tis this that saves our flag on land and sea,
And girds with sentinels of liberty
This teeming land—God keep it ever free!

Then let us send the towering shaft on high
To court new blessings from each morning sky,
To teach our rising youth on land and flood,
That liberty is worthy of their blood;
And on its tablet write in boldest line
Those words that round this lake should ever shine—
That modest message of our hero's pen—
Long may it live among our naval men,
Long gleam from all our armed forts and towers—
"*We have met the enemy and they are ours!*"

Mr. DUFFIELD could have desired no warmer commendation of the excellence of his performance, and of the fidelity of the pictures his imagination had drawn, than that given by the old veterans who, with tears still standing in their eyes, crowded around him and offered their congratulations.

The Hon. H. D. MASON, of Toledo, essayed to speak, but the people did not think the hearing plain prose was sufficient inducement to endure the screeching of the steam whistles any longer, and, betaking themselves to their respective boats, soon were speeding their way over the Lake homeward.

W——G.

POLITICAL.

Opposition Ratification Meeting in Philadelphia.

A grand Ratification Meeting of opponents of the Administration was held in Philadelphia on Tuesday evening. GEORGE BALDIN presided, and speeches were delivered by the Hon. E. JOY MORRIS, the Hon. CHAS. D. GILPIN, and the Hon. HENRY D. MOORE. Mr. MORRIS reviewed the Free-Trade policy of the Administration and the Democratic Party; showed its utter incompatibility with the prosperity of the country, and exhibited in a convincing light the benefits that had resulted from an adequate protection of American labor and industry. After touching on the extravagance of the Administration and other topics, Mr. MORRIS concluded by saying, that he was firmly convinced that the doctrines he had hitherto advocated, and which he had studied at the feet of the truly great statesmen of the Republic, were most consonant with the permanent interests of his constituents and the nation, and fully satisfied in his own conscience that the course he pursued last Winter at Washington was the most conducive to the welfare and prosperity of the Republic, he should adhere to the line of action he had always pursued. "The path I tread," said Mr. H., "is illuminated by the inspiring genius of HENRY CLAY, and his example is the polar star by which I shape my political course, as his precepts are the Shibboleth by which all true patriots swear."

Among the resolutions adopted, was the following:

Resolved, That the recent attempt of the Administration of JAMES BUCHANAN to impose Slavery on Kansas, by means of a Constitution created in contravention of the will of the people of that Territory, by fraud and violence, and foreign invasion, was an act of despotism that only finds its parallel in the darkest annals of transatlantic tyranny, and an Administration capable of such an outrage on the genius of free institutions, is no longer worthy of the confidence of the American people.

Illinois—Judge Breese Stands for the Senate—A Sharp Letter.

The following letter from Judge BREESE, of Illinois, appears in the Belleville (Ill.) *Democrat*. It is sufficiently decided:

CARLYSLE, Sept. 7, 1858.

Rev. W. F. Boyakin, Editor of the Belleville Democrat:

DEAR SIR: I demand as a right, to know who requested you to say, as you have said in an editorial of your paper, on the 4th inst., that "Judge BREESE is not, nor will he be, a candidate for the United States Senate in opposition to Mr. DOUGLAS; and all that has been said in reference to his stumping the State against the Democratic Party is without any foundation whatever."

The article is artfully prepared, but it will not deceive, if such was its object.

It never has been said in any paper, or elsewhere, by anybody, that I intended to stump the State against the Democratic Party, hence your *disclaimer* was wholly unnecessary. You might have sworn, on your friend CASPER THIELL'S Bible, that I never would be found in opposition to the great Democratic Party of the nation, whose hardest battles I have helped to fight and win for more than a quarter of a century. You may take your oath of *that* without fear.

But I think, friend BOYAKIN, your ideas of Democracy and mine, differ most essentially. You will pardon me for saying that yours seem to be concentrated in one man, while mine embrace great principles. Yours seem to tend to the disruption and debauchery of that great party; mine, to its conservation and purity. Yours, if carried out, will annihilate it; mine will restore it to its pristine vigor.

What position I may consider it my duty to assume in this contest now so fiercely waged against the Democracy of the nation, its cherished and time-honored principles, and fiercer still against him to whom that portion of the nation has committed the power, will depend on circumstances.

One thing you may be assured, and my past life is the guarantee, that I will not be silent nor inactive when I see, or think I see, that great party in danger from conspirators within its own bosom, or from foes without, The last are least to be dreaded, as their attacks are open in the sunlight, and manly. The conspirator deals his blows secretly; he gets up false issues for the occasion, under the cover of which he makes his attack. The species of warfare is now in progress, and I am surprised you do not see it.

They may destroy the citadel, but the foundations will remain; they are everlasting; "the eternal years of God are hers," and on them the national edifice will be rebuilt, attracting the masses by the beauty of its design, the solidity of its structure, and by the pure purposes to which it will be again dedicated. It will afford us shelter from selfish and intractable ambition, and around its altars will be found none but true and faithful worshipers.

Lend a helping hand to save the present from the assaults of the destroyer, to which you cannot and ought not to be insensible. Thus shall you be honored of men. Thus shall you become a bright light and a safe guide for our people. Thus only can you preserve the principles you claim to reverence.

I hope you will publish this letter and send me the name of the person who gave the authority you have exercised in regard to me and my name. Very truly and respectfully, your obedient servant,

SIDNEY BREESE.

Free Passes to the Republican Delegates to Syracuse.

No one disputes that the Delegates to the Republican Convention were furnished with free passes over the Central Railroad, but we understand that we have been accused of a violation of personal confidence in making the fact public. In reply to this charge, we need only say that it was well known in Buffalo before the Delegates left for Syracuse that such passes were in their possession, and that the fact was published in Albany a day before we announced it. Finally, we are indebted to no person's confidence for our knowledge of the circumstances. The passes were freely exhibited on the train going down to Syracuse.—*Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.*

Interesting from Arizona and New-Mexico.

From the St. Louis Republican.

Col. SAYLES, agent of the Post-Office Department, and who has been in the discharge of important official duties for that and other Departments of the Government, in the proposed new Territory of Arizona, arrived in this city yesterday *en route* for Washington. He went out by the Southern, and returned by the Northern route. He left Santa Fé on the 16th ult. From him we gather the following information.

A very lawless state of things exists throughout the so called "Gadsden Purchase," with little hope of improvement until the organization of the Territory. The people are without law or officers, and the six-shooter and bowie-knife are brought into constant requisition in the settlement of real or supposed grievances. No less than eight men have been shot in the Santa Cruz Valley in a few months, without even an attempt at investigation. EDWARD MILES, a respectable merchant, was shot down in his own house in Tucson, on the 2d of August, without other provocation than his refusal to pay an unacknowledged claim, and the bloody assassin continued to walk the streets of the town undisturbed. Mr. MILES was shot in the breast and leg; hope, however, was entertained of his recovery. A younger brother of Mr. MILES, and a most estimable young man, was shot in a duel by WM. OWING at the same place a few weeks previous. He was shot in the neck and instantly expired. TOMMY MILES discharged his rifle accidentally, after which OWING is said to have taken deliberate aim with the above result. The Messrs. MILES are natives of Maryland, and their aged father, a highly respectable citizen, is supposed now to reside in Washington, D. C.

The Indian depredations are continued, and with such frequency and success, especially by the running off of cattle and mules, that the settlers in some sections of perhaps the best stock-raising country in the world, have become wholly discouraged.

The silver mines in the vicinity of Tubac, and near the Santa Cruz Valley, as also in the Oregon Mountains, on the Rio Grande, are now attracting the attention of capitalists, and no doubt is felt that many of them will be worked with astonishing success. The Sonora Company, of which Major HEINTZELMAN is President, have several mines open and a large number of hands employed. Colonel PORTIN, the resident Agent of the Company, no longer regards its success problematical. No doubt one of this Company's mines is producing the richest ores, considering the work done upon it, of any yet discovered; though there may have been much extravagance in the reports in regard to the mineral resources of the sections of country in question, yet that it is wonderfully rich, especially in silver mines, there can be no doubt. But capital will be requisite to a successful development, and this can only be expected to follow well established government and laws. The annexation of Sonora is also regarded by Colonel SAYLES of the utmost importance to the successful working of these mines, as it is in many respects to the whole country. In the first place it is requisite that this State, so immediately adjoining, should have a stable Government in place of the continual revolutions which have and are continuing to follow each other in rapid succession, so long as it is either claimed by Mexico or attempts independence. Then again, the agricultural resources of Sonora greatly exceed those of the mining sections, if not all portions of Arizona. But what seems of the most immediate importance is the fact that it is demanded for a transit to the coast. Give us free access to the port of Guaymas and the cost of living, and the working of those mines, will be reduced one half. In illustration of this fact it may be stated that contracts can be made for transportation from the river Guaymas to Tubaco and Tucson at from *three* to *four cents* per hundred, whereas these places are now being supplied from San Francisco and San Diego, at from *twenty-five* to *thirty* cents per pound freight, or from Fort Yuma at from *ten* to *twelve and a half*. The result is, the most ruinous prices for goods, whilst the cost for transporting the machinery that ought to be had is forbidding. Again, says the Colonel, the importance of this White Gulf Coast of California to us can hardly be estimated, and with its acquisition we shall have almost, if not quite, a rival of San Francisco in this port of Guaymas.

The Santa Rita copper mines, about seventy-five miles west of La Mesilla, and which were formerly worked with great profit, have recently been taken possession of by a well-known Mexican miner, sustained by the ample capital of his distinguished son-in-law, an American citizen, and the result is already such as to insure the prosecution of the work upon an extensive scale. At the commencement, a large contract was made for copper in Mexico, where it is regarded so much superior to any other as to command a much higher price. This contract being now filled, the article will soon be introduced into the New-York market. The whole cost of getting out the ore and smelting is said not to exceed *three cents* per pound.

The El Paso and Fort Yuma Wagon-road Expedition will complete their work in November. The Superintendent and Chief Engineer left the Rio Grande with a small working party on the 12th of August, and would pass over the whole route, especially with reference to increasing the water facilities, and improving the road at a few points. The Assistant Engineer and other officers of the Expedition, no longer required, are now *en route* for Washington. The appropriation will not be exhausted. In July water and grass were abundant, and Colonel S. met numerous trains of emigrants and large droves of cattle west of the Rio Grande, on their way to California, on this route.

The St. Louis, Memphis and San Francisco semi-weekly Mail Company's Agents were met west of the Rio Grande early in August, when they were engaged in establishing stations at all desirable points, and at convenient distances, and in the purchase of animals for the service. The scarcity of good mules was subjecting them to some inconvenience, if not delay. Col. S. feels no doubt, from his own knowledge of the route, and from the information he has received, that this service will be successfully entered upon this month.

Mr. S. learned from General GARLAND, whilst at Santa Fé, that the difficulty with the Navajoe Indians is not settled. The General had just held a big *talk* with the chiefs. They manifest great reluctance to the surrender of the murders of Major BROOKS' servant boy, but say they *won't fight*. General GARLAND assures them that the murderers must be forthcoming, or the most serious consequences will follow. The General is determined not to be trifled with in this matter. Col. MILES, now at Fort Fillmore, in view of these difficulties, is ordered to Fort Defiance.

A new military post will soon be established in the Gadsden Purchase, and will probably be located upon the San Pedro, near its junction, and such active measures taken as shall put a check upon the continued depredations of the Indians. Gen. GARLAND, although he has come in for his share of the indiscriminate abuse of the aggrieved settlers in that section of the country, is fully alive to their sufferings, and anxious to redress them. Fort Buchanan will probably be removed to the Santa Cruz Valley. Major FITZGERALD, left in command of that post when Major STEEN left, has been relieved from duty on account of illness, from which there is little hope of his recovery, and Captain EWELL, a most efficient officer and good Indian fighter, placed in command.

Colonel SUMNER, with his command, encamped on the Arkansas on the 23d ult., about 25 miles below the crossing. The Cheyenne Indians, in considerable numbers, were encamped at the crossing, the chiefs holding talk with Colonel SUMNER, in which they made the most peaceful assurances. Colonel SUMNER opened a new route from Fort Kearny to the Arkansas, crossing distance 297 miles.

Archbishop Hughes on the Law of Probate.

To the Editors of the Courier and Enquirer:

My attention has been called to an article in some of our City papers, representing me as one of the parties in claiming, under a will, a portion of property to which one of the Judges in our Courts has established the exclusive right of the heir-at-law.

The object of my soliciting a space in your columns is to state that I have not entered or authorized any proceedings of a legal character in the case referred to. That, so far as I know, the suit has been brought on by the Executors with a view to discharge, legally, their own obligation. That I have no fault to find with the decision of the Hon. Judge who decided the question submitted to him by the Executors. That I know nothing, or but very little, of the Testator, or of his heirs. That his fortune, whatever it might have been, could not tempt me to do anything which I should think unjust, or unlawful, or dishonorable. That in making his will I think he committed a great blunder, so far as his own intention was to be carried out, in using the words "*for the good of his soul.*" That his lawyer should have undeceived him in regard to any such superstitious allusion, (it being rational to suppose that the said lawyer was bound to eliminate everything calculated to vitiate the poor man's intention, under our laws and under the almost certain decisions of our judiciary.)

This is the Nineteenth Century; and it is almost out of the question for a man in disposing of his own property, to allude, especially in direct terms, to anything *for the good of his soul.* It is true, that his Will could not take effect until after his death, and it is equally true, that after his death the property which he left could be of no use to his *body*. It might be (according to Catholic belief) to his *soul*. But legislation and judicial interpretation, have taken sufficient precautions against any such superstitious allusion.

I have no doubt, that in a general sense, legislation is just, and in the present instance I am convinced that the honorable Judge who decided the case decided it both according to law, and according to what law makes to be equity.

I could not, however, express in terms sufficiently energetic, my utter contempt for any bequest or legacy, which might come either to me personally, or to the Orphan Asylum, or to the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, or indeed, to any charitable institution in my diocese, which could involve directly or indirectly, a reproach, or a meanness, on the recipient or on the Catholic name.

†JOHN, ARCHBISHOP OF NEW-YORK.

Recent English papers state that a colossal statue is to be erected at Carlisle as a record of the esteem in which the inhabitants held Mr. James Steele, late proprietor and editor of the Carlisle *Journal*.

The Steam Car Question.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Will you please embody these crude remarks, or the most important part of them, in your next article upon the Hudson River Railroad monopoly.

That the detention under all the present disadvantages is only two or three minutes, and need not be one second.

The ladies prefer it, it is so much cleaner and sweeter to go through the tunnel without the smoke and cinders.

That it is no more inconvenient to be put down into the middle of the Avenue at Forty-second-street than it is at Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth or Thirtieth street, or wherever the driver or brakeman choses to stop.

That it would be a great advantage to continue to stop at Forty-second-street and have branches along that street connecting with Third and Sixth avenue Railroads.

That it would be desirable to stop all the large cars at Forty-second-street, and compel the small to go through the tunnel, and then the complaint of "having to obtain and maintain so many more horses" would be entirely obviated.

That the unfortunate locomotives that have to stand in the rain (*vide Herald*) ought to have houses built along the line of the road, so that they could run under shelter when a shower comes up.

That the ladies say it would be much more pleasant to have the small cars run to Forty-second-st. as a terminus, as it would give them time comfortably to get out with their children and parcels, which they cannot do under the present regulations at Twenty sixth-street, as before they can get out the driver starts for his terminus at Twenty eighth or Twenty-ninth street.

That the Company have never studied the interests of the passengers or commuters. The Company agreed to commute to Morrisania for $30; then, when poor mechanics and others invested their little all in getting homesteads the Company increased the rate of commutation; then they took the cars from the terminus at the City Hall to White-street; they again raised the commutation and then stopped the cars at Twenty-sixth-street and then again raised the commutation, besides compelling the down towners to pay 5 cents extra for every ride in their small cars, which is of itself an amount yearly equal to the original agreed rate of commutation from the City Hall to Morrisania, and then they put up in large letters over the window of the collecting room "Beware of Pickpockets!!!"

The *great* meeting of commuters that was held lately at their office at Twenty-sixth-street was merely a "gang" of directors and stockholders, who were pleased to state that there was a "Gang of commuters that never could be satisfied."

And finally, that if a fair vote was taken of the opinion of the passengers, the majority would be decidedly in favor of stopping the long cars at Forty-second-street, and of having it made the terminus of the small cars.

LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad Directors.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In a leading editorial in your issue of Saturday last, under the rather famous caption of "Jonathan Wilds in Wisconsin," you committed an act of singular injustice, which, I doubt not, on a proper explanation, you will hasten to correct. The article referred to, in commenting on the fact that the present Directors of the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad have lately issued a circular addressed to those who received certain Bonds of that Company, known as "Corruption Bonds," calling upon them to return the same, assumes that they are the same men who issued said Bonds for the purpose of corrupting the Legislature. Now, Sir, a little inquiry on the part of the writer, whose ethics have been so rudely shocked, would have conveyed to him the rather important fact that there has not been, since the annual election in June last, a solitary individual connected with the road, either as President or Director, who was in office at the period in which those frauds were committed; so that in wishing "repentance," "oakum-picking," and "stone-breaking," to a number of respectable gentlemen forming the present Direction, who lost their money by the former mismanagement of the road, your journal seems to have been decidedly more caustic than just.

A. F.

The Last of Eleazer Williams.

HOGANSBURG, Franklin County, N. Y.,
Wednesday, Sept. 8, 1858.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The New-York TIMES of the 4th instant issue was handed me this morning and my attention directed to an article on the first column and first page headed "Death of the Rev. ELEAZER WILLIAMS, the pretended Dauphin of France." The article has created quite a sensation here, but not very agreeable, and "the end is not yet." The feelings and the actions of those here who have seen and read the article and who know the facts and circumstances attending the Rev. ELEAZER WILLIAMS' last illness and death, indicate that "there is a point in the affairs of men (the correspondent of the *Journal of Commerce* not excepted) when forbearance ceases to be a virtue and resistance becomes a duty," and to that point have they now come, as relates to the article in question. The editorial is well enough, and is substantially true enough for all practical purposes. There is a slight error, however, which *en passant* it may be proper to rectify, and that is that Hogansburg is not a part of the St. Regis Reservation, as such, but is possessed and owned in severalty and fee simple, by Whites. Originally the land on which Hogansburg stands belonged to the St. Regis Reservation, but Hogansburg, as such, never. But no matter, for that has but little or nothing to do with the merits of the case, that harms neither our feelings nor substantial truth. But such is not the case in respect to certain "particulars" of the illness and death of Mr. WILLIAMS, as given by the correspondent of the *Journal of Commerce*, whether intentionally or not we will not presume to say, as, of course, we do not know. We only know that certain particulars, as stated by him, are not facts; instance: "There is no doubt that he suffered at last from the want of attention and other necessaries." Now the fact is, he did not suffer for want of attention nor any necessary, and I speak from what I know. His medical adviser and attending physician, as I was, who would be more likely to have a better right to know than I. As to medical attendance, he had myself, associated with Drs. BATES and PADDOCK, of Fort Covington, and as to servants, domestics, helps, nurses, &c, he had all that any one could reasonably ask, and all that was needful or necessary, or of any beneficial service; and as to food, over and above what his own house afforded, he was bountifully supplied from some of the best tables and families of the place. But as to funds, (dollars and cents,) although comparatively, and in fact, considerably wanting in the same at the commencement of his illness, yet the Church Episcopal, soon as that fact became known to her, quickly and amply supplied all his wants and necessities, and perfectly annihilated "suffering" in that particular. That Mr. WILLIAMS was a sufferer, and a great sufferer too, all through his last illness, is true, but that is one thing; but that he suffered from want of "attention and other necessaries," is quite another, and is not true and we challenge "Mr. Correspondent" to successful contradiction. As to the Royal robes, (MARIE ANTOINETTE'S dress, said to be,) doubtless "correspondent" saw it, for it was exhibited to several gentlemen and ladies on the day of Mr. WILLIAMS' funeral; but not through the influence of any "squaw whose confidence he had won," but by me, of "my own free will and accord," upon the request of some ladies and gentlemen then and there present, and it may be "Mrs M." was one of the number; at all events, one was a stranger who joined in the request.

Mr WILLIAMS died on the morning of the 28th ult., at precisely 8 o'clock, aged 71 years according to Indian tradition, and 73 years "Hanson," of a combination or concatenation of diseases, rather than any one disease—first, *angina pectoris*; second, *acute bronchitis*; third, *erysipelas* and *rubrum eczema*; lastly, a species of *anasarca*, (*subsidiary*,) with *gangrene* as a finality. He died in the faith of the Lord Jesus Christ, as understood, interpreted and defended by the Church Episcopal, and his last words were, "Lord Jesus Christ, have mercy on me, and receive my spirit." May he now rest in peace in the grave where we have laid him till the last trump shall sound to summon him and the rest of the world to judgment, "to render every man according to the deeds done in the body," and to receive either his reward, "Come, ye blessed, and inherit the Kingdom," or his sentence, "Depart, ye cursed," &c.

HIRAM N. WALKER, M. D.

MALONE, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1858.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

There appeared in your paper of the 4th inst. an extract from a communication published in the *Journal of Commerce*, referring to the sickness, death, and funeral solemnities of the Rev. ELEAZER WILLIAMS, late of Hogansburg, in this county, which seems to require some little attention from a source better informed in the premises than the *Journal's* correspondent appears to be. Allow me in this liberty.

I have neither the time or the inclination to notice all the inaccuracies contained in the article alluded to, and will merely notice a few of the most important particulars, that the public may judge whether the citizens of Hogansburg are such barbarians as they might infer them to be, or whether the Episcopal Church is unmindful of the wants of her sick and needy clergy.

The writer says: "There is no doubt that he suffered at least from the want of attention, and other necessaries." Now, the truth is, the citizens of Hogansburg were, I have every reason to believe, very kind to their sick neighbor, though he were of a religion different from theirs. This has been acknowledged by the Editors of both our county papers. Mr. WILLIAMS himself spoke of it to the writer, with a heart full of gratitude,—and it was noticed by the officiating clergyman, in behalf of his church, at the close of the solemn services. This the gentleman, if he were present, must have heard.

As soon as the illness of Mr. WILLIAMS was made known to the Treasurer of the "Fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen," he inclosed to the undersigned $100, which was paid over to Mr. WILLIAMS. Subsequently a similar sum was sent forward, with the assurance that if any more were needed for the comfort of our sick friend, it would at once be remitted. Besides, some personal friends of Mr. W. at various times inclosed to him, and to others for his benefit, an aggregate amount nearly equal to the above

During his sickness, Mr. WILLIAMS had, besides his housekeeper, one, and a portion of the time, two nurses; and in addition to his resident physician, who for twenty days made his patient daily visits, and for forty-six days visited him twice a day, and frequently three or four times, he was regularly attended by two Doctors from Fort Covington, eight or nine miles distant.

The funeral appointments and preparations were the best the place would afford; and if there was not a name-plate on the coffin it was because it could not be had without sending away for it, and circumstances would admit of no delay.

Any further notice of the article in question is not deemed necessary.

RECTOR.

Colored National Emigration Convention.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

This body, which is the only one, we believe, which acts in a combined form among the colored people, has recently finished its sittings at Chatham, C. W. The address of the Chairman, Dr. DELANY, is an able document, giving a concise view of the present state of the colored race in all parts of the world, and is well worth perusal. The results which have been reached at this last Convention, are the recommendation of a select emigration of the enterprising among the colored people, and the appointment of a "Niger Valley Exploring Party." The parties already appointed are ROBERT DOUGLASS, of Philadelphia, Dr. DELANY, of Chatham, C. W., and ROBERT CAMPBELL, of Philadelphia. Mr. DOUGLASS goes out as an Artist, Photographer, &c., and Mr. CAMPBELL as Naturalist and Botanist. Their object is to explore the fertile valley of the Niger, the region known as the Yoruba country, and ascertain whether the reports which have been rendered will warrant an emigration to that land. It has been stated on the authority of Mr. BOWEN, the celebrated African missionary and explorer, that the country is exactly adapted to the cultivation of cotton and sugar cane, with rice and other great staples. If this is so it will be the means of the speedy extinction of the slave trade, and the elevation of Africa. We trust that the "Niger Valley Exploring Party" will meet with great success, and that the climate and soil will prove to be all that is needed for the culture of cotton.

It has long been an object of desire to find a suitable region for the growth of free-labor cotton, and if these gentlemen can originate such a culture there, they will meet with the thanks of the advocates of free-labor throughout the world. The denomination of "Friends" have for many years endeavored to supply themselves with free labor sugar, rice, coffee, cotton, &c; this project will be likely to yield them an ample supply. Of all the plans to raise cotton in sufficient quantities to supply the growing demand from year to year, this seems to be the most promising. It will not only give employment to the enterprising, and elevate the African, but will extinguish the slave trade.

It will also develop a lawful commerce with the nations of Africa, which already is millions per annum. Thirty millions of people will become consumers of American and British manufactured goods of all kinds; and we, in return, can take their palm oil, ivory, dyewoods, coffee, &c., and the British their cotton; thus the commerce of the world will be stimulated while Christianity and civilization will advance to peaceful conquest on that great Continent. Why do not those merchants who engage in the illicit traffic in slaves, enter upon the honorable pursuit of a lucrative commerce such as the shores of Africa can supply in the productions of the soil?

Yours respectfully, T. B.

Personal.

A curious Hebrew publication has just issued from the Berlin press—a biography of Alexander Von Humboldt, written in the ancient tongue, and destined to extend the knowledge of the life and scientific labors of this celebrated man in the wide circle of the Russo-Polish and Asiatic Jews. The full title is, "Alexander Von Humboldt. A Biographical Sketch. Dedicated to the Nestor of Wisdom on his 89th Birthday. By S. Slominski." The author is a Russian Israelite, who some years ago invented a clever calculating machine, and drew upon himself at that time, by his mathematical knowledge, the attention of the celebrated astronomers, Herren Bessel and Jacoby, of Koningsburg.

☞ Dr. Osgood writes to the *Christian Inquirer*: "You will be glad to hear that our excellent and gifted brother, the Rev. William H. Channing, of Liverpool, has been invited to preach in New York in September, and that our circle of Liberal Christians will hold upon the occasion a sacred festival of fraternity, in view of the new relations between the mind of England and America. Mr. Channing will probably give an occasional discourse, and the exercises will be all expressive of our joy at this marvelous community of intelligence that is now calling Christendom and humanity itself to unity."

Prince Adam Czartoriski is shortly expected in Vienna with his son, on a visit to his brother, Prince Constantine Czartoriski. The latter having made known to Count Buol that he wished to see his brother, from whom he had been separated since 1831, an order was immediately sent to Paris to sign the requisite passports for Prince Adam.

The London *Critic* says: "A valued correspondent calls attention to the fact that the centenary anniversary of Robert Burns' birth occurs on the 25th January, 1859, and asks whether the opportunity ought not to be seized for holding a grand Burns anniversary on that day.

Baron Gros is to be made a Senator of France in reward for the diplomatic services he has rendered in China. In commemoration of the treaty he has assisted in concluding, one of the new streets lately opened in Paris is to bear the name of "the Rue de Tien-sin."

Letters from Berlin state that the Chevalier Bunsen was unable, on account of ill health, to accept the invitation of Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort to visit them at Babelsburg. M. Bunsen will probably pass the Winter at Nice.

Mr. Alexander T. Galt, whose name stands in the list of the new Canadian ministry as Inspector-General, is the youngest son of the novelist, whose family have all for a long time been resident in Canada.

The Rev. Dr. Gordon formerly of the Seventh-avenue Church of this City, has been installed in the pastorate of the Free Reformed Dutch Church at Schraelenburg, N. J.

Dr. A. A. Gould, of Boston, who has been visiting the hospitals and public institutions of Europe for some months past, has returned home.

Mr. Warren has remained in London throughout the long vacation, engaged in the completion of a new edition of his "Popular and Practical Law Studies."

Miscellaneous.

A letter to the St. Louis *Democrat* from the Kansas gold region, says: "The character of the gold from this region partakes of the quality of both dry and river diggings, some being scaly gold, whilst a part is the round, heavy gold found in dry diggings, and containing impurities, such as quartz rock, &c. It is now pretty well established that gold abounds in all that country between the 38th and 40th parallels of latitude, and 27th and 31st meridians of longitude, and in a quantity sufficient to pay good wages. There has been on exhibition in this place several small quantities of gold direct from the mines; and, as a miner of five years' experience, I feel safe in pronouncing it not only the pure stuff, but of more than ordinary fineness. Part of this is of the scaly kind, common to running streams, and part is evidently from gulch or ravine digging, whilst some of it is of the character usually found in surface diggings.

A gentleman of Boston, (says the *Traveller*,) on a visit to the East Cambridge House of Correction lately, saw there a child of only twelve and a half years, and naturally inquired for what offence one so young had been placed in such close proximity to hardened criminals. He was informed that her name was Bridget Dillon; that her mother was a resident of Natick, and had been arrested with her child on a charge of selling liquor. They were taken on the [illegible] inst., before Trial Justice Stone, who sentenced both of them to three months in the House of Correction, $50 fine and costs, with thirty days additional imprisonment if the fine was not paid. The mother appealed and obtained bail, but the almost infant daughter was actually committed and is now serving out her sentence.

Last Thursday evening a German, named Frederick Williams, committed suicide at his boarding house, on Union-street, Poughkeepsie, by shooting himself with a gun. Coroner TODD held an inquest upon the body. There was nothing but powder and wadding in the gun. He must have placed the muzzle against his cheek, and touched the trigger with his toes. A more horrible sight was never beheld. Part of his face was blown off, with one of the eyes, while the other lay on the remaining cheek. The brain and blood of the unfortunate man were scattered over the room. Deceased was about 35 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children in Germany.

A novel gathering assembled at Worcester, Mass., on Wednesday, which proved to be of a very interesting character. It was a Convention of the Deaf Mutes of New-England, known as the New-England Gallaudet Association of Deaf Mutes. There was a large number present, the Deaf Mutes numbering between one and two hundred delegates, besides a large number of citizens of Worcester, who attended from curiosity. An oration was delivered in the sign language, by J. P. Marsh, of Roxbury. His subject was the life and labors of Thomas Gallaudet, founder of the Deaf Mute Asylum at Hartford.

The Boston *Traveller* says: "On an average about 12 out of the 165,000 inhabitants of Boston die every day of the 365 making up the year. During the present year, however, two days have passed without the recurrence of a single death, one day being in February and the other in April. It is not often that the grim messenger ceases his visits in a city like ours even for a single day; in fact it has not occurred, we believe, for the last dozen years or more.

Bishop Janes, of the M. E Church, had a narrow escape from death, in Indianapolis last week. He was passing along the street from the residence of Bishop Ames, when he was struck in the face by a shot from a gun fired by some boy, and painfully wounded. The shot entered the left cheek and penetrated the side of the nose. A surgeon soon extracted the shot.

A sad accident occurred one day last week, at Jewett, Green County. A party of five children were sailing in a boat upon a pond in that village, the boat leaked, and the children, becoming alarmed, four out of the five jumped overboard, and, before assistance arrived, two of them were drowned. One was a child of Mr. John Chore, and the other a child of S. Skiff. The other children escaped.

Mr. Morse's affair is arranged. It is said that the telegraphic indemnity, honorary and personal, will be 400,000 francs.

NEW-YORK LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Prepared every week, expressly for the New-York Daily, Semi-Weekly, *and* Weekly Times, *by a careful and experienced Reporter.*

Wednesday Evening, Sept. 15, 1858.

The principal Market Places are

WASHINGTON DROVE-YARDS, 44TH-STREET; Browning's, on Sixth-street; Chamberlin's, on Robinson-street; and O'Brien's, on Sixth-street. Our reporters refer to these regular markets. Irregular sales are sometimes made at Bergen Hill, N. J., and from the Hudson River Boats.

The great sales day at the Washington Yards is on WEDNESDAY of each week. The reports from all the yards are made up for the preceding week to the evening of that day.

RECEIPTS OF ANIMALS AT THE PRINCIPAL MARKETS FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT. 14, 1858.

Yards.	Beeves. In market to-day.	Beeves. Receipts for the week.	Milch Cows.	Veal Calves.	Sheep&Lambs.	Swine.
Washington Drove-Yards, Forty-fourth-st.	3496	3529	26	328	1218	......
Browning's, Sixth-street	......	91	26	26	4632	......
Chamberlin's, Robinson-st.	......	91	67	139	4695	......
O'Brien's, Sixth-street	......	62	72	78	1967	......
Sales reported at Bergen	......	730	......	......	......	......
Total for week	3496	4503	191	570	12512	......
Last week	4662	5777	270	504	12852	......

Average weekly receipts of Beeves at the four City Markets and Bergen for the year 1857.. 3,143.

Receipts for the corresponding week last year.....4,321.

A. M. Allerton, proprietor, reports the animals at the Washington Drove-Yards received, as follows:

Conveyance.	Beeves.	Milch Cows.	Veal.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.
Erie Railroad	1330	......	......	......	......
Hudson River Railroad	1358	......	......	......	......
Hudson River Boats	750	......	......	......	......
Harlem Railroad	53	26	328	1218	......
New-Haven Railroad	......	......	......	......	......
Camden & Amboy R.R.	......	......	......	......	......
On Foot	38	......	......	......	......

The Cattle at Forty-fourth-street were derived from the following sources:

Ohio	935	Missouri	—
New-York	339	Pennsylvania	—
Illinois	1,710	Texas	—
Kentucky	65	Connecticut	—
Indiana	205	Michigan	—
Virginia	—	Cherokee	—
Iowa	224	Canada	—

Receipts of Hogs at the Western Yards, foot of Fortieth-street, on the Hudson River for the week ending Sept. 15, amount to 3,573 head, as follows:

Albany Propellers	671
Hudson River Railroad	2,221
Erie Railroad	681
Erie Railroad, *via* Bergen	—
Sent in from City	—
Total	3,573

Report of Hogs received at Hudson River Drove-Yard, foot of Thirty-seventh-street, for the week ending Sept. 15, 1858:

By Erie Railroad, Piermont	3,145
By New-Jersey Central Railroad	—
By Albany propellers	349
By Hudson River Railroad	313
Camden and Amboy Railroad	—
Total	3,807

The following is the report of the Live Stock transported over the New-York and Erie Railroad for the week ending Sept. 15, 1858:

Cattle	2,582	Calves	41
Hogs	3,151	Lambs	25
Sheep	2,905	Horses	22
Total			8,726

Beeves are sold by the estimated dead weight of the four quarters; the so-called "fifth quarter" (hide and tallow) is not reckoned in here as it is in Boston and some other cities. When cattle are weighed or estimated alive, the dead weight is reckoned at a certain number of pounds to the 100 ℔s. of live weight, as agreed upon. The general rule in this market for medium cattle is 56 ℔s. to the 100; 44 ℔s. being allowed for the "fifth quarter" and offal.

The *average* prices to-day, as compared with last week, are about the same.

We quote:

PRICES OF BEEF AT FORTY-FOURTH-STREET.

	To-day.	Last Week.
Premium Cattle......	none.	none.
First quality.........	8¼c.@ 8¾c.	8c. @ 8½c.
Medium quality......	7½c.@ 8c.	7½c.@ 8c.
Poor quality.........	6½c.@ 7c.	6¾c.@ 7¼c.
Poorest quality.......	5c. @ 6c.	5c. @ 6c.
General selling prices.	7c. @ 8¾c.	7c. @ 8¼c.
Average of all sales.	7¼c.@ 7¾c.	7¼c.@ 7½c.

At Browning's, Chamberlin's and O'Brien's prices do not materially differ from those at Forty-fourth-street. Browning reports beeves at 7c.@8c. Chamberlin reports Beeves at 5c.@8c. O'Brien reports Beeves at 5c.@7½c.

REMARKS ON THE BEEF MARKET.

The total receipts for the week, numbering 4,503, show a falling off of 1,274 cattle from the receipts of the previous week; but there is still an excess of nearly 1,400 over the weekly average of last year. The offerings at Forty-fourth-street alone amount to 3,529, of which the main portion were on hand this morning. Of these, over 1,700, or just about one-half, came from Illinois, and one-half of the remainder, or one-fourth of the whole, from Ohio. This explains the cause of there being so large an overplus falling upon two greatly overstocked markets. These western cattle were on the road before the results of last Wednesday were known, and could not be stopped. There were no premium cattle here to-day, and no surplus of first quality, so that this grade sold a little better than last week, while the common and poorer grades declined enough to make the average of all sales just about the same on both days; that is to say, good bullocks were at prices equivalent to 8c.@8½c. ℘ ℔., for the dressed carcasses, and common to poor were sold all the way from 8c. down to 5c. A few of the best may weigh, one 8¾c., and two animals we should call 9c.; and there is no telling how low some of the scalawags and tail ends of droves did go; for both owners, and especially brokers, appeared quite anxious to clean up the yards once more, and have a clean business for next week—a thing not accomplished when we left the yards near sundown. The sellers worked hard, but with some composure, as they had made up their minds for a hard day; and as we frequently passed around and made the inquiry, "How many are you selling," they replied with considerable *sang froid*, "As many as we can." Others said, "If I can only get these off upon somebody, I have another lot outside to take their places." ....Those who bought cattle at the West last Spring and the previous season, to be fed for this market, are now losing money. We can but sympathize with them, as a speculation of this kind is a legitimate one and they have deserved better luck....Many who took out cattle in early Summer to graze in counties adjoining this City, are fearing for the result of this continued inpouring from the West....The sales at Albany, for Eastern markets, amount this week to some 1,200, at $3 25@$4 65 ℘ 100 ℔s., live weight....We give in the following table, the description, owners, sellers, &c., of the principal lots offered at Forty-fourth-street, and in the succeeding special notes some items respecting quality of individual lots, sales, &c., which will aid the distant reader in forming a fair opinion of the general character of to-day's transactions. These tables, &c., are condensed from copious notes made during a personal examination of the yards, continued through the entire day:

No.	State.	Owners.	Salesmen.
107	Ill	W. J. Hutchinson	Hoag & Sherman.
17	N. Y.	E. Hurd	Hoag & Sherman.
70	Ill	J. T Alexander	White & Son.
89	Ill	H. R. Smith	White & Son.
67	Ohio	E. W. Gwynne	T. Wheeler.
84	Ill	D. Selsor	Budlong & Eastman.
41	N. Y.	James S. Wadsworth	Budlong & Eastman.
[illegible]	Ohio	P. W. Taylor	Budlong & Eastman.
71	Ohio	Thomas & Hatkinson	Ayrault & Brothers.
[illegible]	Mich	Mumford & Algoe	Ayrault & Brothers.
55	Texas	Pierce & Raymond	M. Dalton.
79	Ill	Jacoby & Williams	W. H Harris.
69	Ill	A. Sandusky	W. H. Harris.
92	Ohio	Geo. Wood	B. Bartram.
63	Ky	W. S. Hunt	S. B. Richardson.
52	Ind	Jas. Caldwell	H. Myer
[illegible]	N. Y.	N. Felt	E. Wheaton.
96	Ohio	A. Warner	Mead & Holcomb.
32	Ohio	Holden	Mead & Holcomb.
[illegible]	Ky	C. Bahn	H. Eckstein.
84	Ohio	J. Bryant	C. G. Teed.
90	Ill	W.D.& D. S. Blackburn	Owners.
115	Ill	Alexander & Crum	J. A. Merritt.
[illegible]	Ill	G. W. Funk	O. Hurd.
[illegible]	Ill	Tompson & Rankin	Westheimer & Bro.
[illegible]	Ohio	J. Caldwell	Westheimer & Bro.
[illegible]	Ill	H. Barnes	Owner.
[illegible]	Ill	J. T. Alexander	S. Ulery.
[illegible]	Ill	Swauk & Co	Beach & Brag.
[illegible]	Ohio	J. Hussey	Beach & Brag.
[illegible]	[illegible]	J T. Alexander	R. Murray.
[illegible]	[illegible]	J. T. Alexander	Allerton & Conger.
[illegible]	O. & Ill	Several owners	Gillett & Toffey.
[illegible]	Ohio	D. G. Drummond	Vail & Co.
[illegible]	Ohio	J. Bryant	Vail & Co.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Dalrymple & Co	Geo. Sage.
[illegible]	N. Y.	Wm. Mumford	Owner.
[illegible]	Ohio	B. Bartram	Owner.
[illegible]	Ill	W. D. Powell & Co	Doty, Church & Co.
[illegible]	Ohio	Wm. Florence	Owner.
[illegible]	O. & Ia	Several owners	S. D. Haring.
[illegible]	Ill	Wm. Vance	D. Barnes.
[illegible]	Ill	M. Lockman & Co	Martin & Valentine.
[illegible]	N. Y.	E. Kelley	Owner.

Captain Hutchinson forwarded 107 common Illinois stock, rated 5½ cwt., for which Hoag & Sherman were getting 6c.@8c.; 17 of the best sold yesterday at 8c. The same parties sold 17 State Cattle for E. Hurd, of good quality, at 8c.@8½c. W. Lalor took three at 8½c., to be weighed.

J. T. Alexander contributed near 400 head of Illinois Cattle, 70 of which were on sale by White & Son at 7c.@8c. They were rather common, varying in weight from 4 cwt. to 7 cwt. Another lot of 107 of better quality were selling by S. Ulery at 7½c.@8½c.; estimated weight 8 cwt. Also. by R. Murray, 86 of just fair quality at 7c.@8c. Allerton & Conger were selling 107 of them at 6½c.@8c. They were a pretty common lot, rated 5½ cwt.

White & Son, for H. R. Smith, 89 common Illinois cattle, rated 6¼@6½ cwt., at an average of 7¼c., or near $50 ℘ head.

T. Wheeler, for E. W. Gwin, 67 prime Ohio steers at an average of about 8½c. They were estimated at 7½ cwt., and were among the finest lots of the day.

Budlong & Eastman, for D. Selsor, 84 large and rather coarse Illinois cattle, which needed a little more fat, at a trifle over 8c; weight 8 cwt. Also, 41 choice State cattle, owned and fed by Jas. S. Wadsworth, Esq., of Livingston County, N. Y. They were rated at 8 cwt., net, and were second to none in the yards. J. Irving took 13 of them at $78 ℘ head, or near 9c. ℘ ℔. J. Valentine bought 10 at $70 each, or about 8¾c. Six of the choice were taken at $87, which was called fully 9c. The balance ranged from 8c.@8½c.

Ayrault & Brother for Thomas & Hatkinson, 71 fat steers, rated 5½ cwt., at 7½c.@8c. Also, for Mumford & Co. 3? ordinary Michigan stock at 7c.

M. Dalton for Pierce & Raymond, 55 Texans, said to have been fed two years in Illinois, at $36 each, estimated 5½ cwt., or about 6½c.

Wm. H. Harris for Jacoby & Williams, 79 ligh and common Illinois steers, weighing less than 6½ cwt., 6½c.@7½c. Also, for A. Sandusky, 69 pretty good cattle at 7c.@8½c.

S. Smith sold at Bergen, for Counciller & Boyer, 113 Iowa Cattle, of decidedly inferior quality, ranging from light thin steers to oxen too old to "chew the cud" Some of them, which, if fat, would have weighed nine cwt., brought $30 ℘ head. The drove was run out at 5c @6c., or for $3,527. The owner estimates his loss on them at over $1,000. We should have little sympathy for a man bringing this kind of stock to market, even if he lost more than that, were it not that in this case they were taken of various parties for debt, where nothing else could be obtained.

Barney Bartram sold 92 Ohio Cattle for Geo. Wood, at 8c.@8½c. They were very good Bullocks, of Mr. Wood's own feeding, and weighed at home near 13½ cwt. gross. A portion of them were sold at 8c., to go into the country.

S. B. Richardson, for W. S. Hunt, 63 very fine Kentucky Cattle, estimated 8½ cwt., at 7¾c.@8¾c., or an average of about 8¼c. J. Williams took 16, at $75 ℘ head, which was estimated 8¾c. Five others brought $79 each. H. Myers, for J. Caldwell, 52 common Indiana Cattle, at 7c.@8c.

Mead & Holcomb, for A. Warner, 96 Ohio cattle at 8c.@8½c., and 32 common Ohio cattle, for Mr. Holden, at 6c.@7c.

C. G. Teed, for J. Bryant, 84 very good Ohio cattle, rated 7½ cwt., at 8c.@8½c.

W. & D. Lackburn brought in 90 cattle of their own feeding in Edgar County, Illinois, most of which were very good, especially some very good full-blooded Durham cows, which were very fat. They ranged at 7c.@8c.

J. A. Merritt, for Alexander & Crum, 115 fair Illinois cattle at 7c.@8c. Home weight, 1,300 ℔s. net.

MILCH COWS WITH CALVES.

Milch Cows are sold at each of the above yards, *usually with their Calves at their sides.* The prices change somewhat with the supply and demand, and vary greatly, of course, upon the milking value. The particular fancy of the buyer has also considerable to do with the price. Not unfrequently a Cow is sold at $90@$100, or even $120. The general price throughout the year for ordinary Cows is $31 to $40, or $50. Quite a number sell above $50, and more, perhaps, below $30. We often see apologies for Cows go at $20@$25. The weekly reports from the different yards will give the weekly fluctuations.

There is a perceptible improvement in the demand, if not in the price, of good Cows. This demand is almost exclusively confined to milkmen, who wish to keep up, or even increase their quantity, of milk, as the time draws near for an advance in the price of milk.

Allerton reports receipts of 26 fresh Cows, selling at low prices, say $25@$30 for ordinary, and $35@$40 for good animals. The market may be quoted a little quicker, with scarcely any advance in price.

Browning reports receipts of 26 Milch Cows, selling at $25@$30 for ordinary, and $35@$45 for good animals. Extras have brought $50@$55 each. The demand is slightly increasing.

Chamberlin reports receipts of 67 Milch Cows, selling at $20@$30 for common; $40@$50 for good, with no extras for the week.

O'Brien reports receipts of 72 Milch Cows, selling at $30@$35 for common; $40@$45 for good; with a few extra animals at $50@$60. Market has been dull until yesterday and to-day, when an improvement was manifest. The stock is about cleared out each week.

VEAL CALVES.

Veal Calves are sold by live weight, each animal being weighed alive at the time of sale. "Bobs"—that is, Calves a few days old—are usually sold by the head at such prices as can be agreed upon, sometimes for but little more than the skin is worth. The principal places of sale are Allerton's, Browning's, Chamberlin's and O'Brien's.

The demand for Veals has been good during the past week, and prices have advanced a trifle. This is in part owing to a scarcity of mutton. Prime Veals now bring 6½c. gross very readily.

Allerton reports receipts of 328 Veal Calves, selling at 5c.@6c.@6½c. A few of the choice brought 7c. even. Supply rather short, with a brisk demand.

Browning reports receipts of 26 Veal Calves, selling generally at 5c.@6½c. ℘ ℔. Demand good, with a short supply.

Chamberlin reports receipts of 138 Veal Calves, selling at 5c.@6c. ℘ ℔., gross.

O'Brien reports receipts of 72 Veal Calves, selling at 4½c.@6½c. Market good.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

These are chiefly sold at Allerton's, Browning's, and Chamberlin's, at so much ℘ head for a particular lot of Sheep or Lambs, or of the two together. They are also frequently sold by live weight as this is readily ascertained. The actual prices at the different yards seldom vary greatly. The difference in reported prices is generally due to variation in the quality. When they are sold by weight, it is usually the *net* weight, which is ordinarily one-half what they weigh when alive, the pelt and offal making the other half. If fat and small-boned, they will dress 55 ℔s., and in some cases 60 ℔s., ℘ hundred. The average run is about one-half the live weight.

The markets have been active during the past week, owing to an increased demand as cool weather approaches. Prices have advanced a little in consequence, and those on sale to-day were early taken, leaving a bare market.

Allerton reports receipts of 1,218 Sheep and Lambs. Sheep are selling at 3½c.@4c., and for a few of the best 4½c. ℘ ℔., gross. Lambs are worth 4½c.@5c., gross. Supply rather short and demand good.

Browning reports receipts of 4,632 Sheep and Lambs, selling generally at 3½c.@4c. for Sheep, and 5c.@5½c. gross for Lambs. Market brisk and supply short. Stock has sold out each day as it came in, so that little was on hand this morning. Good Sheep are 25c.@50c. ℘ head higher than last week.

Chamberlin reports receipts of 4,695 Sheep and Lambs, selling at $2@$3@$5 ℘ head.

O'Brien reports receipts of 1,967 Sheep and Lambs. Sales by McGraw & O'Brien were as follows:

264 Sheep	$618 44	41 Sheep	$146 25
48 Sheep	174 49	101 Sheep	370 25
25 Sheep	80 87	93 Sheep	285 19
131 Sheep	441 25	116 Sheep	380 74
30 Sheep	89 62	205 Sheep	677 27
66 Sheep	198 00	129 Sheep	519 75
24 Sheep	47 87	50 Sheep	175 00
193 Sheep	604 87	63 Sheep	187 00
50 Sheep	192 75	90 Sheep	285 00
116 Sheep	275 00	61 Sheep	183 00
60 Sheep	216 50	41 Sheep	148 25

SHEEP BROKERS' REPORT AT BROWNING'S FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT. 15.

Jas. McCarty (agent) reports sales of 1,332 Sheep and Lambs at an average of $3 40 ℘ head, or $4,528 80.

Thos. C. Larkin reports sales of 1,093 Shsep and Lambs for $3,485 30.

John C. Larkin reports sales of 827 Sheep and Lambs for $2,606.

R. H. Hume reports sales of

97 Sheep	$316 00	224 Sheep	$505 59
120 Sheep	360 00	206 Sheep	671 75
197 Sheep	433 75	113 Sheep	265 00
165 Sheep	452 50	100 Sheep	339 25
80 Sheep	210 00	146 Sheep	404 75
118 Sheep	345 75	76 Sheep	260 75
111 Sheep	313 75		

SWINE.

These are sold alive at so much ℘ ℔. gross or live weight. They are principally sold at Allerton's, Forty-fourth-street; at the Western Yards, Fortieth street: and at the Hudson River Drove Yards, Thirty-seventh-street; while large droves are frequently sold direct from the cars or boats, and driven immediately to the various slaughter-houses.

Sales of Hogs for the week ending Sept. 15, 1858, by Miles & Bartlett, commission merchants, No. 292 Washington street.

For Fisher & Kearns, Indiana, 66 corn-fed Hogs, av gro. 174 ℔s	$4 31
For States & Hayes, Ashland Co., Ohio, 157 corn-fed Hogs, av. gro. 197 ℔	4 50
For Buckland & Ponting, Mt. Vernon, Ohio, 150 corn-fed Hogs, av. gro. 161 ℔s	4 25
For Ladd & Stevens, Seneca Co., Ohio, 141 corn-fed Hogs, av. gro. 168 ℔s	4 25
For S. J. Watson, Illinois, 66 corn-fed Hogs, av. gro. 217 ℔s	5 12½
For R. B. Catlin, Indianapolis, 113 corn-fed av. gro. 217 ℔s	4 62½
For H. Knowles, Marion Co., Ohio, 180 corn-fed Hogs, av. gro. 182 ℔	4 50
For D. Collins, Delaware, Ohio, 147 corn-fed Hogs, av. gro. 161 ℔s	4 50
For M. D. Smith, Ohio, 163 corn-fed Hogs, av. gro. 168 ℔s	4 25
For A. H. Corey, Indiana, 240 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 156 ℔s	4 25
For Jas. Johnson, Illinois, 389 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 190 ℔s	4 56
For John Denney, Delaware County, Ohio, 147 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 162 ℔s	4 37½@4 31
For Boram & McAllister, Indiana, 98 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 157 ℔s	4 50
For S. Lewis, New-York, 183 corn fed hogs, av. gro. 254 ℔s	5 50
For Tallbot & Martin, Illinois, 156 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 167 ℔s	4 25
For Oviatt & Jinkens, Ohio, 212 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 222 ℔s	5 50
For Hardy & Taylor, Indiana, 219 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 191 ℔s	5 12½
For J. Holmes, Indiana, 258 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 137 ℔s	4 25
For Matheny & Brown, Ohio, 399 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 141 ℔s	4 25
For Mr. Pennington, Indiana, 131 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 158 ℔s	4 25
For J. H. Fitzpatrick, Indiana, 165 corn-fed hogs, av. gro. 123 ℔s	4 25
Total hogs 3,680.	

Receipts have been much lighter during the past week, footing up but 6,717, against 13,000 for the previous week. Prices are firmer, at a slight advance.

Allerton reports receipts of 3,573 Hogs at the Western Yards, foot of Fortieth-street, selling at 4¾c.@5¼c. for corn-fed, and 4¼c.@4¾c. for still Hogs. Market active, and yards emptied.

Van Brunt & Watrous, pork-packers, at No. 260 Chambers-street, report sales as follows:

Live.		Dressed.	
Corn-fed	4¾@5½	Corn Fed	5¾@6½
Distillery	4½@4 25	Distillery	5¾@ —

G. W. Dorman, commission merchant, No. 118 Centre-row, West Washington Market, reports sales as follows:

	Live.	Dead.
Heavy Western Corn Hogs, prime	5¼@5⅝	6½@6⅝
Heavy this State Corn Hogs, prime	5¼@5⅝	6½@6¾
Light this State Corn Hogs, prime	4⅞@5	6 @6¾
Light Western Corn Hogs, prime	4½@4¾	5 @6
Still Corn Hogs, prime	4½@4¾	5¾@6
Stock Hogs, no sale	3½	

The arrivals are light this week and prices are favoring the sellers. The yards are well cleared up.

A. R. Turner, Manager of the Hudson River Drove Yard, reports receipts of 3,807 Hogs—of which 583 were sent to Western Yards; 2,277 were sold, and 947 remain in the yards.

The sales are exclusive of 3,032 left over at the close of last report, making actual sales during the week, of 5,309.

MARKET REPORTS.

New-York, Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1858—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the leading kinds of Produce, since noon of yesterday, have been as follows:

	Hudson River Boats.	Erie R. R.	Southern Boats.	Total.
Ashes, bbls	4	22	—	26
Flour, bbls	5,424	3,329	3,947	12,700
Corn Meal, bbls	320	—	—	320
Wheat, bushels	9,225	432	2,862	12,529
Corn, bushels	38,070	—	—	38,070
Oats, bushels	6,755	750	—	7,505
Provisions, pkgs	—	271	—	271
Whisky, bbls	50	—	—	50

ASHES—Are in demand and are steady at $6 for Pots and Pearls, ℘ 100 ℔s. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse this morning, 1,294 bbls., including 768 bbls. Pots and 526 bbls. Pearls.

BEESWAX—Prime American Yellow at 33½c.@34½c., cash, ℘ ℔.

COFFEE—Has been quiet to-day, at unchanged prices; sales 25 bags Java at 15c.; 40 bags Rio at 11c.@11½c.; and 370 bags St. Domingo at 9 5-16c.@9⅝c., ℘ ℔., usual terms.

COTTON—Has been sparingly sought after at, however, very full prices. Sales 800 bales.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O.& Tex.
Ordinary	11	11	11	11
Middling	13¼	13¼	13⅜	13⅜
Middling Fair	13¾	13¾	13⅞	14

DRY GOODS—The auction sales of Ribbons, Trimmings, Millinery, Dress and White Goods, to-day, passed off, on the whole, satisfactorily, though prices of Ribbons, especially, were in favor of buyers.

FEATHERS—Prime Live Geese, 47c.@50c. for

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market is somewhat unsettled for State and Western Flour. The demand is good, chiefly for home use, though in part for export. Holders generally are disposed to supply the wants of their customers at previous quotations, yet some factors evince more firmness. Sales 14,000 bbls., within our revised range.

Unsound State, ℘ bbl	$3 20 @$4 30
Standard Superfine State	4 90 @ 5 00
Standard Extra State	5 35 @ 5 50
Superfine Western	4 85 @ 5 15
Fancy Ohio	5 20 @ 5 30
Extra Indiana and Michigan	5 20 @ 7 00
Extra Ohio	5 50 @ 7 00
Fancy Genesee	5 70 @ 5 80
Extra Genesee	5 90 @ 7 50
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	5 75 @ 8 50

Canadian is in limited demand at former rates; sales 500 bbls., at $5 50@$6 50 for low to choice extra, ℘ bbl. Southern continues depressed and unsettled; sales 3,000 bbls., at $4 35@$5 30 for rejected brands; $5 35@$5 60 for mixed and straight brands, and $5 65@$8 50 for low fancy to very choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive, at $3 30@$4 25 for fine to superfine, ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is in demand, at $4 10@$4 15 for Jersey, and $4 75 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Have been in fair demand at, however, unimproved prices.

FRUIT—Raisins are sparingly inquired for, including Layer at $2 50; and Bunch at $1 95@$2, ℘ whole box. Other kinds are in moderate demand at about previous figures.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in fair request for home use and for shipment, at uniform rates. Sales 40,000 bushels, including fair white Western, part at $1 22; fair to good red Western, at $1 14@$1 17; very good Chicago Spring at $1; fair Milwaukee Club, $1; poor to very good white Southern, at $1 25@$1 40; amber Southern, at $1 25; and red do., at $1 18@$1 22 ℘ bush. Corn has also been in good demand, partly for domestic use, and partly for export, closing with more firmness in prices. Sales 60,000 bushels, at 65½c.@67c. for unsound mixed Western; 68c.@72½c for ordinary to prime sound do. do.; 82c.@85c for White Southern; and 94c. for Yellow Southern, ℘ bushel. Rye is in demand, and is quoted at 75c.@76c. ℘ bushel; 3,900 bushels were sold at these rates, chiefly at 76c. Barley has been purchased to the extent of 5,800 bushels, in lots, part at 77½c.@80c. ℘ bushel. Oats are quiet at old figures, Western, 47c.@50c. State, 43c.@47½c. Jersey and Pennsylvania, 39c.@42c.; Southern, 32c.@40c., ℘ bushel. White Beans, $1 06¼@$1 12½; Canadian Peas, $1 12½@$1 15 ℘ bushel.

GUNNY BAGGING—Sales in Boston 250 bales Bagging at 15c.@16c. ℘ yard, mostly six months' credit.

HAY—Sales 800 bales at 40c.@50c. ℘ 100 ℔s.

HIDES—Are quiet, yet stiffly held, at former rates.

HONEY—Sales 60 tcs. Cuba on terms not ascertained.

HOPS—The nominal quotations are 12c.@16c. for new; 7c.@10c. for last year's, and 4c.@6c. for preceding year's growth, but the inquiry is not brisk.

IRON—Continues in moderate demand at our quotations: Scotch Pig, $22 50@$23; English Bar, $44@$46 for common, and $55@$57 for refined, ℘ ton. usual terms; Sheet, at 3c.@4½c. for English; 12c.@13c. for first quality Russia, ℘ ℔.

LATHS—Eastern, $1 20 ℘ M.

LEAD—Is in good request at our quotations. Foreign Pig at $5 50@$6; American Pig at $5 87½@$6, ℘ 100 ℔s.; Bar, 6½c., and Pipe and Sheet at 6½c. ℘ ℔.

LEATHER—Sole in slack demand at former rates. French Calf Skins find ready buyers, including 34 ℔s. at 95c.@$1; 35 ℔s. 90c.@95c.; 40 ℔s. 85c.@90c.; 50 ℔s. 80c.@82½c.; and 60 to 80 ℔s. at 67½c.@77½c. English Salted Sheep Skins are in fair request, including Fleshers, at $1 25@$1 50, and Roans and Skivers at $2 75@$3 50 ℘ dozen.

LIME—Rockland, 70c. for common, and $1 20 for Lump, ℘ bbl.

MOLASSES—Continues inactive at former prices. New-Orleans, 50c.@52c.; Porto Rico, 32c.@41c.; Cuba Muscovado, 29c @34c.; Clayed Cuba, 26c.@29c. ℘ gallon, usual terms. 40 hhds. Cuba Muscovado were sold at 30c. ℘ gallon.

NAILS—Cut, 3¼c.@3½c.; German Wrought, 4½c.; Clinch, 5½c.@5¾c. ℘ ℔.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine continues in light supply and limited demand, at $3 75@$3 81¼ ℘ 280 ℔s. Small lots of Spirits Turpentine have been sold at 48½c., cash, ℘ gallon. Tar, $1 75@$2 25; Pitch $1 75@$2, ℘ bbl. Resin is in request, including Common at $1 70@$1 75, ℘ 310 ℔s.; No. 2, $2@$2 50; No. 1, at $2 75@$4 75; and White and Pale at $5@$7, ℘ 280 ℔s.

OIL-CAKE—City thin oblong, $40; Western thin, $34 50@$35.

OILS—Whale and Sperm have been less sought after, including Crude Whale at 50c.@53c., and do. Sperm, at $1 23@$1 25 ℘ gal on. Refined varieties are salable and buoyant at 65c.@67c. for bleached Winter Whale, and $1 30 for unbleached Winter Sperm. Linseed Oil continues quiet at 75c.@76c. ℘ gallon; some holders ask more. Lard Oil is selling, in lots, at 90c.@95c., and Olive Oil, 95c.@$1 05 ℘ gallon. Palm Oil, 8½c.@9c. Tallow Oil, 9½c. ℘ ℔. In New-Bedford during the week ending Sept. 13, sales were made of 600 bbls. Crude Sperm at $1 24; and 855 bbls. Crude Whale, chiefly at 48c.@50c. ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork is depressed and declining. The transactions include 900 bbls., in lots, at $17 40 for Mess; and $19 25@$19 37 for Clean; $16 75 for thin Mess; $16 60@$16 75 for Sour Mess, and $15 35@$15 40 for Prime, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats continue in demand, at 8¾c.@8⅞c. for Hams; 8¼c. for rough sides, and 6½c.@6¾c. for Shoulders, ℘ ℔. Bacon continues in light supply and good request, here and to arrive, at from 9½c.@11c. ℘ ℔. Lard is in demand at about former prices; 350 tcs. and bbls. changed hands, in lots, at 11¼c.@11¾c. for ordinary to prime old; and 11c. for new, ℘ ℔. Beef is in request and steady; sales 285 bbls., in lots, at $13 25@$14 50 for repacked Western Mess; $15@$15 50 for extra do.; $11 50@$12 for Country Mess, ℘ bbl. Sales 100 bbls. New Beef Hams, to arrive in October, at $23@$25 ℘ bbl. Butter is in request, at 12c.@17c. for Ohio; 14c.@20c. for common to good State, and 21c.@23c. for prime to choice State, ℘ ℔. Cheese is selling moderately, at 4½c.@7½c. for ordinary to prime, ℘ ℔.

RICE—Sales since our last 350 tcs., at $3@$3 75 ℘ 100 ℔s.

SALT—Is in fair demand, at prices within our range: Liverpool Ground, 65c.@67½c.; Fine, $1 12½@$1 32½ ℘ sack; Turk's Island, &c., 19c.@20c., ℘ bushel.

SEEDS—Clover is in demand, and is quoted at 9c.@10c. ℘ ℔. Flaxseed continues very scarce, and nominal in price. Calcutta Linseed has been in moderate request, and sales have been made in Boston of 1,300 bags, at $2, cash, ℘ bushel. Timothy is selling more freely, at from $2 12½@$2 62½ ℘ bushel.

SHOT—Drop, 6½c.; Buck, 7½c., ℘ ℔.

SPELTER—Plates, 6¼c.@6½c., ℘ ℔.

SPICES—Sales to-day, 150 bags Pepper, at 9⅜c.; 50 bales Cloves, at 8c., and 300 bags Pimento, at 6c., now held, in view of the reduced supply, at 6½c. ℘ ℔.

SUGARS—The demand is moderate, at about previous figures. Sales to-day, 630 hhds., nearly all Cuba, at from 7c.@8⅞c. ℘ ℔.

TALLOW—Is in request, and is quoted at 10¼c.@10½c. ℘ ℔.

TEAS—Are sparingly sought after at unchanged prices.

TIN—Is in slack request, at former prices, including Banca, at 28c.@28½c., and Straits at 27¾c.@28c. ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales, 750 bbls., in lots, chiefly at 24¼c.@24½c., ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements to-day included 500 bbls. Flour on private terms; 20 boxes Bacon at 15s. For London, 250 bbls. Resin at 2s. 3d. ℘ 280 ℔s. For Glasgow, 100 bbls. Flour at 2s. 3d.; and 5,000 bushels Wheat on terms not ascertained. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: four propeller steamers, the *Memphis, Atlanta, Caledonia* and *Westernport*, 500 tons each, to Paraguay, on Government account, for 6 months, at $10,000 each ℘ month; clipper ship *Crest of the Wave*, 1,014 tons, to San Francisco, $21,000; clipper ship *Minatou*, 1,401 tons, same voyage, at a round sum; a ship from New-Orleans to Havre, Cotton, ¾c.; a British bark from Richibucto to Hartlepool, England, Deals, £4 7s. 6d.; a Bremen bark from Baltimore to Rotterdam, Tobacco, 25s.; bark *Mary Lee* to Constantinople, Rum, 4c.; a bark, 394 tons, to Buenos Ayres, Lumber, $17, or if to Rosario, $21; a brig, 160 tons, to Coast of Africa and back, $1,900; a bark from Pensacola to Havana, Lumber, $10.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Sept. 15.

The Albany Bridge Case.—The entire day was occupied by Mr. Beach in recitations from the printed evidence taken on a former proceeding.

SUPERIOR COURT—Sept 13.

Before Judge Hoffman.

Wm. H. Fry vs. James Gordon Bennett.—The libel suit of Mr. Fry against Mr. Bennett was to have been heard in one of the aspects of the case yesterday, but by consent a postponement was ordered.

Supreme Court—*Circuit.*—The following Calendar at *Nisi Prius* has been made out for Monday next: *Part I.*—Nos. 1041, 503, 504, 15, 561, 497, 167, 57, 595, 575, 683, 695, 701, 705, 707, 709, 716, 717, 721, 725. *Part II.*—Nos. 582, 408, 560, 678, 680, 682, 684, 681, 69?, 694, 696, 698, 702, 704, 706, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718.

AMUSEMENTS

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE,

NO. 624 BROADWAY.

Sheridan's celebrated comedy, in consequence of the sterling

PUBLIC ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF ITS PRE-EMINENT CAST, as contrasted with its many celebrated impersonations, will be

REPEATED THREE NIGHTS MORE, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

	Haymarket Theatre, July 4, 1839	Laura Keene's Theatre, Sept. 13, 1858.
Sir Peter Teazle	W. Farren	W. R. Blake.
Sir Oliver Surface	Strickland	Burnett
Joseph Surface	Cooper	Couldock
Charles Surface	Walter Lacy	Sothern
Crabtree	Buckstone	Jefferson
Sir Benj. Backbite	Wrench	Peters
Careless	Hemming	Lingard
Rowley	Gough	Marden
Moses	Webster	Varrey
Sir Harry	Caulfield	Wharton
Trip	Brindal	Levick
Snake	Smith	McDouall
Lady Teazle	Mrs. Walter Lacey	Miss L. Keene
Lady Sneerwell	Mrs. W. Clifford	Miss Mary Wells
Mrs. Candour	Mrs. Glover	Mrs. Blake
Maria	Miss Fitzwilliam	Miss Sara Stevens

Mlle. LAMOUREUX, the celebrated Premier Danseuse, will, after the comedy, execute, her celebrated Pas Seul LA MADELINA.

Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE.

Broadway.

Enthusiastic reception and brilliant success of MADAME PAULINE COLSON, who will repeat the character of MARIE, in THE CHILD OF THE REGIMENT.

This evening THURSDAY, Sept. 16.

STRAKOSCH'S ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY, including Madame COLSON, Signor BRIGNOLI, Signor LABOCETTA, Signor AMODIO, Signor BARILI and Mons. JUNCA.

(The great basso, his first appearance in New-York.)

FOR TWO NIGHTS MORE.

This evening will be performed Donizetti's opera, LA FIGLIA DEL REGGIMENTO. (The Child of the Regiment.)

Marie, La Figlia del Reggimento	Mme. Colson
Tonio, Mentanero Swizzero	Signor Labocetta
Sulpizio Sargente	Signor Ettore Barili
La Marchesa di Maggiorivoglio	Signoria Morra
Ortensio Maggiordonio della Marchesa	Signor Corradi
Un Caporale	Signor Klebr

Dames, Peasants, Paisano Solda, &c., &c.

Dress circle and parquet, $1; reserved seats, $1 50; amphitheatre, 50 cents.

Friday—Mr. J. B. ROBERTS' second night.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

LAST NIGHT BUT TWO of H. C. Cooper's ENGLISH OPERA TROUPE.

The engagement of this highly successful company cannot be prolonged beyond Saturday, as they sing in Boston on the Monday following.

Last chance to witness the successful English version of IL TROVATORE at POPULAR PRICES. 50 and 25 cents.

THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 16, last representation of Verdi's tragic opera, in four acts, IL TROVATORE, Or the GIPSY'S VENGEANCE.

ANNIE MILNER, D. MIRANDA, C. GUILMETTE, F. RUDOLPHSEN, Mrs. HOLMAN.

H. C. Cooper..........Director and Conductor.

FRIDAY—Benefit of Mr. H. C. Cooper.

Doors open at 7½; Opera begins at 8 o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

JOINT APPEARANCE OF Señora PEPITA GASSIER, and Signor LUIGI STEFFANI, FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 17, 1858, Donizetti's popular tragic Opera of LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.

The principal characters will be sustained by Señora PEPITA GASSIER, Signor LUIGI STEFFANI, Signor GASSIER and Signor GASPARONI.

Conductors.........MAX MARETZEK, ANGELO TORRIANI.

Doors open at 7½; Opera commences at 8 o'clock.

ADMISSION:

Parquette, Dress Circle and Boxes	$1 00
Secured Seats, to be paid extra	50
Family Circle	50
Amphitheatre	25

Sale of tickets every day at the Office of the Academy, and at BREUSING'S and HALL'S Music Stores, from 9 till 5 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Engagement of MISS AGNES ROBERTSON, who will appear in conjunction with Miss ADA CLIFTON, Mrs. J. H. ALLEN, Mr. GEO. PAUNCEFORT, Mr. A. H. DAVENPORT, Mr. JOHN SLOAN, Mr. WHITING, Mr. GROSVENOR.

TO NIGHT, (Thursday,) Sept. 16, 1858, JESSIE BROWN; Or, The Relief of Lucknow, the celebrated Indian Drama.

NEW SCENES, by ISHERWOOD. NEW APPOINTMENTS.

Engagement of MR. DION BOURCICAULT, Who will appear as the Nena Sahib.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

No reserved seats. Tickets, 50 cents.

HOYM'S NEW THEATRE,

NOS. 199 AND 201 BOWERY.

CONTINUED SUCCESS.

Fourth night of the engagement of the celebrated ZAVISTOWSKI JUVENILE BALLET TROUPE. The INFANT ALICE, LA PETITE EMELINE, MLLE. CHRISTINE, the celebrated danseuse. THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 16, LA FETE DANSANTE, WARRIORS OF THE HAREM, TWO LOVERS. To conclude with SAILORS ASHORE. Prices of Admission—Private Boxes, $4; Parquette, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Gallery, 13 cents. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE,

Chatham-st., near Roosevelt.

Stage Manager..........Mr. N. B. Clarke.

THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

The Entertainment will commence with the Tragedy of ROMEO AND JULIET.

To be followed by the beautiful Drama of ESMERALDA; OR, THE HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessees.......Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard

THIS EVENING, (Thursday,) Sept. 16, GLENDOWER; or, The North Sea Rover.

Julian Glendower..........Mr. J. B. Howe

To be followed by THE KNIGHT OF ARVA.

To conclude with the Comedy of TURN OUT.

MOZART HALL,

No 663 Broadway.

PANORAMA OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

Also, eight Pictures of INTEMPERANCE.

The public are respectfully informed that the NEW PANORAMA WILL OPEN ON SEPT. 20, 1858.

In illustrating the New Testament, the proprietors had the desire and aim to represent that sublime work in a manner totally unprecedented; and, with that object, he begs to present the names of the following most distinguished scenic artists in the world, viz.: Messrs. HAWTHORN, ALFRED FREDRICKS, MINARD LEWIS, H. ISHERWOOD, Signor PRIMO and Mons. RIVIERE, as a guarantee of its excellence and grandeur.

This noble work, after a careful preparation of eight months, and at a cost of many thousand dollars, will be represented with a descriptive Lecture by Dr. YOUNG, the celebrated lecturer on the History of the World, and many other well-known subjects.

Each section will be preceded by appropriate music.

Admission, 25 cents.

Children under 12, 13 cents.

Doors open at 7; Panorama moves at 7¾.

WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, Doors open at 2, to commence at 3.

F. REENTZ & DEVERNA, Proprietors.

PALACE GARDENS.

GRAND GALA NIGHT. EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION. THIS EVENING, Sept. 16.

An unusually attractive programme will be offered, comprising

A GRAND CONCERT, BY MR. THOMAS BAKER'S FULL ORCHESTRA, Under the personal direction of MR. BAKER, And A MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS, Given by THE MESSRS. EDGE.

The GARDENS WILL BE SPLENDIDLY ILLUMINATED, by hundreds of extra Lights, Lanterns, Fireworks, &c.

Admittance 25 cents.

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The renowned CAMPBELL MINSTRELS, The Model Troupe of the World.

MONDAY EVENING, Sept 13, and every evening during the week, NATIONAL GUARD DANCE.

Essence of Essence..........by..........Mert Sexton

Unsworth's new Banjo Song on the Drivers of the Knickerbocker Stages.

Admission 25 cents. E. SNIFFIN, Proprietor.

GREAT FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.

Exhibitors are requested to bring in their articles without delay, as no articles will be received for competition after Sept. 22. F. W. GEISSENHAINER, Jr., Chairman.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FIVE ADMISSION TICKETS to the Academy of Music to be let for the ensuing Opera Season. These Tickets confer upon the holder all the legal privileges of a stockholder, in respect of admission to the house on all occasions, and selection of seats.

Inquire of C. S. BUXTON, No. 47 Wall st., second story, Office No. 1.

AMUSEMENTS.

GEOLOGICAL LECTURES.

Dr. BOYNTON respectfully announces that, in compliance with the invitation of a number of distinguished citizens of New-York, he will give his course of eight "Illustrated Lectures on Geology and the Natural History of Creation," at the large Hall of the Union, COOPER INSTITUTE, commencing FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 17, and continued on every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENING following till closed.

PROGRAMME.

1. Mechanical Astronomy, in which will be illustrated, by experiments in Natural Philosophy, the laws which govern the formation, form, motion and situation of the Heavenly bodies with the Earth.
2. Igneous Condition of the Interior of the Earth, Causes of Volcanoes, Earthquakes, and the Elevation of Continents and Islands.
3. Composition and Position of Rocks. Gold Deposits, Quartz Veins and Formations of California.
4. First Creation of Animal Life Classification of Rocks by Fossil Remains found in them.
5. Coal Beds, how the Coal was produced, with proofs that all Coals, Graphite and the Diamond, are of vegetable origin. Difference between Bituminous and Anthracite Coal and how caused.
6. The Period of Reptiles, Organic Remains of myriads of Animals that existed on the earth and in the seas millions of years before the Creation of Man.
7. Warm-blooded Animals—difference between the Animals that exist with Man, and those that were on the earth before Man was created. Mastodon and Mammoth Period.
8. The present order of Animals with the Human Race, Age of the Earth. Agreement of the Biblical and Geological Chronology. The harmony of Geology with the Mosaic account of the Creation.

One evening will be devoted to a series of brilliant ELECTRICAL and GALVANIC EXPERIMENTS.

The Lectures will be illustrated by more than ONE HUNDRED LARGE PAINTINGS, which cover 3,000 feet of canvas, and were executed at a cost of more than $4,000.

Tickets for the Course, $1. Single admission, 25 cents. Tickets for sale at HALL & SON'S Music Store, at the office of the Cooper Institute and door. Doors open at 7—to commence at 7½ o'clock.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,

Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

Doors open at 6¾, to commence at 7¾ o'clock.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—GRAND CHANGE IN THE VIEWS.—THIODON'S THEATRE OF ARTS. This AFTERNOON, at 3, this EVENING, at 7½. BONAPARTE CROSSING THE ALPS; ISLAND OF ST. HELENA; THE CITY OF EDINBURG; THE FLYING ROPE AUTOMATON; THE STORM AT SEA. The Grand Aquaria, or Ocean and River Gardens, are now in beautiful condition, and to be seen at all times, as well as the Happy Family, Living Serpents, &c. Admittance to all, 25 cents; children under ten, 13 cents.

MR. R. GOLDBECK BEGS TO INFORM THE public that he will shortly give a series of Concerts, in which he will produce his "Symphony," a "Second Trio" his "Scherzo Eroico," for piano and violin, and several other new compositions. N. B.—Mr. GOLDBECK'S pupils are informed that his address is No. 149 9th-st.

MRS. SEGUIN, PRIMA DONNA OF THE late Seguin Opera Troupe, begs to inform her pupils and the public, that she has returned from Europe, and resumes her lessons to those studying for the parlor, church, concert-room or stage. Address, No. 9 St. Clements-place, Macdougal st., near 8th-st.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.—THIRD AND LAST WEEK of Signor BLITZ. The LEARNED CANARY BIRDS, NEW SCENES in VENTRILOQUISM, NEW FEATS OF MAGIC. MONDAY, Sept. 13, and EVERY EVENING; commencing at 7¾; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 3 o'clock. Admission 25 cents; children 13 cents.

GRAND ROWING REGATTA THIS DAY, commencing at 1 o'clock P. M., from Conrad's Garden, Yorkville. Boats from all parts will contend for the championship. Second and third av. Railroad cars take passengers within a short distance of the race ground.

THE CELEBRATED ABBOTT COLLECTION of Egyptian Antiquities is still on exhibition at No. 659 Broadway, day and evening. Admission 25 cts.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NOW READY:

FROM NEW-YORK TO DELHI,

BY WAY OF RIO DE JANEIRO, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

BY ROBERT B. MINTURN, JR., OF NEW-YORK.

This work has grown out of a six months' tour in India, just before the outbreak of the recent mutiny. The materials were principally derived from letters intended only for the perusal of the author's family. He has been induced to give his observations a more permanent form and a wider circulation, both on account of the interest which has been excited in the subject by the events of the last year, and because, considering the size and population of the Indian Peninsula, its immense capabilities of production, and the important position that it may hereafter hold in the economy and commerce of the world, it certainly has not hitherto attracted in this country its due share of attention.

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TEACHERS will not fail to examine PARKER'S NATURAL PHILOSOPHY, PORTER'S PRINCIPLES OF CHEMISTRY, NORTON & PORTER'S FIRST BOOK OF SCIENCE, Before introducing other books.

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No. 1. Tricks and Traps, 10 cents.	Peter Funk Watch $10.
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Peddlers will find these books adapted to all parts of the country. Sent free by mail.

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CAUSE AND CURE OF EVIL—THE PHILANTHROPIC CONVENTION AT UTICA.—An authentic report of the speeches, letters and proceedings will be published in this week's *Spiritual Telegraph* Price 5 cents per copy, $2 per annum. Address CHARLES PARTRIDGE, No. 125 Maiden-lane, New-York.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,

No. 806 Broadway, New York, No. 197 Montague-place, Brooklyn,

Will commence in New York on SATURDAY, Sept. 25; in Brooklyn, FRIDAY, Sept. 24.

Mr. DODWORTH would take occasion to say that he has long felt the necessity of introducing a system of instruction for the use of the younger pupils, by which the exercise of dancing would be of more benefit physically, and more useful in the development of graceful movement, than it has been of late years. The facility with which the Polka and similar dances of the present time are acquired, has induced many to neglect those exercises that were formerly indispensable. To that neglect as one of the causes may be attributed the appearance of so many round-shouldered young misses of the present generation. They are sent to school and allowed to stoop over their desks without intermediate exercise, until the growing frame assumes the position in which it has been so long restrained; they are then sent to a teacher of dancing, with the expectation that by learning the Polka, Schottische and a few other dances, all this will be remedied, and that they will at once become graceful women. Surely these things should be better understood. Were children sent to dancing early in life, at intervals during their necessary studies, and the teacher allowed to exercise them in such a manner, and in such dances (in addition to the fashionable ones) as would add grace to the figure, walk, and every movement, something would then be gained consistent with the true object of this valuable accomplishment. Anxious to restore the art to its former usefulness, Mr. Dodworth instructed his classes in that acknowledged graceful study, the "Minuet de la Cœur," and other dances of similar usefulness. The evident success of this course in its effect upon the pupils encouraged him to give more attention to Dancing as connected with Calisthenics; and, during his late tour through Germany, France and Great Britain, he made it his business to call upon the most prominent teachers, and consult with them in regard to the best methods of accomplishing those desirable results. He hopes, therefore, to have gained such information as will, in addition to his own experience, enable him to present to his pupils a system that will not only make them dance the Polka, but will improve their health, figure and walk, and, consequently have a salutary effect upon every movement in life.

During his European tour of this season, Mr Dodworth has had favorable opportunities of studying the peculiar dances of Poland and Hungary so popular at the present time in Vienna. Some of these, with other novelties, will be introduced at the earliest moment of the present season.

Circulars may be had at either Academy.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMIES,

No. 59 West 14th-st., New York; No. 122 Clinton-st., Brooklyn.

Mme. DUBREUL FERRERO and E. FERRERO respectfully announce that the above Academies will open on Oct 9, in New-York, and Oct. 12, in Brooklyn. Gentlemen's evening class on Oct. 18 in New-York, and Oct. 19 in Brooklyn. All dances now in vogue on the Continent will be taught during the season. Strict attention paid to walking, standing, manners, and first rudiments of dancing. Schools and private classes attended. Soirees given as usual. Circulars can be had at the Academies.

THE ART OF DANCING.—NO. 54 EAST THIRTEENTH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Mr. CHARRUAUD, assisted by Mrs. A. LANNAY, respectfully acquaints his patrons and the public that his Classes will open on Saturday, Oct. 23. Days, Wednesday and Saturday, at 12 o'clock noon for children; at 3½, afternoon, for young ladies and masters. Gentlemen's Class on Tuesday and Friday at 8 o'clock, evening—to commence Nov. 1. Soirees as usual. Circulars obtained at the room or at Mrs. CHARRUAUD'S residence, No. 148 East 17th-st., near Stuyvesant-park.

POLITICAL.

REPUBLICANS OF THE TENTH WARD, BROOKLYN.—Your Primary Election comes off THIS (Thursday) EVENING, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock, at Conklin's Hall, corner of Atlantic and Smith sts. Republicans of the Xth Ward opposed to fraud and Hasbrook's list, are requested to turn out in force at 7½ o'clock. You will see fun there to-night. By order of the SECRET COMMITTEE.

FIFTH WARD (BROOKLYN) REPUBLICANS, and all others friendly to the cause, are requested to meet at Prospect Hall, No. 123 Prospect-st., on THURSDAY, the 16th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing delegates to the County, Congressional and Assembly Conventions. By order of the General Committee.

DRY GOODS.

355 BROADWAY,

(Store formerly occupied by Beck & Co.)

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO., IMPORTERS, JOBBER AND RETAILERS, have now opened, AT RETAIL, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FALL DRY GOODS, Comprising choice selections of the NEWEST AND MOST DESIRABLE STYLES to be found in the European markets.

They would respectfully call attention to their stock, convinced that on inspection it will be found unsurpassed in variety and richness of Fabrics, adapted to CITY RETAIL TRADE.

SILKS IN ROBE A TABLEAU,
ROBE A LEZ,
ROBE A DOUBLE JUPE,
ROBE A DOUBLE JUPE A LEZ,
ROBE A DEUX VOLANTS,
ROBE A QUILLES
SILKS BY THE YARD IN GREAT VARIETY,
ALSO,

A complete assortment of PLAIN and FANCY FABRICS, consisting of PRINTED ROBES DE CHAMBRE, in CASHMERE DE CHINE and 'ECOSSE. CASHMERE AND MOUSLIN DE LAINE, A TABLEAU ET A LEZ. DE LAINES, PLAIN AND PRINTED MERINOS, POPLINS, SHAWLS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, IRISH LINENS, LINEN SHEETINGS AND TABLE LINENS, WHITE GOODS. FRENCH AND ENGLISH PRINTS. BLANKETS, FLANNELS, &c., &c. LACES, EMBROIDERIES. Also FAMILY MOURNING GOODS IN EVERY VARIETY

ELEGANT PARIS CLOAKS.

ARMAND & LAMONTAINE'S BANKRUPTCY.

SALE IN CONTINUATION, at the spacious and eligible store No. 361 Broadway.

Received for the present week, SUPERB VELVET CLOAKS, GRAY CLOTH RAGLANS, BLACK CLOTH CIRCULARS.

A Most Complete Assortment, At merely nominal prices.

W. D. ESTERRE.

A GREAT PARISIAN NOVELTY.

THE CABLE CLOTH CLOAK, JUST INTRODUCED AT PARIS in commemoration OF THE LATE AUSPICIOUS EVENT.

An assortment just received by BULPIN, No. 415 Broadway.

A NEW AND SELECT CLOAK,

of PLAID CHENILE CLOTH, Will be exhibited this week In all the new and beautiful colors, At BULPIN'S, No. 415 Broadway.

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TEN THOUSAND HANDSOME SHAWLS Will be on sale this week, AT THE SPACIOUS & ELIGIBLE STORE No. 361 Broadway.

All to be sold in 60 days.

Totally regardless of cost of production

W. D. ESTERRE.

A SPLENDID LOT OF OPERA CLOAKS,

STYLISH, RICH AND NOVEL, Will be opened this week, and OFFERED AT MODERATE PRICES, At BULPIN'S, No. 415 Broadway.

NEW FALL STOCK, DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, &c., CHEAP FOR CASH OR SHORT CREDIT, CUMMING, SIMPSON & ARMSTRONG, NO. 146 BROADWAY, CORNER OF LIBERTY-ST

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No. 513 Broadway,

has been stocked with the latest Paris fashions of INFANTS' ROBES, CLOAKS and HOODS, Embroidered, Braided and Plain, INFANTS' AND YOUNG CHILDREN'S WARDROBES INFANTS' TOILETTE BASKETS. MISSES' DRESSES and CHILDREN'S UNDER LINEN, of every description. LADIES' UNDER LINEN, OF EVERY QUALITY AND STYLE, Richly Trimmed and Plain, MORNING ROBES of Silk, Delaine and Muslin. FANCY SUITS FOR YOUNG BOYS. All of the best workmanship, and moderate prices.

No. 513 BROADWAY, St. Nicholas Hotel.

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Are receiving daily new and desirable styles of goods in their line.

Confining themselves to DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, they are able to offer a great variety, to which they invite the attention of buyers, for cash or short credit.

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Le BOUTILLIER BROTHERS have received many more cases of CHOICE SILKS, and can now show one of the best assortments in the City, all at the lowest prices. BROCALE SILKS, STRIPED SILKS, BAYADERE SILKS, PLAID SILKS, ~~and all the~~ newest and most fashionable styles

No. 305 Canal st., 4 doors from Broadway.

NOTICE.

The new addition to the present premises occupied by A. T. STEWART & CO. will be opened on Monday, Sept. 20, at 9 A. M., with an elegant and attractive stock of every description of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, CARPETS, CURTAIN MATERIALS, &c., &c., &c., Imported expressly for the occasion.

Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

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Le BOUTILLIER BROTHERS will open on Saturday,
300 LONG BROCHE SHAWLS,
100 SQUARE BROCHE SHAWLS,
100 STELLA SHAWLS.
At exceedingly low prices.
No. 305 Canal-st., 4 doors from Broadway.

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WILLIAM EMBERSON, NO 353 EIGHTH-AV., corner of 28th-st., has a beautiful assortment of embroideries, collars, sleeves, bands, edgings, black Brussels and guipure laces, ribbons, trimmings, fringes, bonnet flowers, feathers and a good assortment of fancy articles. It is the only place up town where you can get suited in the above articles. Goods from auction cheap.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS OF THE BEST patterns and materials at a great reduction in price. Domestic Satin, Jean and Coutille corsets from 50 cents to $2 extension spring skirts, Misses 6 springs, 50 cents; ladies' 8 springs, $1; do. 11 springs, $1 25, at Mrs. BARNES' Wholesale Corset Manufactory, No. 34 Carmine-st

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GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.—A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT AT NO. 106 CHATHAM-ST.

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KNITTED WOOLEN SACKETS, OVERSHIRTS AND OVERALLS, IN THE GREATEST VARIETY.

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IF YOU WISH TO BE TREATED GENTLEMANLY AND POLITELY, WHETHER YOU BUY OR NOT, GO AND EXAMINE THE GOODS OF THE SOCIETY FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF WEARING CLEAN SHIRTS, NO. 106 CHATHAM ST., CORNER OF PEARL.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

CORNER STONE.—THE CORNER-STONE OF "Kip's Bay" Methodist Episcopal Church, East 37th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., will be laid on THURSDAY, the 16th inst., at 3½ P. M., by the Rev. Dr. Bangs. Addresses by the Rev. J. S. Inskip and the Rev. J. T. Newman.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

THE NEW-JERSEY ZINC COMPANY, NO. 165 WASHINGTON-ST., N. Y. MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE OXIDE OF ZINC, ZINC PAINTS AND PIG IRON.

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COBURN'S EXTRA LARD OIL.—VERY pure, never gums, burns without crust brightly and long as sperm. Barrels 20 to 40 gallons. JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 32 William-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1858.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Lucia di Lammermoor.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—English Opera—Trovatore.

BURTON'S THEATRE—La Figlia del Reggimento.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Jessie Brown.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The School for Scandal—La Madeline.

HOYM'S NEW THEATRE, Nos. 199 and 201 Bowery—Zavistowski's Juvenile Ballet and Pantomime Troupe, and Mlle. Christine.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—Romeo and Juliet—Esmeralda.

BOWERY THEATRE—Glendower—The Knight of Arva—Turn Out.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—Theodon's Theatre of Art—New Views and Illustrations.

PALACE GARDEN—Grand Concert—Fireworks.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—Ethiopian Minstrelsy.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM—Signor Blitz—Magic—Ventriloquism.

MINSTREL HALL, No. 444 Broadway—Ethiopian Minstrelsy.

APOLLO ROOMS—Welsh Nightingale.

Ocean Mail Steamers.

The European mails by the steamship *Africa*, of the Cunard line, hence for Liverpool, to-day, at 12 M., will close at the Post-Office at 10½ A. M.

Mails Close at Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas	3½ P.M.
North and West Way Mail	5½ A.M.
Western Mail via Erie Railroad	5½ A.M. and 3½ P.M.
South and Southwestern Mail	7 A.M. and 4½ P.M.
East for Boston, by Railroad	5½ A.M. and 2 P.M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat	4 P.M.

Ocean Mail Steamers.

The European mails by the steamship *Fulton*, hence for Southampton and Havre, on Saturday next, at noon, will close at the Post-Office at 10½ A. M. of that day.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Democratic State Convention for the nomination of candidates for State officers assembled at Syracuse yesterday, and after some skirmishing, and setting aside the contested seat disputes, succeeded in effecting a permanent organization, with HORATIO SEYMOUR as President. It was evident at an early stage of the proceedings that the Softs were strong enough to do as they pleased, and when the proposition was made to admit one-half of each delegation from New-York, it was voted to refer it to the Committee on the contested seats of that county, to be appointed by the President. This was a virtual defeat of the Wood delegation, as was proved during the evening session, when he and his followers, after hearing the decision against them, withdrew from the Convention "under protest." The weather interfered seriously with telegraphing last night, and our full report of the proceedings had not reached us up to the time of going to press with our first edition. It was pretty evident, however, that nominations would not be made until to-day.

The steamship *Vigo*, from Liverpool on the 1st inst., arrived at this port last night. Her advices were anticipated by the *Vanderbilt*, which sailed from Southampton on the same day, and the news by which we published on Monday morning.

From New-Mexico we learn that a battle had probably been fought prior to the 23d of August, between the command of Major BROOKS and the Navajo Indians. The difficulty originally grew out of the murder of a negro belonging to Major BROOKS, by the Indians. They offered several thousand sheep and ponies to Major BROOKS as an indemnity, but he insisted on the murderer being given up, which they refused.

The anniversary of PERRY'S Victory on Lake Erie was celebrated on the 10th inst., at Put-in Bay, about forty miles southeast from the mouth of Detroit River, and near which the engagement took place. The celebration was participated in by delegations from Detroit, Buffalo, Toledo, Sandusky, Cleveland, and other places on the Lake Shore, and was a very spirited affair. Speeches were made by Governor CHASE, of Ohio; the Hon. JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS, Judge WATKINS, of Michigan; Mayor STARKWEATHER, of Cleveland, and others, and an original poem wes recited by D. BETHUNE DUFFIELD, Esq., of Detroit. A report of the proceedings, prepared specially for the TIMES, will be found in this morning's paper.

The Commissioners from the Republic of Venezuela who have been deputed to invite the return of General JOSE A. PAEZ, who, as President of that Republic, was treacherously deposed and exiled in 1848, arrived in this City yesterday, having reached Philadelphia on the 13th per the bark *Joseph Maxwell*. Their names are PETER J. ROJAS, General JOSEPH AUSTRIA, Dr. MANUEL A. PAEZ, son of the General, and MIGUEL MUJICA. The day for the reception of the delegates has not yet been named, but it is understood that the long exiled President will return to his native country, probably to resume the reigns of Government, in the course of a month.

Mr. MASON, our Minister at Paris, has sent dispatches to the State Department, which speak in flattering terms of the treaty negotiated by Mr. REED with China. It is said to be similar in all respects with those concluded with France and England.

The statements relative to rich gold diggings in the region of Pike's Peak, in Kansas, is corroborated by a number of gentlemen who have recently returned from that locality to St. Louis. Companies are being formed in many of the towns in the Territories to proceed to work the mines.

The second day of the National Horse Show at Springfield was marked by increased attraction. A great number of distinguished visitors were on the ground. The show of horses was very fine, and many interesting trials of speed took place. One contest was between the horses *Ethan Allen* and *Hiram Drew*, in which the former won in 2:40, mile heats. The exhibition of young stock is believed to be the finest ever seen in this country. The number of visitors yesterday is estimated at 12,000, and the receipts are put down at $5,000.

The Mayor attended the meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration, on Wednesday, as one of the "Construction Committee" of the Board in raising new Hospitals at Quarantine. After the presentation of the report, and some conversation thereon, it was resolved that the Committee on Contracts be directed to put the Small-Pox Hospital and the Warden's house in repair, and that the Committee on Construction cause plans and estimates to be prepared for the Marine Hospital, and submit the same. Mr. Commissioner JELLINGHAUS returned a reply, in a letter to the Board, to the attack of General-Superintendent TALLMADGE, as to the neglect of duty at the time of the fire.

The New-York Chamber of Commerce held a special meeting yesterday upon the subject of the contemplated removal of the Post-Office to the site of the Broadway Theatre. A strong resolution was unanimously adopted against the change.

The steamboat *Enoch Dean*, at 1 o'clock yesterday, broke her walking-beam, when returning to New-York from Flushing, and when off Strattonport. The shattered beam fell into the ladies' cabin, but fortunately no one was injured. The passengers landed in a boat which came off to them.

The business in the Court of General Sessions, this term, before Judge RUSSELL, is almost at a stand-still. Again, yesterday, nothing worth noticing was done, and the Court adjourned, after less than two hours' sitting. JOHN L. GRAHOE pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, and was sentenced to the State Prison for two years. JOHN WALLACE was convicted of grand larceny, and received the same punishment. CHARLES NAGLE, for burglary, was sent for six months to the Penitentiary, and fined $100. PHILIP WEBSTER, convicted of an attempt to commit burglary, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year. Nothing else was done, although many important cases are waiting to be tried. When will Judge RUSSELL wake up?

The General Markets yesterday, were quiet for Cotton, and more active than on Tuesday for Flour, Wheat and Corn. Prices of Grain favored sellers. Pork, Bacon, Lard and Beef were in fair demand, at, however, somewhat irregular rates. Groceries were less freely dealt in, as were Naval Stores, Hay, and Hides. Freights were quoted firmer, with, however, light engagements. The number of vessels of all classes in port, was 825.

The Cattle markets continue overstocked, for though there was a falling off yesterday of 1,200 from the previous week, the supply still remained nearly 1,400 above the weekly average of last year. The total City receipts for the seven days ending yesterday were 4,503. The total receipts for *three* weeks past have been 15,320, which differs but a few bullocks from the average for *five* weeks last year. Prices yesterday were no better than on the previous Wednesday. The wholesale cost of Beef to the butchers is but little over half what it was the fore part of last year. Why should consumers pay nearly the same price for the meat when retailed, as they have done for years past?

Is a Citizen Soldiery Dangerous to Liberty?

The *Tribune*, yesterday morning, in opening a most lugubrious article upon the state of affairs at Staten Island, laid claim to more than usual cheerfulness of disposition, and declared that on all ordinary occasions it took the most hopeful view possible of the position of public affairs. How far this is true is a matter which we leave its readers to decide; but we must say that it does not exhibit many traces of a sanguine temperament in its treatment of Gov. KING'S proclamation. The public will be astonished to learn that the country has no longer half so much to fear from the "Slave power," or "excessive importation," or the neglect of agriculture, or Free-trade, as from a *coup d'état* by a wicked Chief Magistrate in command of the New-York State Militia. Organized riots, connived at by the officers of the law and headed by justices of the pease, are nothing; arson is nothing; the sack of hospitals is nothing; bold and red-handed defiance of the statute law by a whole county, threatens the State with no evil which a patriot cannot afford to despise. It is the Eighth, Seventh and Seventy-first Regiments, commanded by General SANDFORD, and composed of young gentlemen doing business in this City, which menace us with the destruction of our liberties.

If this view of the case be correct—if a bad, corrupt or ambitious man, who makes his way into the Gubernatorial chair, has only to issue his orders to cause the State Militia to aid him in ruling us by martial law, in setting the Courts at defiance, it is high time, not that the Staten Island rioters were allowed to have their own way, but that the militia were disbanded. If it be capable of lending itself to the base purposes of a public traitor, and aiding him in taking the law into his own hands when the public safety does not call for it, it is just as objectionable, and in fact more so than a standing army. We have been long in the habit of congratulating ourselves on the fact that our citizen soldiery served all the purposes of a permanent mercenary force, without exposing us to any of its dangers. But if the awful spectacle which the *Tribune* has witnessed from the Battery, of three dozen white tents on Staten Island, containing 300 citizens of New-York, armed in defence of hospitals and of order, be just as great a menace to freedom as 10,000 Russian Mujiks would be under GORTSCHAKOFF, the sooner we get rid of our civilian army the better. All the good they do us, as a safeguard against foreign invasion, is nothing compared to the risk we run from their unscrupulous, blind obedience to their own commanders. These gentlemanly, educated, intelligent clerks, and lawyers, and artists, born and educated for the most portion on American soil, pursuing their occupations peaceably like the rest of us, with wives and sisters living next door to us, proud of their country, and jealous of her liberties, may seem very sensible, peaceable men at a dinner table, or an evening party; but, says the *Tribune*, FERNANDO WOOD has only to become Governor to use them every one as his agents in establishing a despotism. If this be true, all we can say is that the *Tribune's* general hopefulness is utterly incomprehensible in our eyes. If we thought there was so large and influential a body of our fellow-citizens capable of being turned into traitors by any jail-bird whom Tammany Hali might place in the Governorship, we should lapse into the profoundest melancholy, and refuse to be comforted. We should feel that to take a hopeful view of anything in the country would be almost a crime as long as such an organization as the militia was in existence, and we should demand its disbandment with as much earnestness and emphasis as we should apply to the Metropolitan Police for protection against a threatened assault at the hands of Mr. MORRISSEY or the Benicia Boy. We think more highly of the *Tribune* than to suppose for a moment that, fearing the citizen soldiery as it does, the cheerfulness is not merely assumed, in order not to terrify the weak and ignorant; and that in the retirement of its sanctum, the mere contemplation of the political horizon does not cause it to wrap itself in sackcloth and place dust and ashes on its head.

We for our part confess—and we believe we have the majority of thinking men on our side—that we believe we have mainly to fear, not the bayonets of our sons and brothers, acting under the orders of the Governor, but the clubs and pistols, and firebrands of mobs, led on by reckless and designing knaves. There was more harm done to the best interests of society by the sack of the Quarantine buildings, with the applause of a whole county, and without the smallest opposition from policeman, magistrate, or soldier, than could be done by forty regiments of volunteers standing on guard round the beds of sick men and women. The tendencies of the times are not to exalt the executive at the expense of the community, but to prostrate the executive and the community both at the feet of the turbulent and unscrupulous. The Metropolitan Police bill was said by many patriots to be a fearful blow at municipal liberties; but it is not Deputy-Superintendent CARPENTER who makes us tremble in our beds, but the "Dead Rabbits" and the "Forty-Acre Crowd." It is growing to be the fashion of the day to redress grievances not by petition and vote, but by gangs of armed rowdies. The *Tribune* sees no danger in their excesses, but the least straining of the law by the Governor on behalf of society and property is indignantly denounced as a measure directed against our freedom. It may possibly be true—though we confess we care very little whether it be or not—that the proclamation was not quite *en règle*, or was a little too tardy. But tardy or irregular, it was better than no proclamation at all. Better to send down armed citizens by a small breach of law to save public property from the torches of a mob, than to allow the mob itself, by a monstrous breach of law, to exult on the very scene of their crime, and snap their fingers in the face of society. If the law is to be violated and liberty to be threatened by somebody, in heaven's name let it be by Governor KING and the Eighth Regiment, rather than by RAY TOMPKINS and his following of ragamuffins and outlaws.

The militia of Richmond County has, we admit, not been called out, and the "power" of Richmond County has not been summoned to attend the Sheriff for the maintenance of the peace. Possibly the steps which have been taken would have been a little more legal, if they had. But everybody who has watched what has taken place, must feel morally certain that both the County militia and the *posse comitatus*, sympathized with the rioters, and, far from dispersing or arresting them, would have let them have their own way. If with this conviction on his mind, Governor KING had called for their assistance, we think he would have been guilty of a grave error. He would have increased the shame and confusion under which we labor at this moment—by adding to the painful spectacle of the destruction of a State hospital by an armed mob, the still more painful spectacle of connivance on the part of the organized forces of the County at the commission of a horrible crime. Our humiliation would then have been complete. For our part we thank him for not aggravating, by stupid obedience to forms, a scandal which our children's children will blush to remember.

The Democratic Convention at Syracuse.

Yesterday, at noon, the State Convention of the Democratic Party met at Syracuse. Mr. PETER CAGGER called the body to order, and, on his nomination, Ex-Governor HORATIO SEYMOUR was chosen President—a preliminary Chairman being dispensed with. The Softs being largely in the majority, were able to fix everything in a way to suit themselves, and accordingly took a short cut to a permanent organization, having no desire to gratify the Hards by permitting a scramble for official positions in the Convention. Four Secretaries were chosen, and the Chair was authorized to appoint eight Vice-Presidents.

The war of the roses began, of course, upon the question of seats. It was ascertained that contests existed in six different counties, chief among which were New-York and Kings, each sending two full delegations, though E. F. PURDY got rid of his contestant by locking him out of the hall, so that he could not answer to his name when called. This masterly *coup d'état* left one seat out of the seventeen to which New-York is entitled uncontested. D. E. SICKLES led the Softs, or Tammany Hall Delegation, and FERNANDO WOOD the embattled column of Hards.

Mr. MILLER, a Soft delegate from Columbia, opened the ball by moving a Committee of eight on each County in which seats were contested. Mr. FREER, Hard, of Cortlandt, moved that half of each New-York delegation be admitted, according to the precedent of former years. But the Softs resisted the proposition, knowing that they could do better.

After some severe sparring between SICKLES and WOOD, a motion by E. F. PURDY prevailed, to refer the half-and-half proposition to the Committee to be appointed—in other words, to kill it. So ended the last chance of the Hards. At this point a recess was had till 4 o'clock. When the Convention came together again, the Chair announced the Committees, six in number, on contested seats. Their names and other particulars will be found in the telegraphic columns of this morning's TIMES. After providing for a State Central Committee, and a Committee on Resolutions, another recess to 7 o'clock was taken. At the Evening Session the Committee on the New-York Contested Seats reported in favor of the entire Tammany delegation, and the report was adopted by the Convention, whereupon FERNANDO WOOD and his followers withdrew, under protest, and under a cloud.

In the course of to-day the nominations will, doubtless, be made, and all the business closed up, as the Softs have a strong working majority.

New-York Post-Office.

From the Journal of Commerce.

"It is rumored that certain gentlemen have opened a negotiation with the Postmaster-General for the sale to the Government of the Broadway Theatre property, as a site for the New-York Post-Office, and have carried it nearly, but we believe not quite, to the point of consummation. It was by mere accident that the fact, if it be one, came to the knowledge of the Chairman of the Post-Office Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, who lost no time in communicating with the Postmaster-General, assuring him that such a location for the Post-Office would be exceedingly prejudicial to the great body of the merchants, and asking that, if the negotiation had not gone too far, he would defer further action until the Chamber of Commerce could be heard on the subject. The Chamber meets to-day, to take the matter into consideration. We understand that the Postmaster General consented to postpone his decision until the Chamber should have opportunity to express its views.

"The Broadway Theatre property, we are informed, is 75 feet on Broadway, by a little over 200 feet deep, with an L running out to Worth-street. It is flanked on both sides by deep and high stores, which cut off all light in those directions, leaving only the comparatively narrow front and rear, together with the L, open to the light—unless, indeed, that indispensable article in such an establishment should be obtained through the roof. The price, we understand, is a fraction over $300,000; and it is said that plans and specifications have been got up for an iron structure, which will bring the whole cost of building and ground within the limits of the appropriation made by Congress, viz., $500,000."

If the action of the Chamber of Commerce is the only bar to the purchase of the Broadway Theatre, the bargain may, we apprehend, be regarded as closed. It is perhaps a reflection upon the good sense of our citizens, but it is nevertheless true, that they have not acquired the habit of relying for their opinions upon that ancient and respectable body, profound as its deliberations unquestionably are, and especially exhaustive as are its rescripts touching the usury laws, and such other trifling restrictions upon the cupidity of money lenders. If the Postmaster-General has the slightest notion that the Chamber expresses the sentiments of the mercantile community of this City, to say nothing of the public at large, he will do well to familiarize himself with New-York, its men and interests, before he passes upon the present or any other question in which we are concerned.

With regard to the property now under consideration, there is certainly room for diversity of opinion. The TIMES has uniformly advocated the appropriation of the lower angle of the Park as a Post-Office site. We still believe that to be the most desirable point, and shall retain that conviction until the final location of the building elsewhere shall render our advocacy nugatory.

But as between the present site and that now contemptated upon Broadway, there is, we conceive, no room to hesitate. The one is aloof from the centre of business, the other would be as near the medial point as appears to be practical. The *Journal of Commerce*, by the adroit introduction of New-Jersey and Long Island as tributaries of our Post-Office, certainly succeeds in making out a case for Nassau-street. But Brooklyn and Jersey City have offices of their own, and are therefore independent of this City—a fact that of itself destroys the *Journal's* geometry, and removes its imaginary centre. The truth is, even if the mercantile interest is alone to be consulted in regard to the subject, there are more merchants north and west of the Broadway Theatre, than to the south and east of it; it is within the reach of more business men than the other. But there is a vast mob of people, property-owners, retired residents, traders, mechanics and laborers—men of all conditions and occupations, who outnumber the technical merchants a hundred to one, and who all reside to the north of Worth-street, and would be accommodated by the removal of the Post-Office. We venture to suggest, the Chamber and the *Journal of Commerce* to the contrary, that this bulky majority of our citizens have claim to some trifling influence in the matter.

The lot on Broadway, the *Journal* states, is smaller than that on Nassau. It is larger. The Church lot contains 20,250 square feet; the Theatre lot has 21,250. The price of the former exceeds by $20,000 the entire half-million to which the lot and building are restricted; while the latter, according to the *Journal*, can be bought, cleared, and a fire-proof building placed upon it for less than the appropriation. With regard to light, skylights and glass-floors will supply all that is required. If further room is needed, it can be had at half the price demanded for property on Cedar and Liberty streets. The front upon Broadway, we are told, is 75 feet, while upon Worth-street the front is 100 feet at least; thus affording ample access to the public, and every needed facility for receiving and despatching mails. In fact, there is every advantage in the proposed over the present site; and, if the question is narrowed to preserving the office where it is, or of removing it to the corner of Broadway and Worth, the public sense, we conjecture, will approve the removal.

At all events, it will be well for the Post-master-General to remember, that New-York has inhabitants who are not shipping merchants, bankers, and brokers, and whose sentiments are not represented by the Chamber of Commerce, or the Wall-street journal. If this unnoticed class be consulted, there can be no question as to his decision.

North Atlantic Steamship Line.

The third departure of the Galway steamers from this port occurs to-day. The *Pacific*, escorted by an enthusiastic company of Irish gentlemen in their excursion boat, will leave the harbor, with a full complement of passengers and ample freight. The experiment of the Manchester speculator has succeeded. It is demonstrated that travelers will go and shippers will send by the way of Ireland; and that a far larger fleet of much larger steamers can find employment. It is a happy thing for Ireland to emerge from private life and figure in the high-road of the world; it is a good thing for Galway to ascend from a fishing village into a great commercial City; it is an ill thing for Liverpool, which, between Southampton and the Irish town, threatens to subside into a port of secondary consequence. But the paths of trade and travel are ever shifting, like the channels of Western rivers. The highway of to-day may to-morrow be grass-grown; the wilderness may become a thoroughfare. The future importance of Galway is now beyond question. The whole of Ireland will share in the better times.

Mr. JOHN O. LEVER, to whom the enterprise owes its existence, has thus far carried the project forward chiefly with his own means. But, in the development of the plan, no private fortune could hold out, and the business has, therefore, passed into the hands of a company, of which he remains the active manager, the "North Atlantic Steamship Company." The scheme of the corporation embraces these details:

The purchase or construction of ten first-class steamers to ply between Galway, Boston, Quebec and New-York.

The establishment of auxiliary coastwise lines for Ireland and England, with a line possibly for France, as feeders to the transatlantic vessels.

The institution of two thousand booking-offices in the United States, Canada and Great Britain, where passages may be secured, and letters of credit be procured or cashed.

The erection of a pier or breakwater at Galway, rendering that harbor equal to any on the Atlantic coast.

In carrying out these plans, it is understood that the *Prince Albert*, the *Pacific*, the *Propeller* and the *Lady Eglinton* are to be removed from the main to the auxiliary department, giving place to the finest and largest vessels that money can obtain in the interval. It is highly probable the Collins steamers will be secured. All the unemployed first-class steam shipping of England will be overhauled, and any attaining the high standard of the Company will be put in requisition. Altogether, the enterprise assumes the largest proportions, throwing all previous operations of the sort into the shade; and, if the thunder be not all in the prologue, it may handsomely merit its title of the "Great North Atlantic Line."

It only remains for the British Government to do its part in the way of encouragement by giving some share of the mail transportation to these steamers. Under our own system they are already entitled to carry the mails in common with the other routes. The rest the public will do. Thousands of tourists who have hitherto omitted Ireland from their itinerary, because of its remoteness from the main road, will gladly avail themselves of a track that will carry them through its fields of splendid verdure, and under its matchless sky. Others will go that way in order to abridge their sea-voyage. Emigration from Ireland, with the small but important return tide, will of course take this route, and as for freight there appears to be no dearth of that. One enterprising islander is already shipping cargoes of whisky, the native poteen of Ireland, hither, demanding wheat in return. And by an easy transition from the spirituous to the spiritual, it is announced that a batch of missionary fathers from the All Hallows College are to be sent by a coming steamer, and similar shipments of zeal and piety are to be made periodically. The promise is certainly flattering; and if realized, those who shall remember the bold enterprise of the founder will confess the largest success to be more than merited.

JUDGE BREESE.—Among the prominent old Democrats of Illinois is the Hon. SIDNEY BREESE, formerly United States Senator. For some years he has been quiescent, but during the Summer he was named as the Administration candidate for the Senate against DOUGLAS. Yet as he did not shew himself, or mount the stump, a DOUGLAS editor took heart to say he was not a candidate. This was more than the veteran was willing to bear, and accordingly he wrote a sharp letter to the offending editor, demanding his authority, and contradicting his statement. The letter will be found in this morning's TIMES. It is somewhat too rhetorical for a prairie politician, but, as it alludes to DOUGLAS under the style of a "conspirator," it must be allowed to be sufficiently pointed. And it leaves no room to doubt its writer's willingness to succeed the conspirator in the Senate.

QUARANTINE AFFAIRS.

Dispute about the Dead from the Hospital—More Trouble for the Castleton Board of Health—The Encampment Yesterday—Examination in the Case of the Rioters—Important Meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration.

The Castleton Board of Health, at a late meeting, adopted an ordinance, prohibiting the Quarantine authorities from burying those who had died of infectious diseases in the Hospital burying ground, which is located some two miles from the Quarantine, and to reach which the hearse has to pass through a portion of two streets of the village of Tompkinsville. This ordinance, it was understood, Dr. WALSER, the Assistant Physician of the Hospital, would totally disregard, for he had no other place in which to bury the dead. Dr. MUNDY, the Health Officer of the town, yesterday personally served the following notice upon the Quarantine physicians, while they were at the Lyceum building, as witnesses in the examination:

TOMPKINSVILLE, Sept. 15, 1858.

DEAR SIR: I hereby notify you that the Castleton Board of Health at a recent meeting held at the house of T. C. BURNS, in this village, adopted an ordinance prohibiting the Quarantine authorities from sending the bodies of persons dead from yellow fever or other diseases, from the Quarantine grounds through the town of Castleton to the cemetery heretofore used for burying the dead from that Institution.

Yours, respectfully, E. C. MUNDY,
Health Officer of the Town of Castleton.

Dr. WALSER replied that the body of one man who had died of yellow fever lay within the grounds then. He must bury it last night, and should attempt to do so in the usual way. The probability is, therefore, that he made the attempt, but was prevented by the Castletonians. The Doctor stated that he should leave the corpse in the street if his employes were overpowered, where doubtless it would remain until the Staten Islanders permitted him peaceably to dispose of it, or else they would have to bury it themselves.

Since the Board has determined to remove the families from the infected district, (Rag-pickers-row,) great difficulty has been experienced in obtaining shelter for them. One family only was provided for, and that one, unfortunately, has been compelled to return to its old quarters in the Row. It seems that the infected folks were placed in a house, some distance from the Row. But the persons who occupied a portion of it, after hearing whence they came, evinced such opposition that the poor people were compelled to leave. Dr. MUNDY, by direction of the Board, will forthwith undertake the erection of temporary shanties in the woods, about three-fourths of a mile from the ferry, for the accommodation of the families of the infected district. Unless a great deal of energy is used, the object of their erection will be made of no effect by the frost.

No new cases of fever were reported in the village yesterday. The daughter of Mr. CARROLL, the livery-stable keeper, is said to be convalescing.

Officer SLOWEY, of the Detective Police, who had been reported sick of yellow fever, resumed duty yesterday. His sickness, which excited much alarm among the Police stationed at Quarantine, proved to be a slight attack of bilious fever.

The gallant Eighth Regiment are becoming daily more satisfied with their position. The raw easterly wind of yesterday did not affect their spirits in the least. Many of them are, and all of them act, like old campaigners, and consider camp-life not so bad after all. The mess-rooms and kitchen are nearly completed, and the men rejoiced yesterday in eating the first hot dinner since their encampment. The bill of fare showed soup, roast beef, lamb, mutton, all kinds of vegetables, and all cooked and served in good style. Mr. RATZ they call the prince of caterers. The officers unite in saying that not one case of insubordination has occurred since the Regiment has been on duty, although military rules are strictly enforced. Not a case of drunkenness has occurred either, and the men perform their duties with an alacrity almost surprising. The chief amusement of those off duty consists in cricketing, which the cool weather yesterday made very genial.

The comfort of the men will be much enhanced, too, by the substitution of the Sibley tent, in place of those now in use. This tent is a conical one, with provision made for having a fire within. They are much larger than the square tent and shed the rain better. Six were erected last evening, and the remainder will be set up to day. Tents were yesterday put up for the servants; the regimental barber shop was opened, and convenience in all respects is nearly secured.

The usual evening parade came off at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and attracted a number of spectators. The line was formed by Acting Adjutant INNES, formerly of the Mexican Volunteers. Gen. HALL and several military gentlemen from Westchester County, reviewed the line, and were well pleased with the appearance of the men.

Ex-Alderman WM. WILSON, of the First Ward, is one of the privates in Company E. He was on duty when our reporter visited the camp. His commanding officer speaks highly of his soldier-like qualities. He is always ready to volunteer to relieve others, and on Monday night acted as sentinel for nine hours in succession.

The Case of John C. Thompson.

Proceedings against the Staten Island rebels were yesterday actively commenced. The proceedings were instituted on Tuesday afternoon, when the following

AFFIDAVIT OF DR. BISSELL

was filed with Judge METCALFE, the County Judge, by Mr. District-Attorney DEGROOT:

Richmond County, ss—*Daniel H. Bissell*, being duly sworn and examined, says that he is the Physician-in-Chief at the Marine Hospital in Tompkinsville, in said county, and was present within the inclosures of the Hospital grounds on the nights of the 1st and 2d of September, 1858; that on the night of the said 1st of September the buildings and Hospitals belonging to the people of the State of New-York, or to the Commissioners of Emigration, situated within said inclosure, except the buildings known as the Women's Hospital, and a few small buildings, and on the night of the 2d of September, the said Women's Hospital and other small buildings, comprising all the buildings and erections owned by the people of the State of New-York, or the Commissioners of Emigration within said inclosure, were willfully and maliciously and feloniously set fire to and burned, and deponent hath just cause to suspect, and doth suspect, that Ray Tompkins and John C. Thompson did willfully and maliciously and feloniously set fire to and burn the said buildings. Wherefore deponent prays that warrants may be issued, and said offenders arrested and dealt with according to law.

Sworn to and examined this 14th day of September, 1858, before me. H. B. METCALFE,
County Judge of Richmond County.

Judge METCALFE issued warrants for the accused, and gave them to Constable GILES to serve, directing him to have his prisoners before the Judge at Stapleton, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

THE EXAMINATION.

At the appointed hour, Judge METCALFE, Mr. DEGROOT, Mr. N. C. CLARK, who is associated with him in the prosecution, and several spectators were present, but neither the prisoners nor Mr. TREMAIN, the State Attorney-General, who was expected to take part in the examination, had arrived.

Shortly afterwards Constable GILES entered, and reported that RAY TOMPKINS went to Syracuse on Tuesday morning, being a delegate to the Democratic State Convention; but that JOHN C. THOMPSON was on the island, and would soon be present.

The constable was then directed to serve subpœnas on Drs. BISSELL and WALSER, THOMAS CARROLL, THOMAS DALE, MICHAEL MCCABE, and JAMES O'ROURKE, directing them to be present, as witnesses, at 11 o'clock.

Mr. JOHN C. THOMPSON soon after came in, accompanied by his counsel, Mr. WM. H. ANTHON. Mr. PECKHAM, of Albany, advisory counsel or deputy of the Attorney-General, arrived about the same time.

Mr. CLARK said they were ready to proceed with the examination.

Mr. ANTHON (for prisoners) said, as soon as he was informed of this contemplated action on the part of the State authorities, he sent word to Mr. JOHN C. THOMPSON, requesting him to surrender himself, and also telegraphed to RAY TOMPKINS, at Syracuse, to return immediately and surrender himself. Although the parties accused had strenuously resisted, and would continue to resist examination in courts which they believed had not competent jurisdiction, they were willing to submit to a most thorough and rigid examination before this Court. RAY TOMPKINS had been considered by the Press the head and front of this offending, and as he could not be here to-day and would certainly be present to-morrow, he moved a postponement until to morrow morning.

Mr. PECKHAM (for the people) had respect for the Press, but saw no reason for selecting the man the papers had pointed out as the leader. He understood there was no denial as to the fact of participating in the burning, and saw no reason for postponement.

Judge METCALFE said he saw no reason either.

Mr. ANTHON desired especially to have Mr. TOMPKINS present, as an earnest of their good faith.

Mr. PECKHAM did not wish to deprive Mr. TOMPKINS of any honors or martyrdom, and thought they would all come along in good time.

Judge METCALFE said the examination might proceed.

TESTIMONY OF DR. BISSELL.

Daniel H. Bissell, sworn, (examined by Mr. Peckham)—I am physician of the Marine Hospital, and Superintendent of the same; on the night of Sept. 1, somewhere near 10 o'clock, I was aroused from bed by the ringing of our bell for fire; partially dressed myself, and found the small-pox hospital, small-pox shanty, and the coal-house near it, burning; found a concourse of people assembled; the walls had been battered down, and the crowd was on the grounds when I got there; I saw the prisoner, John C. Thompson, there, foremost of the men crowding in; I urged them to stay back, saying we could protect ourselves, but they said they were firemen, and it was their duty to come in; that they must put the fire out.

Mr. Anthon here stated, in answer to a suggestion of Mr. Peckham, that the defendant denied the charge and demanded an examination.

Mr. Peckham said the charge should be read to the prisoner.

Judge METCALFE then read Dr. Bissell's affidavit, given above.

The witness proceeded—I told them the fire was already under control, and if they wanted to assist they could go down to the other buildings, which were already on fire; asked them to pull down the small-pox shanty to save the hospital, but some one replied that they had nothing to do with it; my men had then extinguished the fire in the hospital; I urged them to keep off, and threatened them with a musket in my hand, but they paid very little attention, rushed in and broke down the fence; they drove me and my assistants back, got me down on the ground, and took my musket away; I got away, leaving my hat, and went through the gate of the fence and halted two rods off; saw persons set fire to straw beds and throw them under the porticos, and soon the whole building was in flames; the same party did this that had been talking of extinguishing the fire; I could not distinguish Thompson there at that time; he was, with two or three others, in advance of the crowd at first—appeared to be leading them on; finding it in vain to try to save the buildings with my small force, I abandoned them, and all the buildings on the hill were soon burned; in the St. Nicholas were either 60 or 65 boarders, the crew of a ship, who were mostly in bed, I believe, when the fire first broke out; do not know certainly if any persons were in the building when it was fired; among the buildings burned the first night was a dwelling-house in which two or three families were living; do not know that they were in the house when it was fired; one barn, the dead-house, the coal-house, waggon-house, coffin-house and the dwelling-house, which two or three families were living in, complete the list of buildings burned that night; I do not know if any of those people were in when this fire was set; after leaving the men on the hill, I did not see the prisoner; I saw a good many persons; I do not recollect much being said by the parties; they were pretty glum and silent, but there were signs or noises, and they seemed to set them on fire more rapidly; there was talking, too, but I did not hear what was said; the next day, about ten o'clock, there was a large concourse of people at Burns'; I believe they had a notice to meet and celebrate the burning of the buildings the night before; I did not look at my watch to see the time; the second night I don't know that I identified this man (the defendant) particularly with them, but I don't think I saw him with the mob; I saw him during the night; he was on the grounds, passing through the crowd; the crowd had entire control of the grounds; the wall was knocked down in five or six places; they were walking where they would; that night they commenced to fire the boatmen's houses, west of all the other buildings; they belonged to the Quarantine establishment; they were brick buildings; the next building fired was Dr. Waller's residence; the next one fired was the one occupied by myself; the building known as the Female Hospital was the next; then came the one occupied by Dr. Walser, my assistant; there were a number of houses down there, and I cannot say which was burnt first; I did not go down, as I had to attend to the sick; the buildings on the dock and the lodge were burned, and also the docks; I believe that comprises all; a few men went ahead of the masses, and in a few minutes one would see the flames; I do not know particularly who did the firing, nor what they had to fire them with; the buildings were all consumed except the walls; there is also a house which I have not mentioned, where we store the clothing, and the floor partitioned off for the engine; on the second night I heard some of them say, "save the building of the Doctor; save the old Doctor's house;" this meant to burn it; I heard this while they were on fire; on the first night there was from six hundred to one thousand people there; there were some reports of guns or pistols at the commencement, or soon after the firing; I saw one wounded man; I think I heard from one dozen to twenty reports of firearms; I cannot say they were all within the walls; I saw one gun within ten rods of me about midnight; there were from six hundred to twelve hundred people on the second night; there was a large number outside the walls, and a good many in; I do not recollect of hearing any guns or pistols the second night; I had no conversation with the prisoner; there was a gathering at Burns' Hotel early in the evening, and until late; I don't recollect of the prisoner being there; I cannot give an opinion as to the value of the buildings; there was a large amount of personal property consumed; there were about a thousand bedsteads consumed; we had taken an inventory a few days before; they were new iron bedsteads, and were rendered worthless; the bedding, our drug store, our stores, and a thousand things I could scarcely name now; a wagon, instruments for chemical analysis, one cart, a large quantity of coal, were among the things destroyed; about 500 tons of coal were put in before the fire, and 150 tons before that; there were also a variety of things which do not occur to me: there was a large quantity of stoves and pipes; furniture of all kinds belonging to the institution; things of every kind belonging to the hospital; at the time of the firing of the Woman's Hospital, there were no patients in it to my knowledge; we had assurance from some of the leading men that it would not be burned; just before the firing there must have been about 70 or 80 patients; some had got out when they fired the building, and others were carried out; we had removed all the patients that night to the Woman's Hospital, which was the only one left; I could not say that the burning of the Woman's Hospital caused the death of any of the patients from exposure or otherwise; they were taken out of the Hospital, and laid near the wall on the south; the wall runs east and west. [A diagram was shown to witness;] the diagram is a very good representation of the location of the hospital and buildings; I do not know that it rained the second night; I know it was starlight a part of the night; it was a comfortable night, but very warm where we were; we had twenty-one to twenty-three yellow-fever patients that night; one died that night in the Woman's Hospital—the engineer of the *Philadelphia*; he died before the fire broke out at the Woman's Hospital; I could not say that the death of any person was caused by exposure or fire; it did not have the effect to produce death; we sent away many who were convalescent—thirty or forty—within two days; there were persons sick of all diseases, Chagres fever and other fevers, consumption, &c.; I cannot say that any persons have died who were sick on those nights; I don't keep the books; my assistant knows; it is my opinion that the exposure to which these people were subjected is injurious for either sick or well; the excitement and want of sleep would be more than exposure; I stayed with the patients day and night and nursed them; some of them died from the effects of the fire; I have seen the patients since; Frank Mathews was one of the stevedores; we were boarding; he was shot; I don't know by whom; I examined the wound after he was shot, and found it was mortal; I did not give it a particular examination, but I thought it must kill him; Dr. Walser attended him, but he was removed early in the morning to the Hospital in New-York, where he died; the State has the fee of the Quarantine buildings, but they are held in trust by the Commissioners of Emigration.

Witness cross-examined by Mr. Anthon—Among the persons who said they had a right to come in as firemen were many who had firemen's caps, and if I recollect, among them was the prisoner at the bar; it might have been ten minutes after I heard the alarm that I reached the place where the firemen were; I put on my clothes and left, and had perhaps sixty or eighty rods to go; I think Mr Thompson had a cap on, and I think then or the second time Mr. Thompson had on a red shirt, but I did not look so much to dress as to acts; a portion of the company there had red shirts on, and others had on caps only; after I retreated from the Small-pox Hospital, I have no recollection of seeing Mr. Thompson; on the night of the 1st September there were from 80 to 100 patients; I know this by the books; there were three or four in the small-pox shanty; the yellow-fever patients were in two of the shanties; the largest number—the general patients—were in shanty C; the remainder of the patients were in the Female Hospital; these patients in the shanties were moved down to the Female Hospital by my assistants and nurses; I cannot say but some parties assisted who were within the walls; I gave directions to have them removed, as I had assurance that the Female Hospital would not be burned; I did not see one of the parties within the walls assist in removing the patients; I was in this encounter, getting away from these people, when the patients were being removed; all of the patients who could get out of the first shanty burned, were out before I got there; I don't think there were twenty-five patients who could not have aroused sufficient energy to have got out of the building under the circumstances, and particularly yellow-fever patients, who frequently walk about until two hours before death; some of the twenty-five were brought out in the arms of assistants, and some were assisted by leading them, and some were carried in beds, I think; the persons in the St. Nicholas were a ship's crew and passengers, principally Spanish—ladies and gentlemen who had come ashore that afternoon; they were healthy; our custom was, for two years, to keep none but healthy persons in the St. Nicholas; it was kept as a boarding and lodging house; it has not been used as a Hospital since I have had superintendence of the grounds; for weeks at times, there would be none in it and then in a few days we would have 500 or 600; we kept first class passengers there; the second-class and steerage passengers were kept in the shanties; the St. Nicholas, I should think, was about 60 rods from the Small-Pox Hospital—it may be 10 or 20 rods over that; both were within the main wall; the St. Nicholas was still nearer the Yellow-Fever Hospital, perhaps from 15 to 20 rods from the nearest; we did not wash for the St. Nicholas passengers; their clothing was in the dock, under guard; when we did do any washing for them, it was done at the Government wash-house, where all the washing was done except the washing for the Small-Pox Hospital, which was done at the wash-house of that hospital; the number of second-class passengers detained also varied; we have had as many as 1,200 in the grounds at once; this last season we have had but few, as the emigration has been light; the yellow-fever shanties and the second-class passenger shanties are about 100 feet from one another; there were eight shanties in all, and one on each end was used for yellow-fever patients, and sometimes we used others for convalescent yellow-fever patients; the other shanties were used for second-class passengers; I don't recollect of our using any shanties for second-class passengers after taking yellow-fever patients out, until they had been whitewashed through; I can see no objection to doing so with proper care; the washing for the second-class passengers, when done, was done at the Government wash-house; there was nothing to prevent the second-class passengers from coming to the yellow-fever shanties, except the directions I gave to the persons in charge; we had less fear of yellow fever than small-pox; the Small-pox Hospital has had no patients in it since last Spring; but the night the first shanty fired had three or four small-pox patients in it; I gave a musket to Mr. Carroll; if I did not give it to him we exchanged muskets; I gave a pistol, I think, to Simon Snell; I think I gave one to James O'Rourke, and a musket to Edward Brady; I don't recollect of any other now; I don't know whether Brady is alive or dead; I have not seen him since; I think the arms were loaded, though I have no knowledge of their being loaded for two months; I know there were caps on; I looked to that; I can't say who loaded the muskets last; when they were first sent me; I loaded them myself, and gave them to such persons as I wished to have charge of them; one of my men told me since that he had withdrawn the charges, and had reloaded them; they were loaded with an ordinary musket bullet and buckshot; I did not remove any bullet or shot from the wound of Mathews, nor did I see it done; the wound was a large opening in the region of the spine, large enough to put one's hand in where ball-wadding and shot might have passed in; I did not attend the *post-mortem* examination of Mathews, and I have not seen him since that evening; the house of Dr. Thompson was not his private property, but was one of the State buildings; I think I forgot to mention in my direct examination that this house was burned; I think there were 60 or 70 stevedores who ought to have been there that night; we lodged and boarded them in shanties A and B, next to the St Nicholas; the employment of the stevedores, I suppose, was to unload ships in Quarantine; I suppose the ships were infected—many with yellow fever; a portion of this unloading was done out in the stream, and a portion at the Wash-house dock; I think there cannot be more than two ships lie up at the Wash-house dock at once, but I have frequently seen six or eight lighters around them; the cargo as it is taken out is some of it taken to the City, such as is in condition to go, and some is sent to Eastern ports; the Wash-house dock is about thirty or forty rods from the ferry-dock; in making a direct course the ferry-boat passes very near the Wash-house dock, so near as to injure us; the ferry-boat folks seemed to be determined to tear away our dock by their waves; I never knew that the stevedores were allowed to go to the City at all; I refused to give them permission to go; I saw them passing and repassing to their lodgings on the night of Sept. 1, but I cannot say whether all were there or not; I very seldom go outside the grounds, and cannot say that I have seen them in the village outside.

Mr. Anthon proposed to prove by witness that the stevedores who had been employed in the holds of infected vessels had been taken out by the Health Officer to attend a primary election of the Republican Party.

Mr. Peckham asked if that had any relation to the crime alleged?

Mr. Anthon said that the people of Richmond County claimed that there had been no crime committed—that the buildings were a nuisance of the worst character, and that they were justified in abating it.

Mr. Peckham thought that the violation of a rule by the Health Officer, which the defences proposed to show, could not justify a people in burning buildings by force and arms, and without legal warrant.

Mr. Dean said that they met the prosecution at the threshold, by contending that no offence had been committed. If a body of men should build a fence across a highway, and he desired to pass, he should not wait for an indictment, but would tear it down; and if he could not do it alone, he should get a body of men to help him. [Applause.] And if men were to establish a lazar house in the midst of a community, and the health of the community was endangered, that community had a right to go in and, by fire, pickaxes and battering-rams, to destroy it. [Applause.]

Mr. Peckham thought that Mr. Dean would find it difficult to produce a precedent in which an institution established by law had been destroyed by a mob and the act justified.

Mr. Anthon cited the case of Hart, in 15 Wendell, to sustain the position taken by Mr. Dean. He could not see the slightest distinction between the position of a State keeping up a nuisance and an individual.

Justice Metcalf said he was disposed to give the examination a wide range, to have the whole question of the character of the institution fully stated.

Witness—(Resuming)—I know of the reports of stevedores being at a primary meeting, but I do not know the fact; patients are brought ashore from the infected ships in boats; sometimes in the ship's boats and sometimes by the "sick boat," which is manned by persons connected with the institution; if the "sick-boat" man is one of the six boatmen, he lived in one of the buildings burned outside of the wall; I go to the City sometimes once a month, and sometimes once a week, and sometimes I may have gone oftener; the nurses reside within the walls; some of them have not been to the City this year, and some have been oftener; I give them leave whenever they have any business, and we can spare them; and when we discharge them they go where they please; they are not allowed to go out of the gate without a written pass; we have from nine to twelve nurses—four or five males and the rest females; there are times we have more than that; the nurses sometimes go into the village, but they are never out on leave of absence in the village, that I am aware of; the friends of the sick in the yellow fever, cholera and small pox hospitals are not allowed to visit them; the sick from the lower Quarantine are conveyed in a steamboat to the inclosure, I understand; Mr. Cooper acts as undertaker for persons whose friends have died, and who wish to have the bodies buried differently from our custom; he is not employed by our establishment; I have never seen him lay out any bodies inside; on the second night of the burning, the wind blew from the south a part of the time gently; the sick were laid between my house and the Female Hospital; they were placed there under my superintendence and suggestion; I cannot say but some of them may have been carried out of the hospital before I got there, they remained there that night and the next day, and some were then taken to hospitals on Ward's Island, and the yellow fever patients were then removed to the barn; during that night and day they were protected by the heavens; a part of the day there was an awning over a few of them; they were conveyed to the barn and tents in vehicles, I think, and perhaps some were conveyed by hand; I do not know who the wagons belonged to; it is not true that the village church was offered me for the sick; I asked them for a barn or any place to put the sick in, but they refused, saying that they would not have the sick outside the walls; infected clothing is locked up in a place near the dead-house until frost, or, if it is badly saturated or old, it is burned, sometimes on the ground, and sometimes, before it comes ashore, in the iron-scow; I have been the physician of the Marine Hospital since May 1, 1857; my residence was within the inclosure, but it fronted on the main street leading to the ferry landing; I was frequently within the wards where contagious and infectious diseases were, but Dr. Walser was assigned particularly to them; I have passed the street for my home in going to and coming to the Hospital, but not frequently; I don't know that I recollect of any act of inhumanity to patients by anybody on those nights, other than those I have mentioned; previous to 1857, I had resided principally in Livingston County for many years; I had not had much experience then in treating yellow fever; I had seen a few cases; previous to the fire, we regarded the engineer of the *Philadelphia* as a doubtful case; he was in a very feeble state; we have had cases much lower than the engineer was, who have recovered; I cannot say whether his death was hastened by the burning or not; I think he would have died without the burning; I don't think he had had the black vomit; he said he must die himself if they came the second time, and he passed another night in much excitement, and I don't think he died until the buildings were on fire the second night.

Direct examination resumed by Mr. Peckham—I saw no effort on the part of the men in red shirts and fire caps to extinguish the fire, though I appealed to them frequently; the bedding of the yellow fever patients that was washed, was washed in the wash-house; at least I suppose so; a great many of that used by the sick and dead was burned up or locked up; our rule was to send nothing to the wash-house which would endanger the lives of the washwomen or nurse, and the fact is that not one case has broken out within the walls in two years; I observed a good many persons whom I saw leading the first night whom I know by sight, but whose names I don't know; I saw Ray Tompkins and the defendant; those are all I can name; on the second night I saw Tompkins, Deforest, Thomas C. Burns and Matthew Carroll, and a number of others whose names I do not know; the man I had the first clinch with I do not know, and I have been unable to learn who he is; he was active in leading; my opinion is that the value of the property, real and personal, is from $240,000 to $300,000.

Cross examined by Mr. Anthon.—Q.—In your opinion, has that Quarantine been sufficiently isolated to render it safe for the County of Richmond and the City of New York, in regard to infectious and contagious diseases? A.—I believe that it is if the laws that were passed were acted upon; as it has been conducted by me it has been safe, but I cannot speak of it before; I am clearly of the opinion that this Island is sufficiently removed from New York to be entirely harmless, if the Quarantine regulations are carried out; there is no danger of the yellow fever being conveyed by the atmosphere; the further a place is removed for Quarantine the better, but it is not distance but isolation that insures safety; I think the isolation is sufficient for the safety of Richmond County; in my experience there has not been any infection carried without the walls of Quarantine.

Q.—Where do the cases outside come from? A.—I do not know; they cannot be traced to us; our opinion is that the cases outside originate from persons going out in the night time and stealing things from the ships—by the Board of Health of Castleton making a public auction of things belonging to people who have died of the yellow fever; I heard of Mr. Kramer's death; I have heard that he was a deputy scow man, but I do not know that he was an employe of the Quarantine; our belief is that he caught the infection among the shipping.

Q.—If the Quarantine were located at the Battery, with strict regulations, rigidly enforced, would it be safe to the City of New York? A.—If they would allow me to make the rules and regulations, and they were rigidly enforced, I think it would be safe.

Q.—But could they be enforced? A.—I do not know; we could not enforce law here. [Laughter.]

The Court-room was filled with sympathizers of the rioters, and whenever counsel said anything particularly bitter against the Quarantine establishment, he was applauded uproariously. Judge Metcalf would command silence, without effecting it, and the mirthful audience repeated their approving noises at each ebullition of strong language or scintillation of wit that the counsel for the rebels was delivered of.

At the conclusion of Dr. Bissell's testimony, the further hearing of the case was postponed until this morning at 9¾ o'clock. The accused was meanwhile remanded to the custody of Officer Giles.

Commissioners of Emigration.

REPORT OF THE CONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE—HOSPITALS AT QUARANTINE TO BE REBUILT.

The Board met yesterday, the President, Gulian C. Verplanck, Esq., in the Chair. His Honor the Mayor was present, also the Mayor of Brooklyn.

Previously to the commencement of the business of the day, the Mayor was engaged with one of the Commissioners in the examination of a large map. He observed that he could not ascertain "that any place was so fitting for a Quarantine station as Staten Island."

The minutes having been read, the Secretary read a communication from Dr. D. H. Bissell, as follows:

Marine Hospital, Sept. 15, 1858.

To the Honorable the Commissioners of Emigration:

Gentlemen: I beg leave to inform you that on Monday last the employes of the washhouse were ordered out of the Government Storehouse, placed at your disposal by the Collector; and that Mr. Locke, who ordered them out, directed the marines to take possession of the building. At a later hour in the day the marines left Quarantine grounds, returning to the *Sabine*, and on their departure, *Mr. Locke placed a Government lock on the door of the storehouse, keeping the key thereof in his own possession.*

Yesterday morning (Tuesday) it was reported to me by one of the employes that the lock had been again removed. Notwithstanding the peculiar circumstances attending the interruption of the use of the building, violative of the unreserved permission given to your Board for this use, I have taken possession of the building again, and it is now in my possession. Yours, respectfully, D. H. BISSELL.

P. S.—Every moment of this day I am engaged as a witness on the part of the people.

The Mayor observed that the closing of that washhouse was no act of the Government. Dr. Bissell's communication was ordered on file.

The President quoted the law to show that the mere signing of a paper presented to the Governor and State Officers, or his approval of the effort to raise money for rebuilding the hospital, would not be sufficient in law. The certificate of approval must be upon a mortgage presented. No steps had as yet been taken to induce parties to lend the money on mortgage.

The Mayor thought an estimate might be made. There had hardly been time to make it. He suggested that the matter of negotiating the loan be referred to the Finance Committee in order to determine the precise amount. So referred.

His Honor the Mayor said that it was proper for him to announce to his associate Commissioners that the Construction Committee of the Board visited Quarantine, day before yesterday, with a view of determining how many of the old hospitals should be repaired, and how many permanent structures should at once be erected. He said that the Committee was unanimously in favor of recommending immediate and permanent reconstruction of all the residences, offices and hospitals necessary to a complete institution for the reception, care and treatment of persons arriving in port affected with the yellow fever, small-pox or other pestilential disease; and that such reconstruction should be in every respect of material not susceptible of being destroyed by the torch of the incendiary. He said that the Committee had concluded to advise that the large and beautiful edifice heretofore known as the St. Nicholas of Quarantine, and used for the reception of well passengers detained at Quarantine, should be rebuilt from its foundation; and that a similar conclusion had been arrived at in reference to the Small-Pox Hospital, the residence formerly occupied by Dr. Walser, and the Marine Hospital Storehouse, except that the latter-named buildings could be repaired without taking down the walls. He said, also, that the Committee had concluded to recommend that the walls of the Quarantine inclosure should be substantially repaired and elevated, so as to be impassable and impregnable: that all the residences of the officers and employes of the institution should be wholly within the inclosure, and not facing on the street, as heretofore; and, besides, that there should be no passage-way from the grounds into the town of Castleton, except a gate-opening, to be used exclusively in connection with burying the dead.

The Mayor said that, in connection with the thought of rebuilding the structures permanently on the old site, the Committee had not been without anxious reflections in reference to the fears which had been entertained, and the dangers which had been experienced in regard to the spread of infectious diseases from Quarantine. He said that the Committee had gone outside of their duties in fact to consider this matter; that they had given attention to a plan of proposed additional facilities to the present Quarantine establishment, and of new regulation in relation to the place of detention, &c., of vessels coming from yellow-fever ports, which the Committee unanimously indorsed, as affording, if carried out, a perfect guaranty that no part of the port would hereafter suffer from the spread of yellow fever; and certainly not Staten Island. The plan referred to, he said, had been partly initiated this season by compelling yellow-fever vessels to come to on their arrival in the lower bay; and that the only reason why it had not been fully carried out, was owing simply to the fact that it had been found practically impossible to discharge cargoes at the lower anchorage. The Mayor went on to say, that the whole plan was to rebuild and reconstruct in the most substantial and approved manner all the necessary accommodations to make the Quarantine grounds a model institution as a Marine Hospital; to construct ample piers and wharves, and storehouses in the lower bay, remote from any land, where all yellow fever vessels should be compelled to discharge cargo, cleanse, fumigate, ventilate and ride out their Quarantine probation, and not to allow, under any circumstances, a vessel from a yellow-fever port to anchor above the Narrows between the shores of Staten Island and Long Island. He said that this plan, so far as yellow fever was concerned, and which was the great dread of the port, practically removed Quarantine; and that this conclusion was arrived at from the well-known fact that the great danger of infection from yellow fever is from poisoned vessels and cargoes, and not from hospitals or patients therein. As to the cost of these additional facilities, His Honor said it would amount to but little compared with the great object to be gained; and besides, he said that the one hundred thousand dollars already appropriated for Quarantine removal purposes, and which the Quarantine Commissioners had not yet expended, would go far towards erecting the machinery for the lower Bay. He further said, that the Committee were of opinion that legislative attention should be early called to this subject.

The Mayor still further remarked, that the above plan met the approval of the Committee, not only because it seemed to them right and feasible, but because it appeared to be the only change for relief which the port can reasonably hope to secure. He said that the Legislature in 1849, listened to the prayers of Staten Islanders, and accordingly passed an act for removal; that the same thing was done by the State in 1856; and that each effort for removal had been a failure, because no new site could be obtained. He said that the prospect of getting a new site had been greatly lessened—had been placed beyond hope—by the arson outrages recently committed at Quarantine; that it was worse than useless now to delay action with the expectation of getting Sandy Hook or Coney Island; and hence the Committee was decidedly in favor of prompt action, of an entire and immediate reconstruction of the Hospital buildings, with the important additional facilities of suitable wharves and warehouses in the lower bay.

With regard to the charges which had been made against himself personally, as influenced by vindictive feelings towards the inhabitants of Staten Island, in consequence of the illegal acts of any residents of that Island, he wished to say that he was entirely uninfluenced by any such motive in the determination to retain the present site for the Marine Hospital. He did think, and had expressed the opinion, that the conduct of the rioters in burning the buildings at Quarantine had put it out of the power of the State authorities to remove the Hospital. This conduct had naturally excited an intense prejudice against such an establishment, which would be felt in opposition to any new location on the part of the people in its vicinity.

He was convinced that by removing the place where infected vessels and cargoes were moored and stored, in accordance with the suggestions of the Committee, the health of New-York, Long Island and Staten Island would be secured in as ample a manner as possible. To secure the health of the entire port, and not of any section, was the only end he ever desired to accomplish.

The following report from Mr. J. B. Corlies, Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies, was read in connection with the suggestions of the Mayor:

Office of Supt. of Repairs and Supplies,
No. 3 City Hall.

To the Commissioners of Emigration:

Gentlemen: Having carefully examined the buildings at Quarantine, proposed to be repaired, I have the honor to transmit herewith sketches of said buildings, made by R. C. Mook, architect, together with estimates of the probable costs of each, namely: Office buildings at $1,000 each, $2,000; washhouse and kitchen, $5,000; small-pox hospital, $6,000; gatekeeper's lodge, $550; making a total of $13,550.

Respectfully yours,
J. B. CORLIES.

New-York, Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1858.

Ordered on file.

The Mayor, after some conversation among the members of the Board, moved the following resolution, observing that all he wanted was to get the thing started:

Resolved, That the Committee on Contracts be directed to put the Small-pox Hospital and Warden's house in repair in such manner as they may deem proper; and further, that the said Committee on Construction cause plans and estimates to be prepared of such buildings in addition to the above as may be needed for the Women's Hospital, and submit the same to this Board for further action; and also to report plans and estimates for restoring the walls.

This resolution was adopted.

The following communication was submitted from Commissioner Jellinghaus, and read to the Board:

New-York, Sept. 14, 1858.

To the Honorable the Commissioners of Emigration:

Gentlemen: I found in last Saturday's paper a letter addressed to the Board by Mr. Tallmadge, stating that the extraordinary communication of a Mr. Jellinghaus was false and untrue, with the exception of Captain Weed coming to his house and reporting the conflagration at Quarantine. No doubt, it must be my humble self who made that communication, which is really very extraordinary and is just as true. Mr. Tallmadge, admitting the report of Capt. Weed, far better would have kept silent about the matter—his letter making it no better, but worse. His story, that he could not have collected fifty men at an earlier hour so as to be sent down to Quarantine by the first boat in the morning, is no excuse, but rather an "accuse." Those men have not been sent down at all, and although his order may appear in his telegraph book, he himself has not appeared at the office, but after 10 o'clock. Not one man has been sent down before all the Hospitals were burnt down, and then only on requisition of the Governor of the State. Should, therefore, history ever take notice of a certain Mr. Tallmadge, it will no doubt say that in the very civilized nineteenth century he had been General Superintendent of Police in the great City of New-York, just at the time when science had won its greatest triumph in the laying of the Atlantic Telegraph Cable. That then he could have prevented the most atrocious act of barbarism by saving the Marine Hospital from utter destruction by fire, and preventing the exposure of helpless and dying human creatures to damp night air on the grass, *simply by doing his duty*. It is very extraordinary that Mr. Tallmade acted neither according to the rules and regulations of the Police statute nor to the dictates of common humanity.

Respectfully submitted by
WM. JELLINGHAUS.

Ordered on file.

The following is the usual weekly statement:

Number Emigrants arrived to Sept. 8, 1858	55,035
Number Emigrants arrived since to Sept. 15	2,232
Total	57,267
To same date in 1857	136,662

	1858.	1857.	1856.
No. inmates in Institution W. I.	1,056	1,266	1,302
No. inmates in Institution M. H.	—	175	105
Totals	1,056	1,441	1,407

Balance in Bank Jan. 1, 1858		$32,155 89
Aggregate receipts to Sept. 8	$133,418 47	
Receipts since to Sept. 15, for commutation of alien passengers, &c	3,368 61	136,787 08
Total		$168,942 97
Disbursements as per previous account to Sept. 8, 1858	$140,257 70	
Current Expenses of Aug. 21, and Sept. 1	9,143 13	149,400 83
Balance of Commutation Fund		$19,542 14

GEO. W. WHEELER, Treasurer.

The Board then adjourned.

Commissioners of Health.

The Commissioners of Health met at 12 o'clock yesterday. His Honor the Mayor presiding.

A letter was received from Commodore Kearney inquiring when the frigate *Susquehanna* would be released. The late recurrence of a case of yellow fever on board of her was given as a reason for her detention for the present. Measures were also in progress for having her disinfected.

The Mayor stated that a Committee from the Chamber of Commerce had waited upon him, with complaints, on behalf of the merchants, that extortionous charges were made for lightering and other services rendered at Quarantine. His Honor informed the Committee that he would inquire into the matter, and on Monday next would give them a statement of all the charges for lightering, &c., ruling at Quarantine. He informed the Committee if there were any abuses practised there, the Board of Health and himself were as ready as they were anxious to have them corrected.

Several applications were made for permits to allow vessels to proceed, which took the usual course.

Dr. Rockwell's attention had been called to the cases of two persons now lying sick in the City, supposed to have the yellow fever. One was a light case of that disease, the person having come to New-York by railroad from Charleston. The other was of a deck hand on the steamer *Star of the South*, who had been on an extensive drunk, and was only suffering from the effects thereof, to the best of the doctor's knowledge and belief.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—The "Trovatore" was substituted last evening for "Lucia," in consequence of the indisposition of Signor Gassier, whose presence was, of course, necessary in the latter opera. Verdi's work seemed to satisfy the audience, and Signor Steffani's singing, as usual, created a *furore*. After the third act he was called out three times.

On Friday "Lucia" will be given with the new tenor as *Edgardo*. So far he has been heard only in Verdi's music, and there is naturally much curiosity to know how he will attack music of a different school.

Burton's Theatre.—Mme. Colson makes her second appearance to-night in the "Daughter of the Regiment," supported by Labocetta and Barili.

Agricultural Editors in Convention.

There are some thirty-eight journals in this country (including two in California and one in Oregon) which are mainly devoted to agricultural and horticultural subjects. An invitation was sent out during the past Summer to the editors of these papers to visit this City during the present week to attend the Pomological gathering, and also to meet for becoming better acquainted with each other and arranging for a future general Convention if thought advisable. Some fifteen or twenty responded to the call, most of the others being detained by agricultural exhibitions at home. Among them we noticed Messrs. Byram, of the *Valley Farmer*; Vick, of the *Rural New Yorker*; Redmond, of the *Southern Cultivator*; Westbrook, of the North Carolina *Cultivator*; Harris, of the Genesee *Farmer*; Clift, of the Hartford *Homestead*; Lyon, of the Michigan *Farmer*; Miner, of the *Rural American*. Also, Messrs. Batcham, Dyer, Vail, Warder, Judd, Cummings, Hovey, Taber, etc.

At the meeting yesterday and on Tuesday, the importance of the Agricultural Press, and the desirableness of coöperation were discussed, and a general desire expressed for a gathering next season.

The following gentlemen were appointed as officers for the ensuing year:

President—H. P. Byram, Editor *Valley Farmer*, Louisville, Ky.

Secretary—Orange Judd, Editor *American Agriculturist*, New-York City.

General Committee—Simon Brown, Editor *N.E. Farmer*, Boston; M. C. Weld, Editor *Homestead*, Hartford, Conn.; Joseph Harris, Editor *Genesee Farmer*, Rochester, N. Y.; Thomas Brown, Editor *Ohio Farmer*, Cleveland; J. W. Hoyt, Editor *Wisconsin Farmer*, Madison, Wis.

On motion of Mr. Clift the above gentlemen were by vote, requested to select the most suitable time and place next season, and issue a call for a general Convention of the entire Agricultural and Horticultural Press of the Country.

New-Jersey Items.

Democratic County Convention.—The Democratic Convention for Hudson County, for nominating an Assemblyman and three Coroners, was held yesterday afternoon at Carpenter's Hotel, in Hudson City, the delegates all being present. William H. Jeliffe was chosen President. The following named gentlemen were nominated:

For Assembly—Henry Beatty, of Hudson City.

Coroners—Bernard McAnally, Jersey City; F. W. Bonstead, Hoboken; James Donnelly, Hudson City.

Raising Salaries.—In accordance with a resolution passed by the Board of Education, the Jersey City Common Council, at their last meeting, increased the salaries of the Principals of the Public Schools to $1,200 each.

The License Question.—At the meeting of the Common Council of Jersey City on Tuesday evening, Alderman Wickware moved to take from the table the vetoes of acting Mayor Thurston, presented and laid upon the table at the last meeting, in reference to the licensing of a number of places for the sale of liquor. The motion was adopted, and Alderman Erwin moved that a license be granted to W. L. Broking, a grocer, notwithstanding the veto of the Mayor. The following was the vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Clarke, Wickware, Tilden, Erwin, Hardenberg, McBride, W. R. Brown, McLaughlin, and Voorhies.

Nays—Aldermen Thurston, Hinkins, Van Vorst, Earle, Christie and Decker.

A two thirds vote being required, the motion was lost. After voting to grant licenses to one or two others, with a similar result, action on the balance was postponed.

Obituary.—Dr. William Power, an eminent physician of this City, died yesterday. The following notice is from the pen of Dr. Valentine Mott:

Dr. Wm. Power was a native of Ireland, and received his professional education in the great school of Dublin, and to comply with the then laws of this State, received the diploma of M. D. in this City.

For over thirty years he has been a medical practitioner among us, occupying a distinguished position, serving without distinction the rich and poor. Indeed few physicians have ever done more for his poor countrymen than he. His nature was kind and generous, and this he carried into the walks of his profession. His frank and noble character commanded for him the respect and esteem not only of his own countrymen, but of all who knew him. The arduous toil of professional life gradually developed in him organic disease of the heart, from the effects of which he lingered for the last two years.

He expired, surrounded by his family and his friends, in the 61st year of his age, and in the full possession of his mind, exhorting them all to trust in the goodness and mercy of Christ, their Saviour and Redeemer. Truly his end was peace in Jesus.

"Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord, for they rest from their labors, and their works do follow them."

"When those we love are snatched away,
By Death's resistless hand,
Our hearts the mournful tribute pay,
That friendship must demand."

The Hamburg mail steamship *Borussia* sailed yesterday, at noon, with sixty cabin and one hundred and five steerage passengers. Total, 165.

☞ Thaddeus Davids & Co.'s BLACK WRITING INKS.
"Not for a day, but for all time."
See Dr. CHILTON'S TEST,
showing the superiority of this Ink over all others.

☞ The Metalic Tablet Strop—Invented by GEORGE SAUNDERS, A. D. 1816. This, the genuine article, has never been equaled for producing the keenest possible edge to a razor. Can be obtained of the subscribers and sole manufacturers. J. & S. SAUNDERS, store No. 7 Astor House.

☞ 1858. Fall and Winter. 1858.
CLOTHING
FOR
MEN AND BOYS,
Unsurpassed in quality,
Unequaled in manufacture.
In style the most approved,
And uniformity in price.
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
No. 441 Broadway.
(between Canal and Grand sts.)
Invite special attention to their present assortment of
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING
FOR
MEN AND BOYS.

Unusual pains have this season been taken to present to their friends and patrons such styles as would be most approved, and they trust that they have not been unsuccessful in their endeavors.

In
BOYS' CLOTHING
they flatter themselves that they have attained a standard not heretofore approached by any other house, and in all styles of goods they confidently challenge comparison.
IN THE CUSTOM DEPARTMENT,
First-class Cutters are employed,
and a large assortment of COATINGS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS may be found, which will be made to order at unusually moderate prices.
ALFRED MUNROE, WM. D. ABBATT,
M. G. RATHBUN.

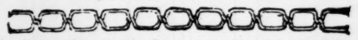
☞ Steam Terminus on Fourth-avenue.—Those opposed to the repeal of the ordinance just enforced and in favor of a fair trial being given it, or who have signed the petition for its repeal under erroneous impressions and have since had an opportunity to be satisfied with the advantages of the change, will please add their names to petitions to be found at the following places:

H. C. PRIDHAM'S, No 438 4th-av.
JAMES INGRAM & SON'S, cor. 25th-st. and 4th-av.
ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, Broadway.
PHELPS, BLISS & CO.'S, No. 340 Broadway.
JOHN KERR & CO.'S, No. 53 Leonard-st.
WARREN & WILSON'S, No. 27 Murray-st.
B. M. WHITLOCK'S, No. 13 Beekman st
A. BURR & CO.'S, No. 101 Cliff-st.
PHELPS, DODGE & CO.'S, No. 19 Cliff st.
GEO. T. OLYPHANT'S, No. 48 South st.
BENJ. H. FIELD'S, No. 127 Water-st.
DAYTON, SPRAGUE & CO.'S, No. 107 Front-st.
PHILIP R. WILKINS', No. 6 Pine-st.
REYNOLDS & VAN SCHAICK'S, Bank of Commerce Building.

☞ Singer's new Family Sewing Machines. No other Sewing Machine for family use ever equaled this, either as respects the beauty of the machine or the perfection and variety of its work. Call and examine it.
I. M. SINGER & CO.,
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

They are the favorites for family use.—*N. Y. Times.*

☞ Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines. New and valuable improvements. A new Tension and a Hemmer, that turns hems of any width without previous basting.
OFFICE NO. 343 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Diagram of the lock-stitch.



This is the only stitch that cannot be raveled, and that presents the same appearance on each side of the seam. It is made with two threads, one upon each side of the fabric, and interlocked in the centre of it. *Send for a Circular.*

☞ Gwynne & Day's
BANK NOTE REGISTER
AND DETECTER OF COUNTERFEITS
Points out and exposes all bogus and doubtful Banks. No subscriber to this paper, if guided by its quotations, need ever be imposed upon by worthless Banks.
Office No. 12 Wall st.

☞ Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes, with HALL'S PATENT POWDER PROOF LOCKS, afford the greatest security of any Safe in the world. Also, Sideboard and Parlor Safes, of elegant workmanship and finish, for plate, &c.
S. C. HERRING & CO., No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., opposite City Hall, New-York.

☞ Great Reduction in the Prices of Silk-Twist Thread, Shuttles and Needles, and everything belonging to the Sewing Machine.
The public are invited to examine our stock.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

☞ Meyer's Miraculous Vermin Destroyer
NO MORE VERMIN!!
Houses, ships, warehouses, &c., kept permanently free from Bugs, Roaches, Rats, Mice, Ants, and all other Vermin,
☞ BY CONTRACT. ☜
Mr. Joseph Meyer, practical Chemist to the Courts of Russia, England, Prussia, &c., has established his office at No. 612 Broadway, corner of Houston-st., where he will be happy to enter into contracts with housekeepers, merchants, ship owners, manufacturers, brewers, superintendents of public buildings, &c., by which he engages to purify their establishments from all sorts of vermin, and keep them free from it permanently, and where his preparations may be had wholesale and retail, at prices from 25 cents to $1.

General Agent for the United States and Canada, Frederick V. Rushton, Druggist, No. 10 Astor House, and No. 417 Broadway, corner of Canal-st.

The preparations are kept for sale by the proprietor, No. 612 Broadway, and by all respectable druggists.

☞ The Miseries of September.

Singing, singing,
The mosquitoes
Suck our blood,
And nightly fret us
Creeping, leaping,
Bugs and fleas too,
Pierce our flesh
Whene'er they please to.
Racing, chasing,
Like born devils,
Rats at night
Pursue their revels.

Don't you want to
Sleep in quiet—
Free from insects,
Rats and riot—
LYON'S depot
Seek to day,
With his POWDER
You can slay
All vile things
With poison stings,
And rats and mice forever still,
With his incomparable PILL.

Depot for LYON'S celebrated poisonless Magnetic Powder for killing Insects, and his Magnetic Pills for destroying Rats and Mice, No. 424 Broadway.
Sold by all respectable druggists. E. LYON & CO.

☞ A Great Chemical Discovery.—JULES HAUEL'S Eau Athenienne or Hair Renovator, is a never failing preserver, restorer and beautifier of the Hair. With no deleterious qualities, it is a preventive to the decay of the Hair, renders it soft, glossy and of the original color, when it has become gray. This invaluable preparation will produce a new growth of Hair, in place of that destroyed by age or sickness. Sold by all Druggists and at the Laboratory of JULES HAUEL & CO., No. 704 Chestnut st., Philadelphia. At wholesale in New-York by CARY, HOWARD & SANGER, Chambers-st., and at retail by FRED V. RUSHTON, No. 10 Astor House, and No. 417 Broadway.

☞ Philadelphia on the American Smoker.—In an editorial the Philadelphia *Press* says: "Undoubtedly we *are* a great nation of inventors. Here somebody has patented a little apparatus, which you may put into your vest pocket, which enables those who use pipes or cigars to imbibe the smoke of the nicotian weed relieved from impurities, and impregnated with any desiccated flavor. *Probatum est.* We use it, and cigar venders and druggists sell them."
Nos 22 and 24 Frankfort-st.

☞ Eau de Beaute.
An unrivaled lotion for softening, whitening, and beautifying the skin. Prepared by J. C. de la VERNY.
For sale by
JOHN. I. CODDINGTON, druggist, No. 715 Broadway.
EWEN McINTYRE, druggist, No. 874 Broadway.
WM. CAMP, hair-dresser, No. 49 William-st.

☞ Per Steamers North Star and Fulton.
HATTER'S PLUSH in all grades.
Tips and Sides, Bands and Bindings, new designs.
French Skivers.
ROBERTS & CATHELL, No. 113 Broadway.

☞ Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

☞ Toothache Remedy.—I have a sure cure for the Toothache. It is harmless, does not injure the Teeth any, and never fails to stop the pain. Price, 25 cents. One box sent by mail on receipt of ten three-cent stamps. Eight boxes for $1.
H HIKA,
No. 63 Prince st., near the Metropolitan Hotel.

☞ Wigs $8, Toupees $5, at Cameron's manufactory, No. 199 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, the only place where a first-rate article can be had at a reasonable price. We challenge the world to produce better. Also, a large assortment of lady's hair-work at equally low prices.

☞ Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

MARRIED.

Smith—Crane.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 14, at the residence of B. F. Crane, Esq., by the Rev. A. J. Padelford, Mr. William D. Smith to Miss Harriet B. Crane, all of this City.

Baldwin—Stevenson.—In this City, on Wednesday, Sept. 15, at the residence of the bride, by the Rev. John Dowling, Mr. Wm. Henry Baldwin to Miss Mary Stevenson, all of this City.

Dorland—Greenwood.—In this City, on Wednesday, Sept. 15, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the Rev. H. E. Montgomery, Gilbert E. Dorland, Esq., to Margaret, daughter of the late Clark Greenwood, all of this City.

Gaston—Bell.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 7, by the Rev. J. S. Holme, A. G. Gaston to Miss A. A. Bell, all of Brooklyn.

Schenck—Godfrey.—At Southport, Conn., on Thursday, Sept. 9, at Trinity Church, by the Rev. G. Emory, Adrian V. S. Schenck, Esq., of Newark, N. J., to Elizabeth H., daughter of J. Godfrey, Esq., of the former place.

Keeler—Beach.—In Walton, Delaware Co., N. Y., on Monday, Sept. 13, by the Rev. Chas. D. Sitzer, Edgar Keeler, of New-York City, to Miss Elizabeth M., daughter of Jehial Beach, Esq., of the former place.

Titus—Green.—At Washington, Dutchess Co., N. Y., on Tuesday, Sept. 14, by the Hon. H. A. Nelson, County Judge, Mr. George Titus, of Washington, to Miss Susan A., daughter of John Green, Esq., of the same place.

Rood—Prunner.—In Munich, Bavaria, on Wednesday, Aug. 11, in the Protestant Church, Prof. Ogden N. Rood, of Troy, N. Y., to Mathilde Prunner, of Munich.

DIED.

Nash.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 14, Dewitt Thompson, only son of Daniel D. and Catharine Nash, aged 9 years, 3 months and 20 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his father, corner 61st st. and 10th-av. Carriages will be in waiting at the terminus of the 8th-av. railroad, 59th-st. and Broadway, from 1½ to 2 P. M.

Cauldwell.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 14, Elizabeth, widow of the late Cornelius Cauldwell, in the 92d year of her age.

Her friends, and those of her son, Ebenezer Cauldwell, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at her late residence, No. 231 East Broadway, this (Thursday) morning, at 10 o'clock.

Rogers.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 14, John W. Rogers, formerly of Plymouth, N. H.

☞ Chicago and Detroit papers please copy.

Power.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 14, after a short but severe illness, at his residence, No. 7 Carroll-place, Dr. William Power, aged 60 years.

The friends and relatives of the deceased, and those of his family, also the Fellows of the Academy of Medicine, are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Miller.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 14, Mrs. Mary P. Miller, relict of George Miller, aged 90 years.

Friends and relatives of the late Jno. S. Doughty, Esq., are invited to attend the funeral, at St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, on Thursday, at 3 P. M.

Leslie.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 15, after a protracted illness, Sarah, wife of James Y. Leslie, aged 31 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Friday, 17th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from the house, No. 44 Hoyt st., Brooklyn.

Tolerton.—In Flushing, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 14, Robert H. Tolerton, an old inhabitant of New-York City, in the 84th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Elisha Forbes, No. 110 South 4th st., Williamsburg, on Friday, the 17th inst., at 1 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery.

Burling.—At Mamaroneck, on Saturday, Sept. 11, Clara Rebecca, only daughter of Lancaster D. and Rebecca Burling, aged 3 years and 3 months.

GENUINE
ATLANTIC CABLE.
BALL, BLACK & CO.,
NO. 247 BROADWAY,
Take pleasure in informing their friends and the Public,
that they have secured a sufficient quantity of the
ATLANTIC CABLE
to
supply all demands;
and, in order that every one may receive a souvenir of this, the most remarkable event of the age, and so that it shall not be cumbersome, we have mounted it up to be worn as Charms or Watch Keys.

In Brass..........for 15 cents each.
In Silver..........for 50 cents each.
In Gold..........for $1 50 to $5 each.

We suppose the reputation of our House is all the guarantee needed, when we assert that this Cable is the veritable one from on board the steamer *Niagara*. In addition to that, however, we have the documents to place the genuineness beyond question.

New-York, Aug. 24, 1858.

THE OLD DOMINION
COFFEE-POT, and
THE OLD DOMINION
TEA-POT
Are manufactured, under the patent for the United States, by
ARTHUR, BURNHAM & GILROY,
Nos. 117 and 119 South 10th-st., Philadelphia,
and for sale at manufacturer's prices by E. P. TORREY,
No. 9 Platt st., New-York.

Merchants visiting New-York should by all means lay in a supply of these coffee and tea pots, which are rapidly coming into use, and destined in a short time to supersede all others.

E. P. TORREY is also agent for the sale of ARTHUR'S CELEBRATED AIR TIGHT SELF-SEALING CANS AND JARS, which, it is conceded on all hands, are the best in the market. Also, manufacturer and patentee of TORREY'S celebrated door-spring.

GAS FIXTURES.
A superb assortment of
CHANDELIERS
And other descriptions of
GAS FIXTURES,
NOW OPENING.
EXTRA INDUCEMENTS
Offered to purchasers of FULL SETS.
COLT & WHITTLESEY,
No. 922 Broadway, corner 21st st.

W. & J. MORRISON,
No 79 Chambers st.,
Importers and Jobbers of
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
Velvet Ribbons, Yankee Notions,
Zephyr Worsteds, Fancy Goods,
Shetland Wool, Woolen Yarns,
Expansion Skirts, Bustles, &c.

CHILSON'S NEW CONE FURNACE,
FOR HEATING CHURCHES,
STORES AND DWELLING HOUSES.
This is the only Furnace to which has ever been awarded a Gold Medal. Made and sold by
BRAMHALL HEDGE & CO.,
No. 398 Broadway, corner Walker-st.

PETER K. DEYO,
ADVERTISING AGENT,
OFFICE 19 NASSAU BANK BUILDING.
Refer to..........Messrs. Raymond, Wesley & Co.

WING'S FARINA CRACKERS.—MADE from material prepared from that portion of the wheat which is the most nutritious and healthful.

It is estimated that one pound contains as much nutriment as two pounds of bread, as it is usually baked.

WING'S FARINA CRACKERS
are of small size, over ninety to the pound, and baked dry.

They are delightful to the taste, and one of the best crackers ever produced for family use.

FOR LUNCH,
and with oysters they are unequaled.

We ask every mother to procure Wing's Farina Crackers for her children. They are far superior to many of the preparations usually given to them, being decidedly more healthful and nourishing, and, as they dissolve readily in the mouth, are always eaten with a fine zest.

Ladies and gentlemen will find them unsurpassable for their
FINE FLAVOR AND PLEASANT TASTE.

Delicate ladies, and all persons whose habits are more or less sedentary, will find Wing's Crackers most excellent.

For professional gentlemen, bankers, merchants, and clerks, they may be used for lunch with great advantage in maintaining a healthful regularity of the system.

Teachers and scholars, in schools generally, will find them very agreeable.

WING'S FARINA CRACKERS are a most valuable article for travelers in the cars; or on shipboard, at sea, they are one of the very best things that can be eaten.

All those who may wish to procure these valuable Crackers should understand that there are no genuine Farina Crackers made but by Mr. Wing; all these are stamped with the name "WING." Allow no person, therefore to persuade you to buy any Crackers for Farina but WING'S.

This caution has become necessary in consequence of an attempt by designing persons to sell the ordinary kind of Crackers by calling them Farina, and conveying the impression that they are like WING'S FARINA. Such attempts at deception should be understood by all.

WING'S FARINA CRACKERS may be procured of the best Family Grocers generally, by whom they are extensively sold in different portions of the United States, and at wholesale only of
A. N. THOMPSON & CO.,
Nos 221 and 223 Fulton st., N. Y.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR
PILES! PILES! PILES! PILES!
No affliction to which the human system is subject to calls for greater sympathy than the Piles. These are of two forms—external and internal Piles. Persons who are afflicted with this disease can be permanently cured by using
DR. WITMER'S PILE SUPPOSITORY.
Hundreds of persons in this City were entirely cured by using it, and references will be given to persons who were afflicted with them for twenty years, and this article cured them. Sold at the Bowery Drug Store, No. 158.

PRINTERS' CARDS.
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PRINTERS' CARDS.
PRINTERS' AND ENGRAVERS' CARDS
of all colors and sizes, cut and in sheets; warranted not to peel or fill up the type. Bristol Board and Enamel Cards of every description for sale at
JOHN J. LEVY'S,
Playing and Printers' Card Manufactory,
Nos. 177 and 179 Grand-st., near Centre.
Down-town depot, No. 107 Nassau-st., corner of Ann.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, LIVER COMPLAINTS CURED.—St. Catharine Mineral Water, in its Natural State. See certificate (by calling) from well known persons.

Prices per dozen quarts, $3; per dozen pints, $2. Packed for transportation. C. L. MATHER, Agent, Astor House, New-York, or W. M. GILES, No. 189 6th-av. corner of 13th-st.

PHELAN'S PATENT BILLIARD TABLES, with all the late improvements, always on hand and for sale at reasonable prices. Salesrooms Nos. 786 and 788 Broadway. Manufactory No. 63 Ann-st.

SPERRY'S TOWER CLOCKS—THE BEST timekeepers in the world, all sizes. Also, watchmakers' marine pendulum regulators, No. 338 Broadway.

AUCTION GOODS.
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Pearl sts.,
Have just received from auction,
1,800 pieces MERINOS,
500 pieces CASHMERE D'ECOSSE,
500 pieces PRINTED MERINOS,
Of the celebrated manufacture of
THIRION, MAILLARD, & CO.,
Will be sold by the lot or piece at a small advance.

ROBES A LEZ AND ROBES A DEUX JUPES,
In SILKS,
MOUSSELIN DE LAINES,
CASHMERE D'ECOSSE,
And MERINOS.
Just received by
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Pearl sts.

PARIS DRESS GOODS.
A SPLENDID AND VERY DESIRABLE LINE,
Comprising all the newest and most attractive things in
MOUSSELIN DE LAINES,
CASHMERE D'ECOSSE,
POPLINS,
VALENCIAS,
AMELINES,
PRINTS, &c., &c., &c.,
Just landing and for sale by
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.,
Nos. 320 and 322 Broadway.

LYONS SILKS.
50 cases
OF NEW AND VERY CHOICE STYLES
Just landed from the last steamers, and for sale by
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Pearl sts.

SANDFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.
Compounded entirely from Gums.
Precisely what the name indicates.
Regulate the Liver, and the stomach and bowels will be effectually regulated.
DR. SANDFORD, Proprietor.
No. 345 Broadway, New York.
Sold by all Druggists in town and country, at $1 per bottle.

VALLEY BANK, MD.—THE NOTES OF THIS Bank are purchased at fifteen cents on the dollar, at the office of The Bank Note Register, No. 12 Wall-st. Notes of the Rhode Island Central Bank are bought at twenty-five cents on the dollar.
GWYNNE & DAY, Bankers.

IMPORTANT
TO
DRY-GOODS DEALERS.
One of the best assorted Stocks
FRESH, CHOICE, ATTRACTIVE,
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SMITH & BUTTLE'S Patent Adhesive Letter and Invoice File are now very extensively used by merchants and business men in New-York and other large cities. The convenience and facility of reference which they insure recommend them to universal use. Booksellers and stationers visiting this City are respectfully invited to call and examine. For sale on liberal terms.
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JOUVEN'S KID GLOVE CLEANER INSTANTLY cleans kid gloves of all colors, without the slightest smell. One bottle cleans fifty pair. Price 25 cents. Try, before buying. A liberal discount to the trade.
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SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO VERY COMpetent young women. One is a first-class cook, understands meats, soups, &c.; will assist in the washing; no objection to a boarding-house. The other is a very excellent chambermaid and laundress; can do up fine clothes in the neatest style; no objection to the country. Both will be found to know their duties. Apply at No. 307 Bowery.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABle young women; one is a first-rate cook, and an excellent washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid, and to assist with the washing and ironing, or take care of children, or would do general housework in a small private family. The best of City references given from their last places. Call at No. 230 East 23d-st., 3d floor back, room No. 3, for 2 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman in a private family as first-rate cook; she understands pastry and jellies and preserving; she understands cooking in all its branches; she has unexceptionable City references from her last employer as to honesty, sobriety and capability. Call at J. J. Merris' grocery, cor. University-place, 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO ATTEND AN INvalid, by a steady, middle-aged woman, who for the last three years filled that station to the satisfaction of the family she served. Has satisfactory references. Address J. M., nurse, Box No. 111 *Times* Office, or No. 204 Jay-st., Brooklyn, for 2 days and will be respectfully attended to.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG, HANDY WOMAN, A situation as cook in all its branches, understands meats, poultry, and baking, does up linens in style, or as cook in a small private family; wages $8; also a chambermaid and nurse, does neat plain sewing, takes charge of a baby, wages $7. Call at No. 216 East 23d st., for three days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO HIGHLY recommended young women, one to cook, wash and iron, the other chamberwork and assist to wash and iron, or chamberwork and waiting; are persons of most exemplary moral character and can furnish the best of City reference; can be seen at No. 189 28th-st. southwest corner of 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to cook, wash and iron, or do the general housework of a private family; is a good cook and an excellent washer and ironer; will be found willing and obliging, and the best of City references. Apply at the Employment Agency, No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOman, a situation as a first-rate cook, in all its branches, who is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; and her daughter, as chambermaid and waiter, and to assist in the washing and ironing, who has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 181 3d av., between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—BY A HARD-WORKING, FAITHFUL and well-recommended girl, a situation; is a very good plain cook and first-class washer and ironer; understands housework thoroughly; is very willing and particularly neat. Also, a nice, respectable young girl wants a place as child's maid or for light work. Apply at MANNING'S, No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as nurse and seamstress, or would do chamberwork and washing; has the best of City reference; also, a first-class cook, one who understands her business in all its branches, and has the best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 3 West 10th st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing in a respectable family; has the best of City reference from her last place of four years. Apply at No. 252 West 16th-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, situations; one as first-class cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid, waiter and seamstress; the best of City reference can be given; call, or address, No. 249 Adams-st., Brooklyn, between Johnston-st. and Myrtle-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as cook in a private family; is an excellent baker; understands washing and ironing perfectly; can give the best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 238 6th av., between 15th and 16th sts., third floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid and waitress, and to assist in fine washing and ironing, if required; can be seen for 2 days at No. 485 6th av., between 29th and 30th s s. N. B.—Has no objection to go into the country with a respectable family. Best of references given.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as cook; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Also, an experienced nurse who understands the care of children, and has the best of City reference. Can be seen for three days at No. 107 25th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SUPERIOR COOK, CAPABLE OF preparing all kinds of game making soup, jellies, ice-creams and fancy confectionery, meats; a situation permanently for the Winter. Best of reference given from her last employer. Inquire at No. 42 West 16th st., for 2 days.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT WOman, a situation as cook; is willing to assist in washing and ironing, or to do general housework in a small family; is willing to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen till suited at No. 148 West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble young girl, as chambermaid and waitress; can also do plain sewing, if required; can come well recommended from her last place; can be seen at No. 103 West 16th-st., near 6th av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress or waiter and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; has good City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 87 6th-av., in Higgen's Grocery.

WANTED—BY TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS, SITUations; one as chambermaid, waitress, and do fine washing; the other as child's nurse or seamstress. Call at No. 205 13th-st., for two days, between 1st and 2d avs. City references.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman a situation as nurse and seamstress; can take a baby from its birth; would go to the country or travel with a lady. Can be highly recommended. Call at No. 105 East 16th-st., near 1st-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS BY A very respectable Protestant girl; or as chambermaid and plain sewer. Has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 197 9th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN ENGLISH person, as chambermaid and seamstress; will assist with the fine washing and ironing. Good City references given. Apply, for three days, at No. 42 Hamilton-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A first-rate laundress, with the best of City reference, the washing of a few gentlemen or families to take to her own house. Apply at No. 110 East 16th-st., between Livingston place and 1st-av.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GERMAN DRESSmaker wishes to go out working by the day; she understands her business in all its branches, and speaks English. Best City reference given. Call at No. 178 East 7th-st., opposite Tompkins Park.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO ENGLISH women, one as cook, and one as nurse and seamstress; also, by a Scotch young woman as nurse, or chambermaid and waitress; also, by one to do housework. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS COOK, AND TO assist in the washing and ironing, by a respectable young woman; is a good baker; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 119 West 21st st., near 7th av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS WHO can give good City reference, to do general housework in private families. Apply in basement No. 142 Johnson-st., near Gold, Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as a good plain cook; has no objection to assist with the washing; and good City reference; apply at No. 100 West 17th-st., can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUation to do chamberwork fine washing and ironing, in a respectable family. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 86 East 27th-st. Good reference given.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and waiter in a private family. Call for two days at No. 11 Woodhull st., between Hicks and Columbia sts., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, to do chamberwork and waiting, or sewing; the best of City references given; lived nine years in her last place. Can be seen at No. 109 Clinton-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS SEAMSTRESS, BY a respectable young woman; is a good plain sewer; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 294 Sackett-st., South Brooklyn, between Court and Smith st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as cook, washer and ironer. Good City reference. Call at No. 349 9th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman to cook, wash and iron, or would do general housework of a small family. Apply in the grocery store corner of Lawrence and Tillary sts., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook, washer and ironer, in a small private family. Good City references can be given. Call at No. 486 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts., room 1.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Scotch woman, as first-rate cook. Can present good city references. Can be seen for two days at No. 187 West 13th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, as chambermaid and seamstress, or as seamstress alone. Call at No. 105 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE English Protestant girl, to do the housework of a small family; is a good washer and ironer. Call at No. 319 1st-av., near 19th-st., for 2 days, top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress by a respectable young woman; has good City references. Apply at 100 West 17th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 1,015 Broadway, near 28th-st.

THE ADVERTISER, AN INTELLIGENT American lady of respectability, wishes to obtain a situation to attend store of any kind, or as housekeeper and family dressmaker; would not object to the instruction of children; salary no object; would leave the City if required. Address Miss M. C., No. 51 Pitt st., for one week.

SEAMSTRESS.—AN EXPERIENCED SEAMstress wishes a situation in a respectable family; is a first-rate dressmaker, can do all sorts of fine and family sewing and shirt making; will be found agreeable and obliging, and can be well recommended. Call at or address No. 360 2d-av., near 23d-st., this week.

GOVERNESS.—AN EXPERIENCED ENGLISH young woman desires a situation as nursery governess or wait on a lady and to sew. The best of testimonials can be given as to capabilities from the lady whom she is still with. Can be seen for two days at No. 363 Madison-av., between the hours of 11 and 4 o'clock.

REMOVED.—DR. HOSACK HAS REMOVED TO No. 15 West 21st st., between 5th and 6th avs.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A young man who understands his business in its various departments, namely, the cultivation and management of stove, green house, and other plants, fruit and vegetable garden, the vine in and out of doors, and is particularly neat in the laying out of new ground, with the best of references from places that he has laid out in this country. Address, for this week, R. J. M., at ANDREW REED'S, florist, 14th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED BOOK-KEEPER, one who understands his business, wishes a situation, where a strict attention to his duties and the interests of his employer, will be fairly compensated; has no objection to the South or West, provided the location is healthy. Address W. T. C., Box No. 182 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, EMployment; is well acquainted with gardening, coach driving, cow milking, the care of stock, and farming work in general; country preferred; satisfactory reference from last employer. A few lines to J. M., Box No. 177 *Times* Office, will be strictly attended to.

WANTED.—AN AMERICAN COACHMAN WANTS a situation; is a steady driver, understands the care of horses, &c.; has excellent recommendations and has no objections to a short distance in the country. Also, by two colored girls, as chambermaid and seamstress. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman; understands the management and the care of horses, is a careful driver, and is sober, honest and obliging. Has the best of City reference. No objection to city or country. Address P. M., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN of respectability and capability as porter in a store or shipping office, or would be willing to drive or assist round a gentleman's place in the town or country. Can be seen until suited at No. 251 Elizabeth-st., between Bleecker and Houston.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A young man who understands the management and care of horses; is a careful driver, sober, honest and obliging; good City reference; the country preferred. Address J. M., box No. 157 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS COACHMAN, BY a respectable Protestant man, lately married; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; satisfactory City reference can be given. Call or address No. 18 Beaver-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A DILIGENT young German man as porter in a store; speaks, reads and writes the English and German languages, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address K. E., Box No. 263, *Times* Office.

WANTED—A PORTER'S SITUATION, BY A young man who can be highly recommended for honesty, sobriety and industry; is quick and correct at figures, and can make himself generally useful. Can be seen or addressed at No. 41 Vesey-st. J. K.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has been fourteen years in this country, and has the best of reference. Apply for M. C. at Mr. Smith's seed store, No. 64 White st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY, BY a respectable man, who understands farming and gardening, and knows how to take care of horses. Address, for three days, O. P., Box No. 180, *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A single man, a Scotchman; understands his business. Can give good references. Apply at, or address A. G., Smith's seed store, No. 64 White st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A young, respectable man who understands managing horses and carriages. Address, for two days, A. B., *Times* Office, Box No. 150.

TO HOTEL PROPRIETORS.—A YOUNG man who has been employed in the office of a first-class hotel in this City for the past four years is desirous of obtaining a position in the same capacity, or in any similar position, where industry and devotion to business is required. Address G. D., Box No. 130, *Times* Office. The best of reference given.

TO WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS.—Wanted, a situation, as clerk, assistant-book-keeper or jobbing jeweler, by an experienced young man, with best of City references. Address H. RUDD one week, Box No. 163, *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A CLERK AS ASSISTANT IN A Medicine store, to keep accounts, attend sales, &c. A good penman and correspondent, unexceptionable habits and references will be required. Only Americans need apply. Address H. & P., Box No. 4,504, New York Post-Office.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN WHO WRITES A good hand, and is practically acquainted with book-keeping, wishes a situation in a dry goods or grocery house. City references given as to integrity and industry. Address Box No. 3,364, Post-Office.

WANTED—A NURSE—ONE THAT IS COMPEtent to take charge of two young children, one four and the other two years old, to do some sewing for them. Inquire at No. 19 London terrace, 23d-st., with recommendations.

WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE DRUG STORE, an active, intelligent lad, about 15 years of age, who resides with his parents in Brooklyn, or down town. Salary for first year $50. Inquire of WM. H. KINSLEY, No. 11 Gold-st., New-York.

WANTED—TO GO TO A SOUTHERN CITY, AN active man, either American or German, to act as porter in a grocery and liquor-house; must be acquainted with the business. Address A. N. V., Box No. 110 *Times* Office, with references in full.

WANTED—AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS—a Protestant middle-aged woman of experience, and who is perfectly competent to fill the place, where there are two young children. Apply at No. 157 Lexington-av., between 30th and 31st sts., before 2 o'clock.

WANTED—TWO NICE, INTELLIGENT PROTEStant girls; one to take care of two boys, the youngest about two years old; the other for waitress and chambermaid. Desirable situations. Apply in Carroll-st., third door East of Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, two good girls, one as good plain cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and nurse. None will suit without good references. Apply at No. 39 East 11th-st.

WANTED—A BLANK BOOK FORWARDER, ONE who also finishes preferred. Apply to-day between 10 and 12 o'clock, to KIGGINS & KELLOGG, Nos. 123 and 125 William-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN AS waitress, who has been accustomed to the business, and who would be willing to assist in the chamberwork. City reference required. Apply at No. 23 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A WET NURSE FOR A VERY young infant. The best references required as to character, health, and entire fitness for the place. Apply at No. 215 Carlton-av., Brooklyn, between 3 and 5 P. M.

WANTED—AS NURSE, A THOROUGHLY COMpetent Protestant woman to take charge of several children. Unexceptionable references required. Apply at No. 416 4th-st., between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A GOOD JOURNEYMAN LAPIDARY. Apply to C. J. & W. MASON, No. 172 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A RAPID AND HANDSOME PENman, to assist in the correspondence of a jobbing-house. Address Box No. 2,490 Post-Office.

WANTED—A FEW EXPERIENCED SALESMEN for the retail department. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

MUSICAL.

A YOUNG LADY HAVING A VOICE OF superior quality and tone, and whose engagement has expired, wishes to obtain a situation in a Church as soprano singer; she is well acquainted with the Episcopal service. She would also be willing to instruct a few pupils in music and singing at their residence, or her own. Terms moderate. Satisfactory references given. Address Miss B., No. 242 West 43d-st.

AN ALTO, WHO HAS GIVEN PERFECT satisfaction in her last engagement, desires an engagement. Unexceptionable reference given. Address ALTO, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES.

FRENCH AND GERMAN SERVANTS—Some English and other Protestant chambermaids, seamstresses, nurses and cooks, some colored first-class servants, together with a general assortment of servants for various situations may be had at the Employment Society Rooms, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House 8th-st. between 3d and 4th avs. German and French spoken in the establishment. A lady in attendance.

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White and gold tea sets, 44 pieces	$5 50
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SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE FOR SALE—By the New-York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, in lengths to suit purchasers; about 33 miles of superior quality, large size Submarine Telegraph Cable, with three conducting wires, manufactured to order by Kuper & Company of London. For particulars inquire of R. W. LOWBER, Secretary, No. 61 Wall-st.

LADIES, TRY A BOTTLE OF THE ROSALIETA.—For cleaning kid gloves. With this preparation gloves can be cleaned in a few moments, and worn immediately, It costs less than one cent a pair, and is free from unpleasant odor. Price 25 cents. For sale wholesale and retail No. 737 Broadway, C. D. MARWEDEL, Agent.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER, about seventy-five (75) horse-power, the whole in running order, complete, now being removed from factory in New-Brunswick to give place for larger. The engine is six years old, built by the Mateawan Company; will be sold at a great bargain if removed as taken down. Apply at No. 23 Cortlandt st., to HORACE H. DAY.

SAFES FOR SALE.—TWO OF LILLIE'S PAtent chilled iron, burglar and fire proof safes, will be sold cheap. Apply to

SMITH, HEGEMAN & CO.,
No. 70 Broad-st.,
Corner of Beaver-st.

HEATER FOR SALE CHEAP.—ONE OF Heddenburg's largest size heaters, as good as new, with registers, conducting pipe, smoke pipe, &c., all complete. Apply at the piano wareroom No. 424 Broome st., 2d floor, near Broadway.

INSTRUCTION

FRENCH PROTESTANT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
No. 32 West 18th-street.

MRS. LEVERETT WILL RE-OPEN HER SCHOOL for the ensuing year, on WEDNESDAY, September 15th. This school offers all the advantages of a thorough and systematic course of English education, combined with every facility for the study and practical acquisition of the French language. Special classes will be formed, under the direction of competent Professors, for young ladies who desire to pursue English and French literature apart from the general course of study. A limited number of young ladies is received into the family, to whom all the privileges of a home are offered. Application may be made to Mrs. LEVERETT, personally or by letter, at the above address.

MRS. WILLIAMES'

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies. No. 26 West 39th-st., near 5th av., is now open for the reception of pupils.

Circulars can be obtained at Roe Lockwood & Son's, No. 411 Broadway, and at Stanford & Delisser's, No. 508 Broadway.

WILLIAM J. NEVIUS' CLASSICAL, Mathematical, French and English Private School for Young Gentlemen, No. 19 West 15th st., will be reopened on Wednesday, Sept. 8. In this institution consisting of two departments the Principal takes the entire charge of his pupils' studies, most of the lessons being prepared in the school room. He invites parents who desire thorough instruction for their sons to visit his school and examine its favorable situation. He refers to Messrs. Robert Goellet Griffith Thomas, Edward S. Clarke, John Caswell, William E. Laight; also, to Wm. H. Schermerhorn, Esq., Gen. James I. Jones, Dr. Isaac Ferris, Dr. Robert Baird and Dr. John McLean, President of Princeton College, N. J. Three or four young gentlemen will be received as boarding pupils. Circulars can be had at the bookstores of Messrs CROWEN, STANFORD & CO., and CARTER.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE—(Day and Boarding,) Nos. 61 and 63 Madison-av., New-York. To be conducted on the same plan and to embrace the same thorough course as the Rutgers. Open Sept. 15. Pupils can enter their names on the 13th and 14th. Circulars obtained at RAYNOR'S, No. 76 Bowery, or of the Principal, at No. 63 Madison-av. A class will be formed, at the residence of the Principal, for the accommodation of a few small boys, whose sisters are connected with the Institute.

REV. DR FERRIS, Rector,
C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

NITCHY'S INSTITUTE AT WEST BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Educates boys for Mercantile and Mechanical pursuits. The instruction is thorough, opposed to the memorizing method, and develops all the mental faculties; the education is based on principles of kindness and liberality. Gardens, woods, mountains and rocks, baths, a gymnasium, pure and cool air and water, render the Institute an eminently healthy and attractive place for the education of boys. For circulars containing all necessary information and references, address AUG. F. NITCHY.

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH School, No. 872 Broadway, corner 18th-st., reopens Sept. 6. TERMS—Preparatory department for boys from 6 to 8 years of age $60 a year; junior for boys from 8 to 10, $80; English, $100; classical from $125 to $150. No extra charges. The French language taught in all four departments. The pupil, as far as possible, learns his lessons in school. Eight assistant teachers and a teacher of gymnastics. Circulars at No. 156 2d-av., at RANDOLPH'S, No. 683 Broadway, and at School.

GEO. C. ANTHON.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR twenty boys, No. 51 West 26th st., the Rev. WILLIAM MORRIS, LL. D., Principal. Next term commences Sept. 15, 1858. Young gentlemen will be constantly under Dr. MORRIS' care at study and exercise.

Boarding scholars, per Academic year	$250
Day scholars, per term	20
Day scholars, per term, for juniors	10

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT NEW-ROCHELLE, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.—The Fall 12th Term of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, the 6th Sept. Pupils may enter at any portion of the term and pay in proportion. Address the Principal, who will call, if desired, or application may be made to A. H. LOCKWOOD, Esq., No. 161 Broadway, or No. 436 Pacific st., Brooklyn.

RUFUS LOCKWOOD, Principal.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.—MR. AND Mrs. WILLARD, PRINCIPALS.—The school year will commence on the second Wednesday of September. Terms, $225 per year; for board, including washing, fuel, lights, &c., and tuition in English studies, with usual charges for music, modern languages, &c., or $350, and no extras. For further information, apply to the Principals, at Troy, N. Y.

MRS. MEARS,' FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL for Young Ladies, Nos. 32 and 30 West 15th-st., below 5th-av., reopens on Thursday, Sept. 9.

Mrs. M. will be at home to receive parents and guardians who may wish to confer with her, on and after Sept. 1.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION.—PRIvate French and English Classical, Boarding and Day school, with fine play-ground and gymnasium attached, Nos. 47 and 49 West 26th-st., between Broadway and 6th av., near Madison-square. Mr. LOUIS ERNST takes charge of a limited number of select boys. Re-opens Sept. 6.

CLASSICAL GYMNASIUM—NO. 31 BIBLE house, Astor-place. The seventh year of this institution—a school for the complete instruction of boys in the art of study—will begin on Monday, Sept. 6. For admission, address Rev. N. E. CORNWALL, No. 762 Broadway. Circulars at APPLETON'S, RANDOLPH'S and CROWEN'S.

MR. AND MADAME DON BERNARD'S French Collegiate Institute for Young Ladies, No. 1 West 24th st. This Institute comprises three departments—Preparatory, Academic and Collegiate. The above Principals are assisted by a full corps of able and experienced teachers. Reopened Sept. 15.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—WM. H. LEGGETT'S School No. 826 Broadway, northeast corner of 12th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 6. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 699 Broadway and at the residence of the principal, No. 273 East 10th-st.

BEECHER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—Lafayette av., third door east of Clinton-av., Brooklyn, will reopen Monday, Sept. 6. Number limited. Accommodations for four additional boarding pupils.

S. C. BEECHER.

MADISON-SQUARE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., is designed to give the best culture to a limited number of youth. M. W. LYON and J. KARGE, Principals.

THE SCHOOL OF THE SUBSCRIBER, No. 809 Broadway, reopens on Monday, Sept. 13. A thorough education is imparted—Classical, French and English—under a discipline mild but decided. The highest references. R. S. WIGGINS, M. A.

MRS. OKILL WILL BE PREPARED TO receive her pupils on Wednesday, Sept. 15, and hopes for their prompt attendance. Any communications addressed to Mrs. O. at her residence Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place, New-York, will receive immediate attention.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 60 West 33d st. JOHN GOSMAN, Principal. School reopens MONDAY, Sept. 13. REFERENCES.—The Rev. Drs. ALEXANDER, PHILLIPS and others. Circulars at the school-rooms.

GEORGE S. PARKER AND DOCTOR F. BERTHET will open their united Classical, French and English School, with a Primary Department and Gymnasium, at No. 920 Broadway, on Sept. 13. Circulars may be had at Lockwood's Bookstore, or Crowen's.

MR. R. P. JENKS' SELECT CLASSICAL and Mathematical School, No. 866 Broadway, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 13. A junior department is connected with the school. For circulars apply at the school room.

POUGHKEEPSIE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.—WARRING & BISBEE, (successors to Charles Bartlett.) Principals. Lads are received and prepared for business or College. Catalogues sent on application. Winter term commences Nov. 3.

PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION.—Mr. WILHELM SCHMEISSER having returned from Europe, desires to inform his friends and the public that he is now ready to give lessons. Address care of C. BREUSING, No. 701 Broadway.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S SCHOOL for young ladies, No. 23 Gramercy park, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15 at which time a punctual attendance is earnestly requested.

THE MISSES DANFORTH WILL REopen their Boarding and Day School on Sept. 15, at No. 334 6th-av., between 20th and 21st sts. Circulars at their residence.

THE YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY—HILL Side, Norwalk, Conn., will reopen Sept. 15. Terms $225 per year. For circulars and catalogues address the principal, Mrs. LOUISA A. SMITH.

MISS REED'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 20 West 16th-st., near 5th-av., will re-open on Monday, Sept. 13.

L. KIEFFER'S DRAWING AND PAINTING classes are now open for the reception of pupils, at No. 45 Bleecker-st., east side of Broadway; gives, also, instruction at private houses.

MME. F. REICHARD'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 22 West 22d-st., near 5th-av., will reopen on Tuesday, Sept. 14.

MADAME MARTINET'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 32 West Twenty-first st., between Fifth and Sixth-avenues; will re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 15th.

J. H. PATTON'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH School, No. 34 West 22d-st., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 13. Circulars can be obtained at the rooms, or at No. 11 West 26th-st.

MYSTIC HALL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.—Horseback riding, and salt water bathing. Application for admission, or catalogue, to be addressed to the Principal, MRS. T. P. SMITH, Boston, Mass.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE—No. 244 West 19th-st., will open its thirteenth year, MONDAY, Sept. 6.

J. H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

RAVENSWOOD FEMALE SEMINARY, L. I.—A thorough and accomplished education is conferred, under purely home influences. Circulars at WILLIAMS, STEVENS & WILLIAMS, No. 353 Broadway.

MRS. MACAULAY WILL REOPEN HER School No. 43 East 21st-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., on Wednesday, Sept. 15. A punctual attendance is particularly desired.

A CARD.—N. CALYO, ARTIST, BEGS TO INform the public and his pupils that he will resume his course of lessons in drawing and painting in all their branches Sept. 6, at his residence, No. 120 East 21st-st.

MRS. COUTAN'S FRENCH AND ENGlish Boarding and Day School for young ladies will re-open on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, at No. 279 5th av., corner 31st-st.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL—ENtering its 22d year, reopens its Primary Class and Commercial Department Sept. 6. For circulars, call at the University. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

MRS. NEWCOMB'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 90 Orange-st., Brooklyn Heights, will re-open on MONDAY, Sept. 13. Boarding Pupils limited to ten.

MISS SALTER'S CLASSES FOR DRAWING and Painting re-open Sept. 15, at No. 175 10th-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 218 4th st., (entrance No. 154 Macdougal-st.,) on Washington square, will open its sixteenth academic year on Monday Sept. 13. The Principals will be at the Institution on and after 2d of September.

The ROOMS and FURNITURE have been thoroughly renovated, and a STAGE is employed daily to convey SMALL BOYS at a distance TO and FROM the School.

Circulars may be obtained at the Broadway bookstores, BURNTON'S, No. 49 6th-av., and at the School.

Parents unacquainted with the Institution are referred to the following among its one hundred and fifty well-known PRESENT patrons:

The Rev. George Potts,
The Rev. Chas Fletcher,
The Hon. W. F. Havemeyer,
The Hon. Henry E. Davies,
The Hon. Wm. Tucker,
Joseph Wooster, M. D.,
Jas C. Forester, M. D.,
A. N. Gunn, M. D.,

Joel B. Post, Esq.,
Mr. John H. Abeel,
Mr. E. V. Haughwout,
Mr. Louis E. Hargous,
Mr. Fred. L. Talcott,
Mr. Thos. J. Townsend,
Mr. Jerry Cowles,
&c., &c.

GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M.,
JAMES FANNING, A. M., } Principals.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE—Nos. 262, 264 and 266 Madison-st., opens its 78th Term (20th year) on MONDAY, Sept. 13.

The Omnibus line connected with the Institute will continue to convey pupils residing at a distance, at the usual additional charge.

A Boarding house connected with the Institute, and under the immediate charge of the Principal, is established at No. 217 Madison-st.

Circulars may be obtained at IVISON & PHINNEY'S, No. 321 Broadway; RAYNOR'S, No. 76 Bowery; and at the Institute.

The Principal is in attendance at the Institute to receive applications for the admission of scholars.

H. M. PIERCE, A. M., Principal.
G. M. KREBS, D. D., President.
J. W. C. LEVERIDGE, Secretary.

MISS HAINES' SCHOOL, NO. 10 GRAMERCY-PARK, East 20th st., third door from 4th-av. Miss HAINES respectfully informs her friends and the public, that having been requested by a number of the parents of her pupils to abridge the annual session of her school, *and in the hope of securing a punctual attendance of her scholars*, she will defer its reopening until Monday, Sept. 20.

Those who have confided their daughters to her in past years, may be assured of her continued desire, and, she trusts, increased ability, to impart to her pupils a substantial, useful, accomplished and Christian education. She has the aid of teachers of acknowledged talent, and it will be their aim to contribute as much as possible to the personal happiness as well as moral and intellectual improvement of those committed to their care.

NO. TWENTY-NINE TWENTY-FIRST-ST, BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—French and English Special Institute for Boys, under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. DE COURCELLE, will reopen the 15th of September.

Mr. DE COURCELLE having taught rhetoric gratuitously for some time in a college in Paris, offers to give private lessons to ladies and gentlemen at his house or at their own residences. Mr. DE COURCELLE is already well known in society, and has received most flattering praises for his method of teaching. The best references can be offered.

ELM PARK INSTITUTE—LITCHFIELD, CONN.—A first-class school and cheerful home, for boys, under the charge of the Rev. Dr. RICHARDS and son, JAMES RICHARDS, A. B., late of Princeton College, New Jersey, teacher of languages, mathematics and book keeping. French taught by a Parisian gentleman. The arrangements for sleeping, eating, exercise and bathing are complete. Terms moderate. For circulars, address the Principal, or at the law office of R. A. WATKINSON, Esq., No. 20 Nassau-st.

MADAME LE DUC'S—(LATE MADEMOISELLE A. FLORON,) French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, will open on Sept. 13. Apply for circulars at Mme. LE DUC'S, No. 264 West 23d-st., opposite London Terrace.

References—Bishop POTTER, of New-York; S. H. TYNG, D. D., New-York; A. D. GILLETTE, D. D., New-York; JOHN C. APPLETON, Esq., New-York, and many others if necessary. Terms very reasonable.

MISS HAVENS WILL RESUME HER Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies at her residence, No. 81 9th-st., near 5th-av., on Wednesday, Sept. 15. Applications may be addressed to her by letter until Sept. 6th, and after that personally. Her school circulars may also be obtained of E. Bement, Esq., No. 40 Exchange-place; of Messrs. Roe Lockwood & Son, No. 411 Broadway; of Mr. A. D. F. Randolph, No. 683 Broadway; and of R. N. Havens, Esq., No. 17 Nassau-st.

THE SPINGLER INSTITUTE, UNION-SQUARE, New-York will re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 15. Pupils of each department, Primary, Academic and Collegiate, who would be advanced with their classes, will be expected to be present at the opening, and to continue to the end of the year.

Circulars can be obtained at the Institute.

GORHAM D. ABBOTT, Principal.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL, (FORmerly Bernard & Redfield's French Institute,) Nos. 973 and 975 Broadway, Madison square. The thirteenth academic year of this Institute will commence on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8.

Parents are respectfully invited to call, at any time, and view the accommodations for both boarding and day scholars. P. M. W. REDFIELD.

THE HUDSON CLASSICAL INSTITUTE will be reopened Thursday, Sept. 9. It fits boys for college or business, and its plan is to take but a few, ascertain well their talents and disposition, instruct thoroughly, and make their school days happy as well as profitable. Its buildings have been newly and expensively fitted up. Address E. BRADBURY, Hudson, N. Y.

TRINITY SCHOOL—NO. 181 WEST 14TH-ST., corner of 8th-av.—This school will re-open on the 6th of September, with a full corps of experienced teachers. Circulars, with terms, &c., may be had of C. Shepard & Co., D. Appleton & Co., Roe Lockwood & Son, or at the school building. CHARLES D. MORRIS, M. A., Rector, Late Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford

DRAWING AND PAINTING ACADEMY now open for the reception of pupils. Classes for ladies and gentlemen in drawing, pastel, and oil-painting, with new facilities. For circulars, call at IVISON & PHINNEY'S, No. 331 Broadway, or at Prof. S. SCHUSTER'S, No. 782 Broadway.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL INSTITUTE, HACKENSACK, N. J.—WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Principal.—This family boarding and day school for young ladies and gentlemen will resume its duties on Monday, Sept. 6. Terms exceedingly moderate. For circulars address the Principal.

$120 A YEAR—PAYS THE BOARD AND TUition of a gentleman or lady at the Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y. Experienced gentlemen instructors at the head of each of the nine departments. Term opens September 17.

The Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 20 EAST THIRTY-FIRST-STREET—JAMES WEIR MASON.—Term begins Sept. 13. Personal instruction by the principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Circulars and further information at CARTER'S bookstore, and after Sept. 1 at the school.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH and English school will open on MONDAY, Sept. 6, at No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-street. Circulars may be had from Lockwood Son, No. 411 Broadway; C. S. Francis & Co., No. 554 Broadway, and T. J. CROWEN, No. 699 Broadway.

MESSRS. LESPINASSE AND DE LASSALLE'S French Institute, No. 181 Macdougal-st., corner of Clinton-place. Boys are admitted only under 14 years of age. A junior class directed by Mme. LESPINASSE. English taught by two Professors, English by birth and education. Reopened.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 18 4th-av., opposite Cooper Institute—is now open for the reception of pupils. Book-keeping classes will commence on the 15th of September.

ISAAC G. HUBBS, Principal.

JOSEPH G. KOESTLER RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he continues to give lessons in thorough bass on the piano forte, and in singing. Applications can be made at his residence, No. 260 1st-av.

FLUSHING INSTITUTE—THIS SCHOOL FOR boys at Flushing L. I., has been long established. The next session will begin Sept. 7. For circulars &c., apply to E. A. FAIRCHILD, Principal.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—The Misses PALACHE will reopen their establishment on Monday, Sept. 13, at their new residence, Fitzroy-place, No. 183 West 28th-st.

MADISON ACADEMY—MADISON-AVENUE, corner of 29th-st., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15. The Rev. S. R. DAVIS, A. M., and F. A. GARDNER, A. M., Principals. Residence No. 399 4th-av.

MRS. COMEGYS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding School for young ladies, No. 15 East 31st-st., between 5th and Madison avs., reopens on the 16th of September.

MADAME BERGIER'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., near 32d-st., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15.

W. H. DISBROW'S RIDING ACADEMY—5th av., corner of 39th-st., will open on Wednesday, 15th inst. The evening school will commence on the 1st of October.

FRENCH, SPANISH, &C., DRAWING, PAINTING CLASSES—No. 93 West 23d st.

Prof. JULES DE LAUNAY.

MISSES ROHR'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School, No. 33 West 33d-st., near 5th-av., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 13.

THE MISSES L. M. & M. R. GREEN WILL reopen their School at No. 1 5th-av., 1st door from Washington-square, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES WAYLAND WILL REOPEN their Day School, for young ladies, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, No. 250 West 32d-st.

MISS MORSE'S FRENCH SCHOOL FOR young Misses, re-opens September 13, No. 16 East 31st-st., between Madison and 5th avs.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their Day School for young ladies, No. 1 East 33d-st., one door from 5th-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES SEDGWICK WILL OPEN their boarding and day school on the 15th of September.

MRS. BENEDICT'S BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies will reopen Sept. 15, at No. 4 West 37th-st.

MRS. MEEKER'S SCHOOL WILL REopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 14, at No. 59 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS DIETZ WILL RE-OPEN HER DAY and Boarding School on Tuesday, Sept. 14, at No. 32 East 20th-st. Terms moderate.

MISS BALLOWS' SCHOOL FOR YOUNG ladies, No. 24 East 22d-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., will be reopened on Wednesday, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES O'BRIEN'S SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies, No. 125 West 22d st., between 6th and 7th avs., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

MURRAY HALL YOUNG LADIES' BOARDing and Day School, No. 101 West 36th-st. Rector—Rev. J. J. ELMENDORF. Seventh Session begins Sept. 14.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF COLUMBIA College, (No. 327 4th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.,) will recommence on Sept. 1, at 9½ o'clock, A. M.

J. F. WORTH'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH School, No. 237 4th-av, (one door above 19th-st.,) will be re-opened on MONDAY, Sept. 13.

MURRAY HILL COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Lexington-av. between 36th and 37th sts. Term begins Sept. 13. B. A. SMITH, Principal.

INSTRUCTION

THE REV. H. D. WARD AND MRS. WARD will reopen their French and English Institute for Young Ladies at No. 38 West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th-avs., Sept. 15. They request a prompt attendance of their pupils.

GEORGE J. HUSS—TEACHER OF PIANO, HAS REMOVED TO NO. 46 LEXINGTON-AV., BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH STS.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—The Morris Female Institute, open for the last two years to boarding and day scholars will be resumed on Monday, Oct. 4, for the reception of boarding pupils only; a limited number of whom will be received. It will be the object of the Principal to render this an agreeable home for those committed to her care as well as to furnish facilities for a thorough, accomplished, and Christian education. She will be assisted by an experienced teacher graduate of South Hadley, also a French teacher, residing in the family. A deduction will be made from the bills of the daughters of clergymen and those preparing to teach. For further particulars, see circulars, which may had by applying to the Principal, J. A. SEELEY Morristown, N. J.

A LADY PRINCIPAL OF A YOUNG LADIES' select school in Brooklyn will receive two more boarding pupils; her number is limited to four. The school possesses superior facilities for the acquisition of French, music and every branch of a finished education. Particular attention is paid to the social accomplishments of the boarding pupils. Best reference given. Terms moderate. Address TEACHER, Box No. 270, Brooklyn Post Office.

INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.—Boarding and day school under the direction of Prof. F. B. MAURICE, A. M., No. 95 St. Mark's-place, New-York. French, English, Spanish and German languages: Classics, Commerce, Arts, Sciences. Two distinct departments. The classes will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 6. For details and references, see circulars, which may be had at the Institute.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.—The Winter Session will open on the 1st of October. A few vacancies yet to be filled. Circulars containing full particulars are to be had at the bookstore of Messrs. B. Westermann & Co., No. 290 Broadway, New-York. REID & HOFFMANN.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, PITTSFIELD, MASS.—Next session commences Oct. 7. For catalogues, just published, address

C. V. SPEAR & J. R. BOYD, Principals.

MRS. J. R. DAVIS' BOARDING AND DAY School for young ladies, No. 399 4th-av., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15. For particulars, see circular.

MISS SNOW WILL REOPEN HER SCHOOL on MONDAY, Sept. 6, at No. 52 West 15th st.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG LADY—WITH THE HIGHEST REFerences of classical and accomplished education, including ancient and modern languages, painting and music, wishes a situation as teacher in a family or school in or near the city. Inquire, for a week, at the school, No. 1018 Broadway.

TEACHER.—A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITuation in some family as teacher of the English branches, with French, Music and Embroidery, if desired. The best of references can be given. Address M. D. W., care of Wm. Hall & Son, No. 239 Broadway, New-York.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.

C. & SONS have been awarded 35 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture.

ALSO FOR SALE.
MASON AND HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges,
At wholesale and retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.
CHEAP. CHEAP. CHEAP.

CUMMINGS & CANFIELD, manufacturers of the American Improved Piano forte, have on hand a fine assortment of their pianos, for sale wholesale and retail, at prices cheaper than ever for cash, at their Broadway manufactory, No. 637, near Bleecker-st., and also at their warerooms, No. 409 Broadway. CHAS. E. ATHERTON, Agent. If you want a piano, call at either of the above places, and you are sure to purchase.

FOR SALE.—A LADY, HAVING NO FURTHER use for her piano forte, will sell the same for $200, with stool, instruction-book music, &c.; a $350 instrument, made by well known City makers, of 30 years' experience; full 7-octave, rosewood, round corners, scolloped keys, case beautifully ornamented. Call at the residence No. 7 2d-st., near the Bowery. N. B.—Unexpired warrantee.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, No. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every piano warranted for three years. Prices moderate.

LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURY'S, NO. 421 Broome-st., near Broadway, have a splendid assortment of the celebrated Piano Fortes, in all styles, constructed with the patent Arch Wrest-Plank. Purchasers in want of a superior instrument will find it for their advantage to call.

A RICHLY CARVED CASE, CARVED legs, all round corners, Jacob Chickering Piano at a great bargain. Sole agency of S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S celebrated Melodeons. Improved New York Pianos, Pianos and Melodeons of all styles to rent at low rates.

A. M. KANOUSE, No. 435 Broadway.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS from the celebrated makers, Haines Brothers. Second hand pianos for $60, $100, $110. Pianos to let. These instruments are of superior tone and touch, finished in every style. A. E. THOMPSON, No. 499 Broadway.

HAZLETON BROTHERS, PIANO-FORTE Manufacturers, No. 209 Centre-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full toned Pianos at the lowest rates. Each Piano warranted to give satisfaction and guaranteed for three years.

A MOST EXCELLENT ROSEWOOD piano forte, new and of exceedingly fine tone and touch, fully warranted, will be sold at a very great bargain. A second-hand piano taken in exchange, by ALBERT WEBER, Manufacturer, No. 155 West Broadway.

PREMIUM PIANO-FORTES.—G. & H. BARMORE, Manufacturers, No. 343 Bleecker-st., offer a large and elegant assortment, with all modern improvements, at greatly reduced prices. Also, superior second-hand Pianos low for cash.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.—(SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano-forte Manufacturers, wareroom No. 135 Grand st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture, warranted in every respect.

HAINES BROTHERS PIANOS OF VARIous styles to let or sold on installments, at their manufactory, Nos. 328, 330, 332 2d av., corner of 21st-st., New York, by J. M. PELTON.

CARPETING WANTED, IN EXCHANGE FOR a first class piano-forte. Address PIANO-FORTE, Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

J. B. & W. W. CORNELL & CO.,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
IRON WORKS,
Nos. 135 to 143 Centre st.
Nos. 103 to 107 Walker-st.
and
Nos. 85 to 91 Elm-st.

The Proprietors, having enlarged their Manufactory by the addition of several buildings on Elm-st., and also established a Foundry for the manufacture of castings, are prepared to execute orders for every description of Iron Work at short notice, and on the most favorable terms.

Among the articles furnished by them will be found the following:

IRON FRONTS for STORES, with Cornell's Patent Revolving Shutters.
IRON ROOFS.
FIRE-PROOF CEILINGS, FLOORS and PARTITIONS.
I. L. CADY'S PATENT CHILLED IRON BANK VAULTS and DOORS.
FIRE and BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES.
CORNELL'S PATENT LATH, for covering Flues, Ceilings and Partitions.
AMERICAN, ENGLISH and FRENCH SOLID ROLLED IRON BEAMS.
RIVETED BEAMS, of various dimensions.
WINDOW LINTELS, CORNICES and COLUMNS.
CAST-IRON BEAMS and GIRDERS.
LOCKS of all kinds.
HYATT'S PATENT LIGHTS, with Cornell's Improvement for Sidewalks, Areas, Floors, and Roofs.
IRON SIDEWALKS, CURBS and GUTTERS.
IRON DOORS, VAULT DOORS, SHUTTERS, SASHES, SKY-LIGHTS and FLOOR LIGHTS.
CAST and WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS, for Dwellings, Offices, Parks and Cemeteries, of eight hundred and sixty different designs.
BALCONIES, VERANDAHS, STOOPS and STAIRS.
GATES, WINDOW GUARDS, TRUSSES, BRACKETS, and DOOR PANELS.
PARLOR and PANTRY SAFES.
AREA and WINDOW GRATINGS.

ESTABLISHED 1839.
GEO. R. JACKSON & CO.,
EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS,
Nos. 199 and 201 Centre-st.,
Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard st., and
Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Elm-st.,
New-York.

Manufacturers of iron railing of all kinds for dwellings, cemeteries, parks, stores, offices, &c.
Bank doors, safes and window shutters.
Patent Prismatic Lights for vaults, areas, skylights, &c.
Enameled grates and fenders.
Corrugated iron roofs.
Having added a foundry to our works, we are prepared to furnish
Iron columns, beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.
Specimens of our work can be seen at the *Times* Building, American Exchange Bank, Wilson G. Hunt's store Park-place; Thomas Hunt's store, College place.
United States Custom-Houses at Buffalo, Oswego, Cleveland, Detroit, Newark, New-Haven, Pensacola and Richmond; United States Marine Hospitals at Detroit and Portland, and United States Assay Office at New-York.

WHEELER'S MACHINE HORSE-SHOES, handsome shape, durable, much superior to any hand-made and lower price. Depôt at JOHN W. QUINCY & CO.'S, No. 98 William-st.

TELEGRAPH WIRE—BEST QUALITY, ALL kinds for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG and a warranted substitute for Scotch Pig. JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c., for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & Co., No. 98 William-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality; none better in market. Agents, JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SON'S SHOVELS AND SPADES.—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., 98 William-st.

AT EVERDELL'S HIS CELEBRATED Wedding Cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had, Broadway, corner Duane-st. Orders solicited by mail and specimens sent.

TO LET

FIRE-PROOF STORES, LOFTS AND OFFICES TO LET—In the *Times* Building, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH BASEment brick house No. 155 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.; is in a desirable neighborhood; nearly new; has all the modern improvements, and is now being refitted and painted throughout; rent moderate to a small private family. Inquire at the house from 9 to 11 A. M.; or, to P. ROLLHAUS, No. 250 Water-st., near Peck-slip.

TO LET—STORE NO. 1,051 BROADWAY; ALSO, dwelling house No. 1,055 Broadway between 29th and 30th sts., which can be altered into a store, or as an entrance to a large plot of land on the rear, equal to 2½ lots, suitable for a large lecture or concert-room, which is also to let. Apply to H. M. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 142 Front-st., or No. 13 Madison-square, north side.

TO LET—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.—THE FOUR-story modern built house No. 163 Lexington-av. Rent reasonable. Apply to S. M. WOOD, No. 75 West 40th-st., or to the undersigned. D. W. KELLOGG, No. 231 Pearl st.

TO LET—AT LOW RENTS, AND POSSESSION IMmediately, the convenient three-story and attic house, having all the modern conveniences, &c., No. 150 Waverley-place near 6th-av. Also the pleasant and desirable three-story house, No. 9 Laight-st., opposite Canal st. Apply to L. SUYDAM, 158 Waverley-place near 6th av.

TO LET—FRONT BASEMENT, SECOND FLOOR, one room on 3rd and two on 4th, with bath, &c., by a small family of three adults. Rent $25 per month. Reference required. New house and good location. Apply at No. 627 2d ave., fourth house North 37th-st., West side.

TO LET—THE VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE NO. 109 Amity st., complete with all the modern improvements, gas, bath, &c., for a small family. The tenant will be required to purchase the furniture. Apply on the premises, between 11 and 3 o'clock.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS STORE, FOUR STORIES and basement, with brown stone front, No. 283 Hudson-st.; dimensions of store and basement, 25 by 90 feet. To a first rate tenant will be rented on favorable terms. Apply to WM. H. ROOME, No. 188 West 21st st.

TO LET—THE BROWN STONE FRONT HOUSE No. 167 West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Apply on the premises, between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock P. M. Rent extremely low.

TO LET.—STABLE TO RENT IN COLLEGE-place, Love-lane, Brooklyn, suitable for three horses, with carriage room, in complete order. Apply at No. 43 Pierrepont-st.

HOUSES TO LET—WITH IMMEDIATE POSsession, three stories high, high stoop, modern improvements, Nos. 191 and 195 East 19th-st. Also, lower part of Nos. 187 and 201 same block. May be seen by calling at No. 209 same street. Apply to Mr. J. FOLSOM, Real Estate Office, No. 136 1st av., corner of 8th-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT VERY LOW rates, at the Empire Works, foot of East 24th and 25th sts. Buildings fitted up with every convenience and engines one thousand horse power. Apply to AUG. PURDY, Comptroller's Office, or on the premises.

FOR SALE—A LEASE OF STORE NO. 180 Chambers-st. Lease expires 1st May, 1861. Apply on the premises.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,
AT
SCRANTON, PENN.

The best sites for improvement or profitable investment in this rapidly increasing town, located on the lands of THE PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE COAL COMPANY.

For sale on favorable terms.

Apply to A. J. BLEECKER & SON, New-York, or at the office of the Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal Company, Scranton.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—SEVERAL THREE-story brown-stone houses, situated on the northerly side of 25th-st., a little east of the 2d av. The houses are 15 feet 3¾ inches in width by 40 feet in depth. They are neatly finished, and contain all the modern improvements, such as gas, Croton, bath room water-closets, range and standing wash tub. There are court-yards and balconies in front, which impart a cheerful and pleasing appearance. The price is reasonable and the terms easy. Rent $650 per annum. Apply at the office of THOMAS MACFARLAND & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d av.

$2,800—FOR SALE—TERMS EASY, A good-sized house, on two lots, with stable, well, fruit trees, &c., at West Hoboken, N. J., corner of Palisade-av. and Barclay st.; twenty minutes' walk from Hoboken; stages at the ferry; view splendid. Also, ($1,500) a smaller house, in the rear of the above, on two lots; well, garden, &c.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, A FEW OF those very desirable lots in West 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. The whole amount will be left on time, if desired, with an additional loan if well improved, by R. G. PIERCE, No. 15 William-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A BRICK BUILDing, near the Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn, 100 feet square, two stories high, with a first class steam-engine of 60 horse power. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 90 Beaver-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—THE THREE-story and basement brick house No. 180 West 23d-st., 25 feet wide, with all the modern improvements. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., New York, Metropolitan Bank Building.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON MURRAY HILL, that splendid mansion No. 38 East 36th-st.; size, 25x56, lot 100. Apply on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—A SMALL COTTAGE, IN BROOKLYN or New-York, with kitchen, dining-room and parlor on the same floor. Rent $300 to $500. Address, postage paid, G. W. E., Box No. 1,439, Post-Office.

COTTAGE-HOUSE WANTED—WITHIN TWO miles of Jersey City Ferry. Must be in good repair, in a good neighborhood, and at a reasonable rent. Address BREVIER, Box No. 175, *Times* Office.

WANTED—PART OF A NICE FURNISHED house, for a small family, West part of City preferred. Address C. H. A., Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—PRICE $900—A handsome cottage house and lot, 100 feet square, situated at Mount Vernon, Westchester Co., within 40 minutes ride of New-York and 8 minutes walk of either the Harlem or New-Haven depôts. All the necessary outhouses, shade and fruit trees. Apply to J. B. NONES, No. 1½ Warren-st.

TO LET—IN STAMFORD, CONN., FOR SIX months or longer, the advertiser's residence, three minutes' walk from depôt, partially furnished or unfurnished, and in complete order, with gas and water in the house; 1½ acres ground, having abundance of shade and grafted fruit trees, also necessary out-buildings. Apply to R. PARK & CO., No. 63 Dey-st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF THE FARM OF the late WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, in the town of Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., near Bedford Station, on the Harlem Railroad, containing about 120 acres, well divided for farming purposes. Nearly 40 tons of hay have been cut from the farm the present year. Through the centre runs the beautiful stream Broad Brook. On the premises are a large new house, an excellent well of soft water near the door, a large new barn, carriage-house, &c. Also, three apple orchards. To any one desirous of engaging in farming pursuits, the above presents rare inducements. Inquire of THOMAS WILLIAMSON, No. 27 Chambers st., New-York; FERRIS LYON, near the premises, or of the undersigned at Bedford.

A. WILLIAMSON, Executor.

HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY FOR SALE—A piece of land containing 40 acres, at $250 per acre, situated on the east bank of the Hudson, 1½ hours' ride from the City. This land is bounded by the Post road and the river. Upon the premises is a fine apple orchard in full bearing. The river shore is well wooded, and the view both up and down the river is very extensive. For further particulars, address R., Box No. 868, Post-Office.

FARM OF FORTY ACRES ON LONG Island Railroad, 10 miles from Fulton ferry, half mile from station, nine trains daily each way; fine early soil, good water, and healthy; no buildings well fenced. Price $8,000, and three-fourths to remain 20 years, or to lease 12 years at $500.

HOMER H. STUART, No. 54 Wall st.

FOR SALE.—A FARM, CONTAINING 360 ACRES, in St. Clair County, Mo., for sale cheap for cash, or would exchange for merchandise at cash prices. The owner is about leaving town, and will dispose of the above land at a bargain. Inquire at No. 7 Wall-st., room No. 4.

FARMS WANTED.

FARM WANTED—A SMALL PLACE WITHIN an hour of New-York, in exchange for the advertiser's dwelling-house in Brooklyn. The lot is 25 by 120. House will readily rent for $350. Address R. W. M., Box No. 6, Post-Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A RARE CHANCE—FOR SALE A PAPER HANGing and window shade retail store, eight years established, located in one of the most business streets in the City. Profitable line of customers secured. Terms liberal. Cause of selling, going into the wholesale business. Address, real name, B. S. B., Box No. 128 *Times* Office. No attention paid to agents.

TO FOUNDRY MEN AND OTHERS.—ATtention is solicited to a valuable improvement in an article of iron manufacture, which has been successfully introduced and is rapidly coming into general use, and paying a very handsome profit. The rights for States will be disposed of on very liberal terms. For an interview, address S. G. E., Box No. 1,488 Post Office.

MILL AND WATER-POWER AT PATERSON, N. J., FOR SALE OR TO LEASE.—Known as the Passaic Mill; consisting of a large, substantial three-story stone mill and out-buildings, with two square feet of water, under a head and face of 20 feet. Apply to I. C. COLT, New-York Hotel, New-York, from 12 to 1 o'clock; or to JAMES SPEER, Paterson, N. J.

WANTED TO LEASE—OR WOULD PURCHASE the stock and lease of a good temperance grocery. Any person having the same to dispose of, cheap for cash, may address, with particulars, J. S., Box No. 219, *Times* office.

A GOOD INVESTMENT. — ANY PERSON wishing to invest $4,000 to $6,000 as a silent partner in a splendidly-paying business, can have the opportunity of so doing by addressing B., Box No. 123, *Times* Office.

$1,000 PER YEAR.—WANTED, A FEW ENergetic business men as agents, in a permanent and lucrative business. JAS. G. REED, No. 348 Broadway, No. 33 Appleton Building.

LOST AND FOUND.

$50 REWARD.—LOST FROM THE MERCHANTS' Hotel, on the evening of Sept 14, a black oil-cloth bag, bound in red, containing some jewelry, and papers of value only to the owner. The finder is welcome to the jewelry if he will send the papers by mail to J. L. OVERFIELD, No. 66 Wall-st., and will receive in addition $25, or will receive $50 for the whole contents, or information where they may be found, and no questions asked.

BOARDING

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

Pleasant furnished rooms can be obtained, with or without board. Apply at No 22 Waverley-place.

BOARDING.—A VERY DESIRABLE SUIT OF rooms, two large and one small, entire of second floor, handsomely furnished all modern improvements warranted, will be let together or singly, with first-class board. Family small and select. Apply at No. 371 4th-st., near Lafayette-place. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—A PARLOR AND BEDROOM ON second floor, and a front room on third floor, to let, with board, to gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen, in a quiet private family, where all the comforts of a home may be enjoyed. Apply at No. 186½ Adams-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, IN A private house, to a party of gentlemen, or a family without children, a suite of handsomely-furnished rooms, on second floor. Apply at No, 106 2d-av. References required.

BOARDING.—TO LET WITH BOARD, A FRONT parlor and bed-room adjoining, with pantries on the second floor, to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. Apply at No. 59 East Broadway. References given and required.

BOARDING—AND PLEASANT ROOMS FOR two or three young gentlemen in Brooklyn No. 170 Washington-st., between Concord and Nassau sts., 6 or 7 minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry. References required.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF PARLORS, OR THE first floor; also front room, with adjoining bedroom on the second floor; can be obtained with board, at No. 111 Bleecker-st., third block west of Broadway.

BOARDING.—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST BROADWAY.—Rooms for gentlemen and their wives, also for single gentlemen. E. BOUTON.

BOARD IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A third story square room in one of the best situations in South Brooklyn may be had furnished and with partial board, by one or two gentlemen of the right stamp. An opportunity is here offered of obtaining a comfortable quiet and respectable home in a private family. Terms will be moderate. References required. Address WALTON, Box No. 1,121 Post Office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—FAMILIES OR SINGLE gentlemen returning from the country and wishing to secure a comfortable home for the Winter in a first class house, will find desirable rooms in suites or single No 59 State st., opposite Garden st. not five minutes' walk from the South or Wall st. Ferries. References exchanged.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A front parlor and bedroom adjoining, also double and single rooms, to let, with board, at No 34 Cranberry st., corner of Willow, in the immediate vicinity of Wall and Fulton Ferries. The dwelling is newly furnished throughout.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE WELL-furnished room, with large closet attached, to let, with partial board, to one or two gentlemen. The location is pleasant and convenient to the South and Wall st. Ferries. Apply at No. 86 Clinton-st., nearly opposite Schermerhorn-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PRIVATE FAMily in a pleasant locality in Brooklyn, near the South and Wall st. Ferries would like to add to their number a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen of respectability; rooms unfurnished if desired. Address HOPE, Box No. 102, Times Office.

BOARD IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A SMALL private family will accommodate a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, with board and pleasant rooms on moderate terms. Apply at No 5 Douglass-st References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and his wife or single gentlemen, may find a quiet home, in a delightful neighborhood with a New England family, by applying at No. 21 West Baltic-st. Terms moderate. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—ROOMS SUITABLE for one or two persons, with partial board, for two or three gentlemen, at No. 73 State-st., convenient to Atlantic and Wall-st. Ferries. Accommodations superior and terms moderate.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ROOMS for families or single gentlemen may be obtained for the coming season, at No. 98 Clark-st. The house is convenient to Wall-st. and Fulton ferries. But a step from the City Railroad. Reference required.

BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMILY FOR GENtleman and wife or two single gentlemen, can be obtained with pleasant front room and bedroom on second floor, by applying at No. 13 Tillary st., Brooklyn, five minutes' walk from Fulton or Wall sts. ferries.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Very desirable apartments for the Winter in a quiet family, for three or four persons. Inquire at No. 54 Willow-st.

BOARD.—TO LET IN A PRIVATE HOUSE, WITH board, a handsome suite of rooms, consisting of front and back parlors, and two bedrooms, with pantries between, on the second floor. Also, several single rooms with baths and gas. Apply at No. 79 9th-st., near 5th-av.

BOARD WANTED.—THE RENT OF A CONVENient new house, together with use of furniture complete, will be given for the partial board of three persons. Any respectable small family may address MERCHANT Box No 265, Times Office, stating name and place of interview.

BOARD WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, IN THE upper part of the City, a suite of furnished rooms with board, for a family of three adults and three children. Location and accommodations must be unexceptionable. Address A. G., Box No. 708 Post Office.

BOARD WANTED.—A PROFESSIONAL GENtleman desires a home in a quiet and respectable family in the vicinity of Murray Hill, and east of 6th-av. Address NELSON, Box No. 125, Times Office.

A SMALL FAMILY WITHOUT CHILDREN, occupying a new, modern-built house up town, in a fashionable neighborhood, desire to make an arrangement with a party of single gentlemen for several suites of furnished or unfurnished rooms, with partial board, either taken with the family or served at their rooms, at hours suitable. Those who like to enjoy the comforts of a home, and a good table, may address M. E. D., Madison square Post Office.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY DESIRE four agreeable boarders, and offer very desirable rooms and genteel home-like accommodations to those seeking comfort rather than display. House contains all modern improvements. Inquire at No. 175 West 37th-st., six doors east of 8th av. N. B.—There is another house of same number not occupied.

MANSION HOUSE—HICKS-STREET, BROOKlyn Heights, midway between Wall-st. and Fulton Ferries; has superior accommodations for families or single gentlemen, which will be let on reasonable terms. The location for a Summer or Winter residence is most desirable, having a large yard for play grounds in the rear.

PRIVATE BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A Scotch lady having a large bedroom, with a large closet attached, well furnished, with gas and baths, will take a single gentleman or two. The house is pleasantly located, in a healthy and respectable part of the city, a few minutes' walk from Wall-st or Fulton Ferry. Address CADEN, Box No. 147, Times Office, with real name and place of business.

NO. 280 TWENTIETH-STREET, BETWEEN 9th and 10th avs., directly opposite the Theological Seminary, a beautiful suite of unfurnished rooms to let with board. Will be let together or separately, two large rooms with two quite large bedroom closets and wardrobe attached. Terms satisfactory to a respectable party. The best of references given and required.

GENTLEMEN AND THEIR WIVES CAN be accommodated with parlors and bedrooms adjoining, furnished or unfurnished, in a private family residing in West 23d-st. Also single gentlemen with pleasant rooms and good board. References given and required. Dinner at 6. Address M. E. Y., Box No. 219, Times Office.

PRIVATE BOARDING IN BROOKLYN.—A family residing in one of the most eligible locations in Brooklyn have furnished rooms to let, both on the 2d and 3d stories, suitable for a family and single gentlemen; references required. Apply at No. 100 Henry-st., between Clark and Pierrepont sts.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN a neatly furnished room, with partial board, in a private house having all the modern improvements, owned by the occupant, west side, below 4th st; price $3 50 each per week. Address, with name, Mrs. W., Box No. 131 Times Office.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS ON THE SECond floor, for a gentleman, wife, two children and servant, with private table, (or restaurant accommodations,) gas, fire, and bath-room. Address box No. 3,459 Post-office, stating location, terms, &c. Boarding-house keepers need not answer.

ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD.—A SUITE of four rooms on the second floor and two on the fourth floor to let with board to a genteel family or party of gentlemen. The rooms have the modern conveniences. Location No. 52 East 16th st., near Union Park.

TO THOSE WHO SEEK THE COMFORTS OF A HOME.—A large and pleasant room, with one or more bed-rooms to let with board to a gentleman and his wife, or single gentlemen; family private. Apply at 150 West 36th-st., near 7th-av., English basement house.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY BY A FAMILY OF five adults, three furnished rooms, with board, in a respectable boarding house, pleasantly located, for the Winter season. References exchanged. Address H. M., Box No 148 Times Office.

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR families or single gentlemen at No. 111 East 21st-st., next door to the Gramercy Park house, with privilege of park; house first-class. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Terms moderate. References exchanged.

TO SINGLE GENTLEMEN.—A PRIVATE family, residing in 21st-st., near Broadway and 5th-av., desires to let two rooms, with bath-room on the same floor, to a gentleman of quiet habits. Breakfast if required. Address Box No. 3,985 Post-Office.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS TO let on the second story to single gentlemen, with partial board; also, a single room on the third story. Gas and bath in the house. References exchanged at No. 66 Amity-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BREAKFAST and tea, may be had at No. 184 West 24th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. This is a pleasant neighborhood, the 8th av. cars pass the street, and several lines of stages, running to the Fulton and South ferries, start from the next block. Address W. H. S., Box No. 790 Post Office.

AN ENTIRE SECOND STORY, FURNISHED, to let, with partial board; gas and bath on the floor, grates in the rooms; situation high and healthy on Murray Hill, in the neighborhood of Madison Park, near stages and cars. Apply at No. 51 West 26th st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

A PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDING IN West 14th st., in a first-class house, would let with board their second story, elegantly furnished, to a gentleman and wife. Address HOME, Box No. 2,387 Post-Office.

ROOMS TO LET.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, RESIDING in West 11th-st., near the 5th and 6th avs., would let a single gentleman a handsomely furnished parlor and bedroom on the second floor, with or without breakfast. Address, J. C. C., Box No. 3,223 Post Office.

NO. 117 CLINTON-PLACE (EIGHTH-ST.)—A suit of two rooms on second floor, neatly furnished, to a gentleman and wife, and an unfurnished parlor and extension room, with full or partial board. References required.

TO LET—AT NO. 23 WASHINGTON-PLACE, BEtween Broadway and Washington Park, one or two suites of rooms, with full board.

BOARDING.

VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS TO LET with board, at No. 46 East 24th-st., near 4th-av.; house first class, and replete with all the modern improvements.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR SINGLE gentlemen, can obtain board at No. 228 East Broadway; modern improvements in the house; references required and given.

NO. 22 UNION SQUARE.-DESIRABLE ROOMS, furnished, with board; suitable for families and single gentlemen.

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH BOARD CAN be obtained at No. 147 9th st., a few doors from Broadway.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY—AT CORNwall, adjoining Idlewild, 3½ miles from Newburg, 1½ from Cornwall Landing. The house is large and convenient, and the scenery unsurpassed. For those wishing to make permanent arrangements, an excellent opportunity is offered. Conveniences for driving, &c., on the premises. References: Messrs. N. P. Willis, Cornwall; F. W. Bodstein, No. 763 Broadway; M. A. Hopcock, No. 138 Liberty-st.; James M. Griggs, No. 46 Cortlandt-st.; S. B. Caldwell, No. 20 Old-slip, New-York. Address JAMES G. ROE, Cornwall, Orange County New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

RICHARDS KINGSLAND, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AT AUCTION.

RICHARDS KINGSLAND & CO. will sell, on FRIDAY, Sept. 17, at 10 o'clock.

At their salesroom No. 158 Broadway.

500 packages and lots of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, &c., consisting of heavy and shelf goods, in lots to suit City and country buyers.

Also,

150 sample cards of Sheffield Cutlery, consisting of pocket knives, scissors shears, &c.

An invoice of French tinned ware.

An invoice of Whips—eight different kinds.

30 dozen Perkins & Co's heavy Kentucky axes.

(By order of the Assignee:)

An invoice of German Toys and Fancy Goods

Catalogues and samples early on morning of sale.

BY JULIUS BROWN, Auctioneer,

At his salesroom No. 38 Cortlandt-st.,

THIS THURSDAY MORNING,

At 10½ o'clock,

Will be sold without reserve to pay advances, over $5,000 worth of fine parlor, chamber, library and dining-room furniture, paintings, mattresses, plated ware, &c.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

REGULAR SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.—ALBERT H. NICOLAY will sell, THIS DAY, Sept. 16, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

5,000 St Louis County (Mo.) 6 per cent. Bonds, due 1889.
4,000 Northern Indiana Railroad (G. S.) 1st Mortgage Bonds
5,000 Racine and Mississippi Railroad 1st Mortgage 8 per cent Bonds.
15,000 Ohio and Mississippi Railroad (E. D.) 2d Mortgage Bonds. (hyp.)
500 Keokuk City 8 per cent. Bonds, due in 1877.
4,000 New York and Harlem Railroad 2d Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds
8,000 Milwaukee and Horicon Railroad 1st Mortgage Bonds of 1882.
2,000 Cumberland Coal and Iron Company 6 per cent. Bonds
1,540 Sun Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1856 and 1857.
870 Atlantic Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1858.
500 Commercial Mutual Insurance Scrip of 1856.
20 shares Bank of New York..........$100 each.
20 shares Artizans' Bank..........100 each.
20 shares Metropolitan Bank..........100 each.
20 shares Marine Bank..........50 each.
5 shares Indemnity Fire Insurance Co..........100 each.
50 shares National Fire Insurance Co..........37½ each.
400 shares Firemen's Fund Insurance Co..........10 each.
20 shares Excelsior Fire Insurance Co..........50 each.
20 shares United States Fire Ins Co..........25 each
10 shares Humboldt Fire Ins. Co..........100 each
10 shares Home Fire Ins. Co..........100 each
60 shares Great Western Marine Ins. Co..........100 each
400 shares Nicaragua Transit Co..........100 each
20 shares Cayuga and Susquehanna Railroad..........60 each
70 shares American Coal Co..........25 each
5 shares American Express Co..........100 each
10 shares Wells, Fargo & Co's Express..........100 each
10 shares Knickerbocker Stage Co..........100 each
1240 shares Mount Carbon Coal and Iron Co..........5 each

Securities received in addition to the regularly advertised list during every sale. Next regular sale on MONDAY, Sept. 20. Regular auction sales of Stocks and Bonds every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange; also special sales on any other days. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale, and at the Brokers' Board. Interest allowed on deposits. A large variety of securities constantly on hand at private sale.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Auctioneer and Banker, No. 4 Broad-st.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—BY E. & F. N. SCHENCK, THIS DAY, 16th inst., at 1 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 33 Nassau st., a magnificent assortment of household furniture, consisting in part of elegant carved rosewood parlor suite, in brocade, brocatel, hair-cloth, and reps; Turkish and other easy chairs, Voltaire reception, and sewing do., in satin and brocatel; rosewood marble-top etageres, with plate glass doors and backs, side and corner do.; rosewood marble top centre, side, and sofa tables; rosewood, mahogany, and oak buffets; solid oak and enameled chamber suites; rosewood and mahogany marble-top bureaus, washstands, and commodes; rosewood, mahogany and oak bedsteads; rosewood and mahogany wardrobes, bookcases, sofas, chairs, lounges; and solid oak dining-room suites; do. extension tables, &c. Also, an elegantly carved rosewood, seven-octave piano-forte.

JNO E. VAN ANTWERP, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—REGULAR TRADE SALE of hardware and assignee's sale of machinery, JNO. E. VAN ANTWERP'S seventh Fall trade sale of hardware, &c., will take place on THURSDAY, the 16th, at 10 o'clock, at No. 73 William-st., at 4 months, at 12 o'clock, by order of the assignees of John Parshley, a large lot of new machinery tools, &c., for cash, viz.: Slide rests, screw chucks single and back geared; hand lathes, upright power drills, shaft straighteners one steam-engine, planer centres, planer jaws, bolt headers, stock and dies, vises, turning tools, arbors, &c. Catalogue of the machinery now ready.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., TRADE SALE-ROOMS, No. 13 Park row.

THURSDAY MORNING, Sept. 16, at 10 o'clock, special sale of writing papers. Ten thousand reams of superior writing papers in all the various sizes, of the best manufacture, and a variety of superfine blank book papers. Also, a large assortment of stationery, including blank books, envelopes, cards, &c., &c. Catalogues and samples of the goods will be ready on Wednesday.

WM DUMONT, Auctioneer.

SUPERIOR COURT SALE.—WM. DUMONT will sell at auction, on SATURDAY, Sept. 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, a lot of land on south side of 29th-st., 24 feet 10 inches front and rear by 98 feet 9 inches deep, beginning 261 feet from southwest corner of 7th-av.
D. HOBART, Referee.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 36 Pine-st.—Regular Auction Sales at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sale THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

VALUABLE FACTORY PROPERTY AT SHERIFF'S SALE.—Will be sold at Sheriff's sale, on FRIDAY, Sept 17, at 2 o'clock P M., at Bartlett's Hotel, Mount Holly, N. J., the cotton, thread and calico factories known as Shreveville Factories, with grist mill, large mansion-house and 42 small dwellings. The factories are near Mount Holly, N. J., and can be driven by water or steam power. Sale positive. Manufacturers will do well to attend. Cars from Burlington to Mount Holly.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT. TO IRON FOUNDERS.—Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Stop-cocks and Hydrants," will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. of Saturday, Sept. 18, 1858, for the furnishing for the use of this Department, twenty-five 12 inch stop cocks, and fifty-five hydrants, known as Ayre's hydrant—the right being reserved to increase the number of hydrants to 200. The specification, form of agreement, and blanks for bidders, can be obtained at this office.

M. VANSCHAICK,
THEO. B. DE FOREST, } Croton Aqueduct Board,
S. W. CRAVEN.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 8, 1858.

AN ORDINANCE TO AUTHORIZE THE Construction of a brick Sewer in Washington street, from the intersection of Sixth street to the intersection of Newark-street and in Newark street, from Washington street to the Hudson River.

The Mayor and Council of the City of Hoboken, do ordain as follows:

SEC. 1. That a Brick Sewer be built and constructed in Washington-street from the intersection of Sixth-street, to the intersection of Newark-street and in Newark-street from Washington-street, running east to the Hudson River. That said Sewer be located in the carriage-way in Washington-street twelve feet and six inches from the curb-stone, on the easterly side of said carriage-way, and in the carriage-way in Newark-street ten feet from the curb-stone, on the southerly side of said carriage-way, or as nearly so in all things as practicable; and shall be constructed of bricks, and be four feet high and two feet eight inches wide in the clear, and shall have all necessary openings for man-holes, and all proper and necessary receiving basins and culverts to receive and carry off the surface-water from said street. That the opening of said Sewer at the said river shall be four feet below ordinary high-water mark, and shall run from said river on a rising grade of six inches perpendicular, for every one hundred feet of horizontal measurement along the whole length thereof.

SEC. 2. That John Walker, Alex Shaler, and Thos. S. Field, being three disinterested freeholders residing in said city, be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners to determine what lands and real estate will be benefited by said Sewer, to estimate the whole costs of said Sewer according to the best of their judgment, and to cause a survey and map to be made thereof, and of the lots or parcels of land benefited thereby, distinguishing each by numbers; and to assess the whole costs upon said lands to be benefited thereby in proportion to the benefit received by each, and to make report thereof agreeably to the provisions of the charter of said City on that subject.

SEC. 3. That said Sewer shall be built and constructed under the direction of the Committee on Streets, and that the Street Commissioner shall superintend the building of the same.

Passed Sept. 8, 1858. Approved Sept. 9, 1858.
A. O. EVANS, City Clerk. JAMES H. WILSON, Acting Mayor.

SAVINGS BANKS.

BANK FOR SAVINGS, CORNER TWENTY-FIFTH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE.—The Bloomingdale Savings Bank, corner 25th-st. and 3d av., open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings to 8 o'clock. All deposits made before Oct. 10 will draw interest from the 1st.
S. K. GREEN, President.
JOHN WAITE, Secretary. J. N. LU KEY, Actuary.

ROSEHILL SAVINGS BANK cor. 14th st. and 8th-av.

OPEN DAILY FROM 9 TO 3 O'CLOCK—And Wednesdays and Saturdays until 7 P. M. All sums deposited here on or before the 10th October will draw interest from Oct. 1.
WM. F. HAVEMEYER, President.
J. BRINKERHOFF, Secretary.

ILLUMINATION LANTERNS—FOR EVENing parades, processions, to light up gardens grounds, excursions at night, &c.; made of clear paper, bright colors: the most pleasing effect is produced by them. Price $1 25 per dozen, or $8 per hundred. For sale by STEPHEN WM. SMITH, No. 534 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

AUGUST BELMONT,
BANKER, NO. 76 BEAVER-ST.,
ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT, AVAILABLE TO TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall st., New-York.

Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for mercantile Purposes. Also CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of

France, Belgium, Italy,
Great Britain, Spain, Germany,
Ireland, Portugal, Russia,
Holland, Switzerland, Sweden.
ALSO, ON
Athens, Constantinople, Alexandria,
Beyrout, Jerusalem, Cairo, &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and STERLING BILLS, at short, or 60 days' sight for sale in sums to suit.

TO IMPORTERS.

H. S. LANSING & CO., European Bankers, Commission Merchants, and proprietors of the AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN EXPRESS, Nos. 72 and 98 Broadway, New-York. Forward goods from London, Liverpool, Paris and Havre with the utmost dispatch, and at the lowest rates of freight which can be obtained, either by steamer or packet. Parcels of all kinds sent by their express to or from any part of Europe or the United States, Canadas or the West Indies, at the most reasonable rates. Sight and time bills on London or Paris.

FOREIGN OFFICES:

LANSING, BALDWIN & CO., No. 8 Place de la Bourse, Paris. LANSING, BALDWIN & CO., L. C. LANE, Agent, No. 21 Rue Corneille, Havre. LANSING, STARR & CO., No 9 Chapel-st., Liverpool. EIVES & MACEY, No. 61 King William-st., London.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.
Grant mercantile credits for
use in India, China, &c., on
THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION
and
Messrs. GEORGE PEABODY & CO.,
of London.
For use in Australia on
THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
issue
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world. Also
MERCANTILE CREDITS,
for use in EUROPE, CHINA, etc.

SWEENY, RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO.,
BANKERS,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO COLLECTIONS here, or in Virginia. Returns made on day of maturity at current rates. Refer to
Metropolitan Bank, New-York,
Van Vleck, Read & Drexel, New-York.

PHENIX BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1858.

BALANCES AND DIVIDENDS REMAINING unclaimed for two years next preceding 1st of September, 1858.

BALANCES.

Accessory Transit Co (div.) March 5 1855, N. Y.	$270 00
American Oil Co., March 5, 1855, N. Y.	22 50
Bradly, E. July 26 1855 unknown	04
Blatchford, M. A., June 11, 1855, unknown	9 38
Brinmade, E. L., June 9 1855, unknown	38
Brown Robert, Feb 23, 1854 unknown	67
Schwerz, S., March 27, 1854 N. Y	67
Wilbor, J. B. Jr., Dec. 8, 1854, unknown	6 36
DIVIDENDS	
Barclay, Geo. Trustee July 1, 1856, 55 shares	$44 00
Beard, A. E., July 1, 1856 100 shares	80 00
Griffen, Solomon July 1, 1856 50 shares	40 00
Hernann, Marcus, in trust July 1, '56, 7 shares	5 60

City and County of New-York, (ss.)—I, Peter M Bryson, Cashier of the Phenix Bank of the City of New York, being duly sworn do depose and say that the above statement of unclaimed balances and dividends is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. P. M. BRYSON.

Sworn before me this 2d day of September, 1858.
WM CURRIE Commissioner of Deeds.

STOCK IN BANK OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI.—The undersigned, Commissioners, appointed by the Bank of the State of Missouri St. Louis, hereby give notice that books of subscription for three hundred thousand dollars of increased capital stock of said Bank will be opened at the Bank of Commerce, in New York, on MONDAY, Aug 2, and kept open for a period of fifteen days unless the whole amount shall have been sooner subscribed.

Ten per cent will be required to be paid at the time of subscribing; thirty per cent. on the 1st of September; thirty per cent. on the 1st of October, and thirty per cent. on the 1st of November, or payment may be made in full.

Dividends on stock subscribed for, will be payable at Bank of Commerce in New-York.

JOHN A. STEVENS,
HENRY F. VAIL, } Commissioners.
E. D. MORGAN,

BILLS AND NOTES PAYABLE IN CANADA, where the Bank of British North America has Branches or agencies, collected free of charge, when exchange thereon is provided for.

Drafts granted and bills purchased and collected on England, Scotland and Ireland, Australia and the British Provinces in North America.

R. C. FERGUSSON, } No. 29
F. H. GRAIN, } William-st.,
C. F. SMITH, } New York.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, as Agents for Messrs. DUNCAN SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, New York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue free of charge LETTERS OF CREDIT or CIRCULAR NOTES of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada &c.

OFFICE AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY, No 66 WILLIAM-ST., (CORNER OF CEDAR,) NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1858.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Trustees, held this day, JAMES R. WHITING, Esq., was elected Trustee of the American Guano Company, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Elias Underhill.
JAS. S. WYCKOFF, Secretary.

NOTICE.—TO BONDHOLDERS OF THE COVINGTON AND LEXINGTON RAILROAD COMPANY.—A meeting of the holders of the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Covington and Lexington Railroad Company, will be held at the office of John Ferguson, Esq., No. 35 Pine-st., on FRIDAY, Sept. 24, at 1 o'clock P. M. A general attendance of those interested is requested.

$20,000 TO INVEST IN SECOND Mortgages, at reasonable rates, on first-class property in this City. The same amount will be advanced to aid builders in completing their buildings. Inquire of R. G. PIERCE, No. 15 William-st.

NOTICE.—THE INDIVIDUAL CREDITORS OF THOMAS JONES, late of the firm of THOMAS JONES & CO., are hereby notified to present their claims to the undersigned at No. 73 Fulton-st., without delay.
JOHN H. MORRIS, Assignee.

TREASURY NOTES, BEARING THREE PER cent., 4 per cent., 4½ per cent., 4¾ per cent. and 5 per cent., for sale in sums to suit purchasers by M. MORGAN & SON, No. 37 William-st.

DIVIDENDS

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE COMPANY.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. payable to the Stockholders on and after Sept 15, at the Pacific Bank. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th September inclusive.
J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.

REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, FIRE, INLAND NAVIGATION AND TRANSPORTATION, No. 16 Wall-st., Jan. 14, 1858. (80 per cent of the profits to the assured.)

DIVIDEND.—THIS COMPANY HAS THIS DAY declared a scrip dividend of Thirty-one (31) per cent. upon the earned premiums of the year, ending the 31st December, 1857.

Also, an interest dividend, payable in cash on demand, of Six per cent. upon all the outstanding scrip.

TRUSTEES.

Charles H Russell,
Daniel B. Fearing,
Wm. H. Russell,
A. C. Downing,
G B Lamar,
Wm. B. Duncan,
N. H Wolfe,
I. Townsend,
D. D. Smith,
S. V. Boffman,
James Warren,
Arthur Leary,
M. W Hamilton,
Dennin Duer,
Jno Steward, Jr.,
R. B. Minturn,
Reuben Withers,
E. C. Center,
F. G Foster,
J. Anthony, Jr.,
Josiah Oakes,
Jos'h Galliard, Jr.,
J. W. Waterbury,
Wm. H. Cary,
Geo. T. Adee,
J. J. Astor, Jr.,
J Howland,
Rob S Hone,
J P G Foster,
J. A. C. Gray.

This Company having its capital and surplus, $250,000, securely invested, is prepared to insure against loss and damage by fire, inland navigation and transportation on favorable terms.

The Company provides that after paying interest to the stockholders, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, 80 per cent. of the remaining profits are to be divided among the insured in scrip bearing interest. The Company offers to dealers the same security as any other Stock Company, and in addition a liberal participation of the profits.
ROBERT S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MINNESOTA MINING COMPANY, No. 187 Greenwich st., New-York, Sept. 14 1858.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF the Minnesota Mining Company, having closed the sales of last year's copper, have this day declared a second semi-annual dividend from the earnings of 1857, of nine dollars per share, or 18 per cent. on the capital stock, payable, at this office, on Monday, Nov. 1. The transfer books will be closed on the 20th October, and reopened on said 1st of November. By order of the Directors,
SAMUEL J. W. BARRY, Secretary.

PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, BROOKLYN, Sept. 14, 1858.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi annual dividend of ten per cent., payable on demand, at their branch office, No. 62 Wall-st., New York.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY will pay a dividend of four dollars per share, to the Stockholders, on demand, at their office, No. 60 Wall-st.
GEO. FARMER, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1858.

COAL.

AT COAL-YARD, CORNER TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET AND NINTH AVENUE—COAL, $4 50. COAL, $4 50. COAL, $4 50.
WEIGHT WARRANTED OR FORFEIT COAL.
BEST QUALITY STOVE COAL, $4 50 PER TON.
BEST QUALITY RANGE COAL, $4 50 PER TON.
BEST QUALITY FURNACE COAL, $4 50 PER TON.
BEST QUALITY GRATE COAL, $4 50 PER TON.
From yard, corner 27th st. and 9th-av.
JOHN McDONALD.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF COAL AT $4 50 PER TON.—Celebrated Locust Mountain Coal, for founories, furnaces and ranges and best red ash Coal for parlor grates ranges and stoves, all perfectly free of bone, slate or dust, screened and delivered at $4 50 per ton. Weight warranted or forfeit the coal. Yard No. 54 Worth-st., between Church and West Broadway. D. F. LAWLER, late McDonald & Lawler.

SIDNEY, PICTOU AND LINGAN COAL MINES.—Gas Companies, iron manufacturers and others, wishing to import coal from these mines, can have full information, or credits opened by addressing or inquiring of
CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR EUROPE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$130
Second Cabin Passage..........75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$110
Second Cabin Passage..........60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	NIAGARA, Capt. Ryrie.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.	EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 8.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New York Wed'ay, Sept. 15.
ASIA, Lott, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 22.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wed'day, Sept. 29.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO ALL PARTS OF GREAT BRITAIN, VIA GALWAY, IRELAND. THE SHORTEST SEA PASSAGE BETWEEN AMERICA AND EUROPE.

NEW-YORK AND GALWAY STEAMSHIP LINE.—This line now comprises five powerful steamships, the PRINCE ALBERT, AMERICAN EMPIRE, BRITISH EMPIRE, INDIAN EMPIRE, and PACIFIC. The steamer PACIFIC, Capt. WM. C. THOMPSON, will leave New-York, from pier No. 45 North River, at 12 o'clock on SATURDAY, Sept. 18, for Galway, touching at St. Johns, Newfoundland. Persons visiting Ireland reach their destination in three fourths the time taken by any other route, and all have an opportunity of visiting places and scenery of unrivaled interest in Ireland, with free tickets by the usual Railroad routes from Galway to any of the principal cities of Great Britain.

First-class....$90 | Second class....$50 | Third-class....$30

A liberal cabin table will be provided, and cooked provisions for third-class passengers to Galway. For freight, passage and further particulars, apply to
WM. A. SALE & CO., No. 45 South-st.

FOR GALWAY, LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND ALL PARTS OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.—Through TAPSCOTT'S PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., by steamships or sailing packets, as under:

Steamship PACIFIC, for Galway, SATURDAY, Sept. 18.
Steamship VIGO, for Liverpool, THURSDAY, Sept. 23.
Steamship VANDERBILT, for Southampton and Continent, SATURDAY, Sept. 25.
Packet-ship JAMES FOSTER, JR., for Liverpool, sails THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock.

In either of which steamships or sailing packets passage can be engaged either way at the lowest possible rates. Passengers by steamships will be furnished a free ticket to all the principal cities in Great Britain and Ireland.

Drafts payable in any part of England, Ireland, Scotland, or Wales, supplied as usual. For further particulars, apply to TAPSCOTT & CO., No. 86 South-st.

THE VANDERBILT EUROPEAN LINE of steamships between New-York, Southampton, Havre and Bremen, will sail as follows, carrying the UNITED STATES MAILS:

New-York for Southampton and Havre.	From Havre and Southampton for New-York.
VANDERBILT, Sat., Sept. 25	WEDNESDAY.....Oct. 13
NORTH STAR, Sat., Oct. 23	WEDNESDAY.....Nov. 10

From New-York for Southampton, Havre and Bremen.	Bremen for Southampton.	Havre and Southampton for New-York.
NORTH'N LIGHT... Oct. 2	Oct 30.	Oct. 6.
ARIEL... Oct 30	Nov 27.	Dec. 1.

These steamships have water tight compartments, and carry able surgeons.

Price of passage per Vanderbilt: 1st cabin, $100 and $120; 2d cabin, $50; and per North Star, Northern Light and Ariel—1st cabin, $80; 2d cabin, $50; 3d cabin, $30.

Certificates issued for passage from Europe.

Specie delivered in London and Paris.

D. TORRANCE, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—The United States Mail steamer FULTON, J. A. WOTTON, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, Sept. 18 at 12 o'clock, from pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. This ship has five water tight compartments inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured. Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below."

For freight or passage, apply to
W. S. DRAYTON, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON and sail Oct. 16.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, DUBLIN AND LONDONDERRY, without delay, for $30.—Return tickets to either of the above places good for six months, by any steamer of the line, $60.

FROM NEW YORK
EDINBURG, Cumming, Saturday, Oct. 30, at 12, noon.
GLASGOW, Goodwin, ——, ——, at 12, noon.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $75; third class, found with cooked provisions, $30. For freight or passage, apply to ROBERT CRAIG, No. 17 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE CELEBRATED CLIPper ship DREADNOUGHT, Capt. SAMUELS, acknowledged to be the fastest ship afloat, will sail Oct 1. An experienced surgeon and a splendid brass band attached to the ship. For passage, apply on board, Pier No. 8 North River, or to
P. M. DeM. REST,
No. 40 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No 1½ Warren-st., corner of Broadway. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Important Passport laws and instructions of France issued with each passport. Bounty lands, pensions and extra pay procured.

FOR THE SOUTH.

SPEED—COMFORT—ECONOMY.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—U. S. MAIL LINE.—The favorite steamship STAR OF THE SOUTH, Capt. THOS LYON, will leave on THURSDAY, Sept. 16, at 12 o'clock M., from Pier No. 4 North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places. Fare as low as by any other steamers from New York to Savannah. Accommodations superior. New-York to New-Orleans, $39 50; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $26; Atlanta Ga. $23; Albany, Ga., $24. New York to Columbus, Ga., $23; Macon, Ga., $21; Savannah, $15. N. B.—Persons wishing through tickets must apply one hour before departure of steamer. For freight or passage, apply to SAML L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway. Steamers for Florida connect at Savannah, leaving every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

THIRTIETH ANNUAL FAIR
OF THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

EXCURSION TICKETS PER STEAMSHIPS JAMESTOWN AND ROANOKE. From RICHMOND or PETERSBURG and back; meals, stateroom, &c., included, $15; and from NORFOLK and back, $13. These tickets can be used to 27th October without additional charge, thus enabling parties desiring it an opportunity of visiting the Fair of the American Institute at a very moderate cost. For tickets, apply to the Agents of the Company, at Norfolk, Petersburg and Richmond; or, to
HENRY LUDLAM, No. 32 Broadway.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
U. S. Mail Line of Side wheel Steamships.
THROUGH IN 48 HOURS

The Steamship NASHVILLE, L. M. MURRAY, Commander, will leave from the stream on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Freights will be received on Pier No. 4 North River, commencing this day. Boots, shoes and hats, will be taken at 10 cents per foot; dry goods, 12 cents; all other freights at regular tariff rates.

For passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

Through tickets to Florida and the following places may be had on application as above: To Montgomery, $29; to Atlanta, $23; to Augusta, $20.

During the prevalence of the epidemic at Charleston, the ships of this line will be loaded by barges from Pier No. 4, North River. Shippers will insure accordingly.

Bills of Lading will be signed by the Purser at the office on the dock.

FOR NORFOLK AND RICHMOND.—THE United States Mail steamship JAMESTOWN, Captain PARISH, will leave on SATURDAY, Sept. 18, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River. She will arrive at Norfolk on Sunday afternoon and at Richmond on Monday morning. Passengers for the South will proceed directly on by the great Southern Mail line. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, including state-room, to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to
HENRY LUDLUM, No. 32 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw-Steamship Company's new and first class steamship MONTGOMERY, F. CROCKER, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on SATURDAY, Sept. 18, at 4 o'clock precisely. Passage to Savannah $15. Through tickets to Macon, $21; Montgomery, $26; Atlanta, $23; Columbus, $23; Albany, Ga., $24; Mobile, $36; New-Orleans, $39. Insurance one-half per cent. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.—OCT. 9, 1858.—THE LOUISIANA TEHUANTEPEC COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP QUAKER CITY.—This well-known and fast steamship R. W. SHUFELDT, Commander, will sail for above ports at 12 o'clock, noon of above date, from Pier No. 44 North River. Passage, 1st cabin, $60; 2d cabin, $40. Freight 30 cents to New-Orleans. No freight taken to Havana except specie. Apply to HARGOUS BROTHERS No. 33 South st.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSIONS TO ELIZABETHPORT, N. J.—The steamboats RED JACKET, WYOMING or KILL VAN KULL leave Pier No. 2 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., 4 and 6:30 P. M. Returning leave Elizabethport at 5:30 A. M., 8:45 A. M., 2:15 and 6:20 P. M. Tickets to go and return the same day, 30 cents; to Elizabeth City 10 cents additional.

EXCURSIONS.—THE NEW AND FAST STEAMers MASSACHUSETTS, STEVENS, and LOCKWOOD, with barges, for charter to lodges, &c. Apply to JOSEPH T. MARTIN, Agent, No. 68 South-st., cor. Pine.

FURNITURE

HAVE YOU SEEN IT? HAVE YOU SEEN IT?
THE INDIA RUBBER SPRING BED?
No. 59 Beekman-st.
If you have not, it's time you had—that's all.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE, IN all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURniture, in all colors and styles. Wholesale and retail, At prices from $25 and upwards.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., (old No. 38.)
Four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

PROPOSALS.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the City Surveyor's Office, Hoboken, for building a Sewer in Washington-street, Hoboken, from a southerly line of Sixth-street to Newark-street, and thence easterly to the Hudson River, together with the necessary man holes receiving basins, &c., according to plans and specifications made by W. W. Shippen, City Surveyor. The plans and specifications can be seen at the City Surveyor's office, on and after the 14th inst. Proposals will be received to Oct. 4 inst., inclusive, and will be opened in public in the Council Chamber on the evening of Oct. 4.

STEAMBOATS.

SEPTEMBER. FARE 25 CENTS. 1858.

From New-York

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH DIRECT, Highlands, Ocean House, Port Washington, Mount's and Brown's Docks, Fair Haven and Red Bank.

The new and splendid steamer HIGHLAND LIGHT, in connection with the LAURA, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st. Pier North River.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.

Thursday, Sept 16, 10 A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 21, 2½ P. M.
Friday, Sept. 17, 11 A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 22, 3 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 18, 3 P. M.	Thur day, Sept. 23, 3 P. M.
Monday, Sept. 20, 2½ P. M.	

LEAVE RED BANK AND PLEASURE BAY.

Thursday, Sept. 16, 2 P. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 21, 6½ A. M.
Friday, Sept. 17, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 22, 7 A. M.
Monday, Sept. 20, 6 A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 23, 7½ A. M.

The LAURA will connect to and from Ocean Port and Pleasure Bay.

NELSON TAYLOR'S Squan Line of Stages will connect with this Boat at Red Bank, only on her trips to Red Bank.

Time Tables can always be had of W. C. LEMON, No. 122 Broadway, and BESSON, BROWER & Co., 179 West-st.

FARE 25 CENTS.

FOR SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN House, Long Branch and Ocean Port. The well-known steamer LONG BRANCH will

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE OCEAN PORT.
Thursday, Sept 16, 12½ P. M.	Thursday, Sept. 16, 8 A. M.
Friday, Sept. 17, 1½ P. M.	Friday, Sept. 17, 8½ A. M.
Sunday, Sept 19, 9½ A. M.	Saturday, Sept 18, 9½ A. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 21, 6½ A. M.	Monday, Sept. 20, 11½ A. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 22, 7 A. M.	Tuesday, Sept 21, 1 P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 23, 7 A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 22, 2 P. M.

The LAURA will connect to and from Red Bank.

NELSON TAYLOR'S Squan line of stages connect with this boat; also, stages to all parts of the country.

FARE 25 CENTS.

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH DIRECT; HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S DOCK, BROWN'S DOCK, MIDDLETOWN, FAIR HAVEN AND RED BANK.

The new and swift steamer ALICE PRICE, JOHN BORDEN, Commander, will run as follows, from Robinson-st., N. R.:

LEAVE NEW-YORK. FOOT ROBINSON ST.	LEAVE RED BANK AND PLEASURE BAY.
Monday, Sept 13, 11 A. M.	Monday, Sept. 13, 6½ A. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 14, 11½ A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 14, 7 A. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 15, 12 M.	Wednesday, Sept. 15, 8 A. M.
Thursday, Sept. 16, 1 P. M.	Thursday, Sept. 16, 8½ A. M.
Friday, Sept. 17, 2 P. M.	Friday, Sept. 17, 9 A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 18, 3 P. M.	Saturday, Sept 18, 10 A. M.

The steamer LEADER connects with this boat for Pleasure Bay, Atlantic Dock, and Branch Port, without charge. Ker's Express by this line.

Elias Haight's stages for Squan; also stages to all parts of the country.

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT
FOR
HUNTINGTON, NORTHPORT, STONY BROOK AND PORT JEFFERSON.

The favorite and staunch steamer GOLDEN GATE, Capt. S. BLAKEMAN, will leave New-York from Catharine Market-slip, for the above places on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 11 o'clock A. M. Returning, will leave Port Jefferson Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock A. M., Stony Brook at 9, Northport at 11, East Neck Dock at 11½. Stages will connect at all the places. Meals on board. J. POST, Agent, No. 28 South-st.

KEYPORT AND CLIFFWOOD.—THE COMmodious steamboat AURORA will leave from foot of Murray-st. at 8:45 A. M.; returning, leave Keyport at 3 P. M., (Sundays excepted,) touching at Cliffwood each way, and connecting with stages to Middletown Point and Mount Pleasant.

MORNING BOAT.—STEAMBOAT CLIFTON.—Change of hour to 8 o'clock, every morning. (Sundays included,) from foot Jay-st., landing at Amos st., Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Irvington, Tarrytown, Sing Sing and Haverstraw.

DAY-BOAT FOR ALBANY.—STEAMER METAMORA, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from Pier foot of Jay-st., at 7 o'clock A. M.

RAILROADS

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Commencing Monday, May 17, 1858:

Trains leave the Dépôt corner of White and Centre sts., New-York, at

8:15 P. M., for White Plains, stopping at all stations.

Trains leave Dépôt corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av., New York, at:

8:10 A. M. Williams Bridge Train, stopping at all intermediate stations.

8:30 A. M. Mail Train, stopping at, and all stations North of, Williams Bridge.

11 A. M. Williams Bridge Train, stopping at all stations.
11:30 A. M. White Plains, do. do.
2:30 P. M. Williams Bridge, do. do.
4:00 P. M. White Plains, do. do.
6:00 P. M. Dover Plains Train, stopping at Williams Bridge and all stations North.
5:40 P. M. White Plains Train, stopping at all stations.
8:30 P. M. Williams Bridge Train, stopping at all stations.

Returning, leave Chatham Four Corners:

12:50 P. M. Mail Train, stopping at Williams Bridge, White Plains, and all stations North.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, May 10, 1858, and until further notice, passenger trains will leave Pier, foot of Duane st., as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk and principal intermediate stations. Mail train at 8 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., from foot Chambers-st., via Pierpont, for Sufferns and intermediate stations. Way passenger at 4 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton, with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad for Syracuse; at Corning, with the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester; at Great Bend, with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Hornellsville, with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad, for Buffalo; at Buffalo and Dunkirk, with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c. CHAS. MORAN, President.

OFFICE NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD CO., NEW-YORK, June 11, 1858.

THE NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD Company have earnestly endeavored during the past ten months to establish and maintain uniform and remunerative rates of traffic by the four great lines which connect the Atlantic cities and the West. Having failed in this, and believing it to be injudicious and improper to influence traffic by the issue of free passes, by the employment of runners and solicitors or by any other underhanded means, the Company, rather than resort to such means, have determined to reduce the fares, on and after Monday next, 14th inst., as follows: between

New-York and Dunkirk, to..........$6 10
New-York and Buffalo, to..........5 00
New-York and Niagara Falls, or Suspension Bridge, to..........5 00

CHARLES MORAN, President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing April 28, 1858. Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., and 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 7:30 and 12 M., 4 and 5 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 M. only.
JOHN O. STEARNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM AUG. 28, 1858, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains, 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Albany and Troy Passenger Train, 11:30 A. M. and 10:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing, 10 A. M., 4 P. M., and 6:45 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 7 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; for Peekskill, 1:30 and 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill and Sing Sing Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:30 and 10:20 A. M. and 4:30 and 8 P. M., and Albany at 4:45 and 10:30 A. M., and 4:45 and 8:15 P. M.; on Sundays at 9:45 P. M.
A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On Monday next, Aug. 30, a change of Time table will take place. For particulars see small bills and advertisements. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD NOTICE.—ON and after Thursday, Sept. 9 Trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. for Greenport.
Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 12 M., for Syosset.
Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 3.30 P. M., for Yaphank.
Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 4.30 P. M., for Syosset.
Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 5.30 P. M., for Hempstead.
Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 7.15 P. M., for Jamaica.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST from JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. A train from New-York, fare $2 25. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M., fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

No baggage will be received for any train unless delivered and checked 15 minutes in advance of the time of leaving.

FLUSHING RAILROAD—LEAVES FULTON Market Wharf, by steamer IOLAS, 6:35, 7:50 and 10 A. M.; 1, 4 and 6 P. M. The cars leave Flushing at 6:45, 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4 and 6 P. M., exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point—through in 50 minutes. Fare 25 cents. WM. M. SMITH, Secretary.

N. B.—Pic-nic and excursion parties taken at reduced rates.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

260. TEAS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, 260.
CHEAP FOR CASH,
NO. 260 GREENWICH ST.,
Corner of Murray-st.

THOMAS R. AGNEW has the largest and choicest stock of Teas, Groceries, and Provisions to be found in any store in New-York City. Call and see for yourselves. Save your money and buy where you can get the best goods at the lowest price.

THOS. R. AGNEW, Importer.
Wholesale and retail dealer in choice teas, Groceries, provisions, &c., No. 260 Greenwich-st., New-York.

SMOKED MEATS AND MESS PORK.

VAN BRUNT & WATROUS, Pork Packers, No. 206 Chambers st., New-York, offer at the following prices for cash:

Smoked City-cured Hams..........	12c. to 12½c.
Smoked Dry Salt Western Hams..........	9½c. to 9¾c.
Smoked Dry Salt Western Shoulders..........	7¼c. to 7½c.
Smoked City-cured Shoulders..........	8¼c. to 8¾c.
Smoked Bacon..........	10½c. to 11c.

Bagged Meats ¼c. per lb. extra.
Mess Pork, $17.
Dutchess County Mess, $17 50.
Pure Lard, in tubs and barrels, 11½c. to 12c.
N. B.—No orders filled except for cash.

LOAN OFFICES.

C. BRODY, BROKER AND COMMISSION Merchant, No. 220 Fulton st., corner of Greenwich, under the Ocean Bank, advances money on diamonds, watches, jewelry and other merchandise, or bought for the highest cash prices. German, Spanish and other languages spoken.

MEDICAL.

A CARD.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—C. D. HAMMOND, M. D., pupil of RICORD, of Paris, (who is the first Venereal Surgeon living,) and of Professors CARNOCHAN and MOTT, of this City, continues the practice of this Specialty, at No. 61 Bleecker-st., eighth house east of Broadway, New-York. All complicated disorders of the Sexual System effectually treated, including Weaknesses, &c., &c. Consultations in English, French, and by letter. Office hours from 9 to 1, and 6 to 9 in the evening.

TRIESEMAR PROTECTED BY ROYAL Letters Patent of England, and secured by the Seals of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, and the Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna. TRIESEMAR No. 1 is a remedy for relaxation, spermatorrhœa, and exhaustion of the system. TRIESEMAR No. 2 effectually, in the short space of three days, completely and entirely eradicates all traces of those disorders which copavia and cubebs have so long been thought an antidote for, to the ruin of the health of a vast portion of the population. TRIESEMAR No. 3 is a great Continental remedy for that class of disorders which, unfortunately, the English physician treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove. TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are alike devoid of taste or smell, and of all nauseating qualities. They may lie on the toilet table without their use being suspected. Sold in tin cases, and divided in separate doses, as administered by Velpeau, Lalleman, Roux, Ricord, &c., &c. Price $3 each, or four cases in one for $9, which saves $3; and in $27 cases. Sold by Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 157 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway, New-York. Immediately on receipt of the amount, Dr. B. will forward the $9 cases of TRIESEMAR, and the large sizes, carriage paid, thus insuring genuine European preparations. The $3 cases also sent, but not free of carriage. Consultations as usual, from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 4 till 8 P. M., at 157 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway.

DR. WATSON HAS FOR A LONG SERIES of years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class in which he has treated a vast number of cases with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. Watson receives patients in separate consulting rooms from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., at No. 469 Broome st., second block west of Broadway.

DR WATSON'S WORK, THE CAUSE AND CURE, issued simultaneously in London and New-York, is the only one which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its different forms; but treats also in full of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, and Premature Exhaustion, the result of early indiscretion, excess or other causes. Anatomical plates of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price $1, post paid. "Dr WATSON'S Work has been written by a person of great practical knowledge, and we cordially recommend it."—*Medical Journal.*

Sold by the Author, as above; also by J. W. JUDD, No. 222 Broadway, and by CHARLES MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York.

RICORD'S, VELPEAU'S, CIVIALE'S, ACTON'S CURLING'S, and the Venereal Hospital Practice, of Paris and London, by Dr. LARMONT. As some persons afflicted with Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Primary and Constitutional Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Seminal Emissions, Impotency, &c., may not be aware of the fact, he takes this medium of informing them that he is the only graduate in this City who is exclusively treating and curing those diseases, and whose connection with the European hospitals enables him to adopt the latest and most radical treatment, curing the oldest and most severe cases, at No. 82 Mercer-st., corner of Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, from 10 A. M. till 9 P. M., except Sundays, unless by appointment. The Doctor's MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, nearly 400 pages, 100 picture illustrations, is $1. Sold and mailed also by J. W. JUDD, No. 222 Broadway, New-York. It gives the advertised medicines, and should be seen by the married, single and the afflicted, before adopting any treatment, as it fully exposes the charlatans infesting this and other cities.

We commend Dr. LARMONT to the afflicted.—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Staats Zeitung, Day Book, Atlas, &c.*

DR. WARD, NO. 486 BROADWAY, PERFORMS the only permanent cure of private diseases. Sure cure, his Unfortunate's Friend and other remedies, price $1. Remember, all you afflicted, that by calling on Dr. WARD you may, in a few days, feel that Richard is himself again. Female diseases successfully treated. His Monthly Pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Office No 486 Broadway, second floor; perfectly private, and so arranged that patients never meet. No charge for consultations. Afflicted, call without delay. Attendance till 10 P. M.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTICAL Private Treatise on venereal and other diseases and abuses of the sexual system. Office No 5 Bleecker-st., corner Wesley-place, two blocks east of Broadway.

Patients applying in the earliest stage of disease will be surprised at their immediate and convenient cure; but especially in chronic cases, as Stricture, Gleet, Emissions, Impotence, and cases that have been thought incurable, his services are most appreciated.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES OF females exclusively treated by Dr. DUBOIS. Remedies for female derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed in all cases. Consultation and letters strictly confidential. Patients from a distance provided with board, nursing and exclusive attendance. Medicines sent by mail. Ladies' private circulars sent per letter free, except postage. Office No. 98 West 24th st., New-York.

CORDIAL COGNAC BITTERS IMMEDIATELY relieves Diarrhœa, Ague and Bilious attacks. B. STEINFELDT sole Importer, No. 70 Nassau-st., New-York, and for sale by all druggists, bars and groceries.

DR. HUNTER—NO. 3 DIVISION-ST., PERFORMS THE GREATEST CURES EVER MADE. THE ONLY SECURITY AGAINST HUMBUGS AND THE EFFECTS OF DISEASES, IS TO APPLY TO HIS OLD DISPENSARY ESTABLISHED IN 1834.

Dr. Hunter's Vade Mecum gives Ricord's, Velpeau's, Lallemand's and all the faculty prescriptions and treatment; all the advertised remedies; is full of colored plates, 400 pages, and is the most valuable work out. It should be seen by the afflicted, before adopting any treatment, as it fully exposes the charlatans infesting this and other cities. To be had of the Doctor, No 3 Division-st., where his great remedy, Hunter's Red Drop can be had genuine only. $1 per vial. Advice gratis. He rescues more young men from destruction every 10 days than any other 10 M. D.'s in 10 years. It is deplorable to witness some of the cases that are presented to Dr Hunter, where the disease has been driven into the system by quacks to break out again in the form of spots and ulcers on the body, pains in the joints and throat, night sweats and emaciation. STRICTURE—Dr. Hunter has discovered a new process by which he can cure the worst forms of stricture in from two to three weeks. Constitutional debility, brought on by a secret habit indulged in by young men, effectually cured. A word to the wise is sufficient.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY.—HORATIO N WILD against JOHN H. RILEY, FRANCIS E. VAN RIPER, NICHOLAS P. O'BRIEN and JAMES W HALL.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not ser.)—To FRANCIS E. VAN RIPER and JAMES W. HALL: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings at the City Hall in the City of Brooklyn, on the 2d day of June, 1858, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 111 Nassau-street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you exclusive of the day of such service: and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York Aug 13, 1858.
W. B. SMITH, Plaintiff's Attorney,
au2h-law6wT* No. 111 Nassau st., New-York.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against WILLIAM STEELE, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Executors at the store of Wm. Irving Steele, No. 53 Nassau st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 29th day of November next. Dated May 25, 1858.
SARAH STEELE, } Executors.
my26-law6mTh* WM. I. STEELE,

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ALFRED LARGE, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor, at his office, No. 25 Park place, in the City of New-York, on or before the 24th day of February next.—Dated Brooklyn, August 18, 1858.
au19-law6mTh* WILLIAM LOTTIMER, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN OOTHOUT, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their office No. 3 Cliff-st., in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 18, 1858. WM. OOTHOUT,
au19-law6mTh* HENRY OOTHOUT. } Ex'rs.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MICHAEL MURRAY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his residence, No 3 Morris street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 18, 1858.
au19-law6mTh* THOMAS BYRNES, Administrator.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of TITSWORTHS & DUNN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, WILLIAM DUNN retiring from the business. The remaining partners are authorised to use the name of the firm in liquidation.
JOHN D. TITSWORTH.
ABRM D. TITSWORTH.
RUDOLPH M. TITSWORTH,
WILLIAM DUNN.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of JOHN D. TITSWORTH & BROS., and will continue the manufacturing and clothing business at the old stand, No. 22 Dey-st.
JOHN D. TITSWORTH.
ABRM. D. TITSWORTH.
RUDOLPH M. TITSWORTH.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1858.

OFFICE OF M. K. JESUP & CO., Railway Agents and Bankers, No. 44 Exchange-place.

MR. GILEAD A. SMITH BECOMES THIS day a member of our firm, the style of which will be unchanged. M. K. JESUP & CO.
NEW YORK, Sept. 1, 1858.

Referring to the above in addition to our former business, we are now prepared to attend to the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds and other securities, at the Board of Brokers or by private negotiation.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A PAIR VERY CLOSE MATCHED bay carriage horses, 15½ hands, perfectly sound, kind and gentle, 7 and 8 years old, and excellent travelers. Apply at No. 113 9th-st. Can be seen at stable No. 191 Mercer st.

LIGHT WAGONS FOR THE ROAD—Which cannot be surpassed for style, weight and strength. Price, $100 and $110 each. Dealers would do well to call and examine our wagons. SHEPHERD & TITUS, Nos 25 and 27 Grand-st., Williamsburg, L. I.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL LIGHT FAMILY Carriage, extension top, for one or two horses. Will be sold at a great sacrifice. Apply at TAYLOR'S Stable, No. 275 Spring-st., near Hudson.

$4.50 DOUBLE-SOLE WATER-PROOF Sewed Boots now ready at JONES' No 10 Ann-st. Also, those $3 50 double-sole peg boots, warranted to give satisfaction.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Chamber of Commerce.

A PROTEST AGAINST THE REMOVAL OF THE POST-OFFICE.

The Chamber of Commerce held a special meeting, at their rooms, at 1 o'clock P. M., yesterday, in which the whole subject of a change in the present site of the Post-Office was discussed. P. PERIT in the Chair.

The unanimous expression of the gentlemen who spoke on the subject was adverse to locating the Post-Office upon the present site of the Broadway Theatre, as proposed by the Postmaster-General.

Col. LEE stated that a letter had been addressed to the Postmaster-General from the Chamber, inquiring if the reported change was contemplated by the Department, and, if so, the merchants desired to express their sentiments upon the subject. Col. LEE was strongly opposed to the location of the Post-Office upon the site of the Broadway Theatre. The Committee who had been sent to Washington on the subject of a Post-Office site had failed to enlist the Postmaster in their views. The Brick Church location—which would have been a good one—failed on account of title.

Mr. BARSTOW was well satisfied with the present site.

A. A. LOW remarked that every attempt which had been made heretofore to procure a location was defeated by the statement that a site had been obtained. These announcements generally proceeded from interested parties, who had property to sell to the Government.

F. A. CONKLIN said the Government had desired to purchase the New-York Hospital for a Post-Office, but the negotiations had failed on account of the large price charged for the property. In twenty years the progress of population would make the location of the Post Office desirable even above the theatre in Broadway.

Col. LEE said in London letters were delivered by carriers, and this plan would soon have to be adopted in this City. The American Exchange Bank receives an average of from five to six hundred letters daily. The Park had been designated as a convenient site on account of the extensive business interests in the lower part of the City. He was in favor of simply declaring the site of the Broadway Theatre unsuitable.

Mr. BARSTOW acquiesced in the opinions expressed by the last speaker.

Mr. MILLS, who said he had been a Trustee of the Brick Church, (the present site of the TIMES Building,) believed that was the best site for the Post-Office; the Government, however, refused to pay $200 000 for it, partly because the merchants took no interest in the selection of that site. When the Post-Office was removed, it should certainly go as high up as the Park. The influence of the merchants, he believed, was very little indeed.

Mr. S. H. FIELD preferred the lower end of the Park, and thought it the most suitable location.

Mr. BARSTOW favored the present site. The centre of business must remain where it is now for a century to come.

Mr. MARSHALL was opposed to the lower angle of the Park as a Post-Office site, and if removed at all, it should be located at the upper Chambers street side of the Park. But he was in favor of retaining it at the present site. It would ruin the appearance of the City to fix the Post-Office at the lower end of the Park.

The following resolution was then put by the Chairman, and unanimously adopted:

"The Chamber having learned from the Chairman of the Post-Office Committee, that the Postmaster-General had it under consideration to remove our Post-Office from its present site to the site of the Broadway Theatre,

Resolved, That this Chamber disapprove of such removal, the proposed location being in every way unsuitable by reason of the buildings that surround it, its distance from the great centre of commerce, and the insufficiency of the space."

This resolution was referred to the Committee on the Post-Office, Messrs. JAMES LEE, A. A. LOWE, CALEB BARSTOW, THOMAS TILESTON and E. D. MORGAN. On motion of Mr. A. A. LOWE, it was also voted that the proceedings of the former meeting, together with the resolution passed by the Chamber at its present meeting, be forwarded to the Post-Office Department, with a representation of the present views of the Chamber.

Adjourned.

The Venezuelan Commissioners and Gen. Paez.

The four Commissioners sent from Venezuela to invite the return of their long-exiled President, General JOSE A. PAEZ, arrived in this City on Monday. Their names are as follows: PETER J. ROJAS, President of the Commission; Gen. JOSEPH AUSTRIA, Dr. MANUEL A. PAEZ and MIGUEL MUJICA. These gentlemen are all natives of Venezuela, and have taken a more or less active part in the political affairs of that country. ROJAS, the head of the Commission, is a young man of fine education and address, and is connected with the most honorable families in the State. He shared the exile of PAEZ, with whom he came to New-York, where he remained until five months ago, when he returned to Venezuela. He is at present one of the Counsel to the Government.

Dr. PAEZ is the eldest son of the late President, and is honored with a place in the Commission, not only as a testimonial of respect to the exiled President, but also as a mark of esteem for the Doctor personally, who has long been identified with the Republic, and has sacrificed much for its welfare. He was exiled in 1848, when his father was deposed, and came to New-York in 1852 to pay his parent a visit. He then went to Curacoa, where he remained until the year 1855, when by an act of the Government he was permitted to return to Venezuela.

MUJICA was exiled at the same time, but he rereturned to Venezuela four years ago, where he has remained ever since.

General AUSTRIA has borne a conspicuous part in the military operations of Venezuela, and has never been out of the country.

The Delegates left Porto Cabello on the 29th of August, at 6 o'clock P. M., on board the bark *Joseph Maxwell*, and arrived at Philadelphia on the 12th inst., all in good health.

General PAEZ, who was invited to return to Venezuela upon the first outbreak against the corrupt Administration of MONAGAS, but refused to accept the proposition, has determined, now that MONAGAS has been expelled from the country, to return, not as President, however, but as a private citizen. He will publicly receive the Commissioners sent with this honorable invitation, in a few days, when they will present to him the address of the people of Venezuela, and receive his reply.

Previous to embarking, which will not be under a month, he will visit Washington to offer his thanks to the President of the United Sates for the cordial reception extended to him upon his arrival in the country, ten years ago, and for the generous asylum he has enjoyed in the United States. Should he resume the Presidency, upon his return to Venezuela, there is no doubt but that his Government will be administered upon those enlightened and progressive principles with which he has been impressed during his long residence in this country. General PAEZ is now in the enjoyment of excellent health, and takes a deep interest in the affairs of his native land.

City Items.

HEAVY FORGERY OF DRAFTS BY CUBANS.—An extensive forgery of drafts by three young Cubans has just been brought to light. The accused parties are CHARLES P. DELACROIX, FREDERICK LUDWIG, and PEDRO ALVAREZ ROLSCHERRZ, and over $100,000 is stated to be the aggregate amount of the forgeries. A few days ago DELACROIX presented a draft for $9,400, purporting to have been drawn by JUSTO, MAZARRA & Co., of Havana, on Messrs. CURTIS & DECKMAN, of No. 36 Beaver-street, in this City. Messrs. CURTIS & DECKMAN had just received advices from the Havana house by whom the draft purported to have been drawn, informing them that their cashier had absconded, and notifying them to pay only certain specified drafts. The draft was at once seen to be a forgery, and DELACROIX, upon being questioned, stated that he had received it from FREDERICK LUDWIG, the former cashier of JUSTO, MAZARRO & Co. Through information given by DELACROIX, LUDWIG, and a young man named ROLSCHERRZ were arrested yesterday at the Bancroft House, where they were stopping. In the possession of ROLSCHERRZ was found a forged draft for $2,500 of JUSTO, MAZARRO & Co., on HALL & Co., of Charleston, South Carolina, and bearing the genuine acceptance of the latter firm. No other drafts than those specified have yet come to light, but it is confidently stated that nearly $100,000 of similar forged drafts have been sent to Europe. The accused parties, following their arrest, were taken before Justice WELSH, who refused bail for them, and sent the papers forthwith before the Grand Jury. Pending the decision of the Grand Jury, the prisoners were locked up in the Tombs. The three prisoners are young and fine-looking men, but take the whole affair very coolly.

OPENING OF THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE.—The opening exercises of the Ferris Female Institute, a new seminary for the education of young ladies, at Nos. 61 and 63 Madison-avenue, took place last evening. The drawing-rooms of the Institute were filled to overflowing and the exercises were exceedingly interesting. Addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. FERRIS, Chancellor of the University and Rector of the School, the Rev. Dr. GILLETTE, the Rev. Dr. JOEL PARKER, Mr. C. H. GARDNER, the Principal of the institution, and others. Mr. LAZAR, the musical instructor at the Institute, presided at the piano-forte. The school rooms were thrown open for the inspection of the audience, and their arrangement, ventilation and appearance elicited many expressions of admiration. The philosophical apparatus, the library and the provision for gymnastic exercises, were noted approvingly, and many predictions of prosperity for the institute, and benefit to those who should graduate there, were made. There are nearly 100 pupils at the seminary already. Mr. GARDNER, the Principal, was formerly Principal of the Rutgers Female Institute, and many of his assistants are from the same seminary.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—At the meeting of the Board of Education, last evening, Mr. JOHN W. CHANDLER was appointed Trustee of the Seventeenth Ward, in place of a resigned Trustee. Convention Hall, in Wooster-street, was ordered to be hired at $75 per month, while Ward School No. 10 is under repair. Resolutions were passed to pay several small bills in the Sixth, Eighth, and Twentieth Wards, which the President had refused to sign as the amount exceeded $200. Six hundred and fifty dollars were appropriated for repairs of school-house furniture in Eleventh Ward. Sundry bills for extra work were referred to Committee on Finance. The report of the Executive Committee of the Free Academy was presented in favor of increasing the pay of the Janitor and appointing six additional tutors, which was accepted, and its resolutions adopted. A long discussion followed as to the propriety of altering the by-laws affecting the Printing Committee, so as to allow them to make contracts and audit such contracts made under sanction of the Board. After amendment upon amendments, the following resolution was put to the vote:

Resolved, That section 8, article 10 of the by-laws be amended by adding, "and all bills for printing and binding under contracts made under the superintendence of the Printing Committee, and approved by the Committee on Printing, be paid on the usual pay-days of the Board."

Which resolution was carried by nineteen to nine. After the transaction of other business the Board adjourned.

THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS.—A lengthy session of the Police Commissioners was held yesterday, all the Commissioners being present except Mayors TIEMANN and POWELL, to pass upon complaints preferred against various policemen for dereliction of duty. One hundred and thirty cases were disposed of. Three men were dismissed from the Department—SWAIN LINDSLEY, of the Twentieth Precinct, for disobedience of orders in not going to Quarantine, and JOHN DOORMAN, of the Sixth, and THOMAS MORAN, of the Seventh Precincts, for intoxication. About forty were fined from one to thirty days' pay, and the remainder of the cases were dismissed as frivolous. Nearly one hundred complaints remain yet to be adjudicated upon.

LECTURES ON GEOLOGY.—Dr. BOYNTON, whose reputation as a brilliant and entertaining lecturer is well established, commences his course to-morrow evening, at the Cooper Institute. The programme presents subjects—to many—of startling interest, which will command general attention. As a lucid expounder of science for the masses, combining instruction with amusement, Dr. BOYNTON has, probably, no superior in the land. The low price at which the course is offered will enable whole families to attend.

THE POMOLOGICAL SOCIETY was in session all day yesterday. The revision of the catalogue of pears was the only business transacted by the Convention. In the evening there was a conversational discussion concerning grape culture. The exhibition of fruit was visited by a great many persons, many of them ladies. To-day is the last day of the Convention and exhibition.

ADMISSION TO THE BAR.—On the 15th inst., at a General Term of the Supreme Court of the Second Judicial District, held at Newburg, the following gentlemen were admitted to the bar: JOSEPH J. MARRIN, WRIGHT BANKS, LEWIS IRVING, JOHN J. DOUGHTY D. W. PHILIPS, WM. H. BOUGHTON, JAMES SMITH. The class numbered thirteen.

THE NEW-YORK UNIVERSITY.—The Fall term of this institution commenced yesterday. There are nearly 40 members in the new Freshman class, and the higher classes have received many additions.

Cricket.

ST. GEORGE'S CLUB VS. NEWARK CLUB.

The return match between these Clubs was commenced yesterday, at Hoboken. The Newark Club went first to the wickets and succeeded in scoring 107 runs. The St. George's Club then sent their men in for their first innings, and were soon disposed of with but 64 runs. Newark went in for their second innings, and were wiped out for only 42 runs, leaving St. George to make 85 to tie, and 86 runs to win. The match will be resumed this morning.

The following is the score:

NEWARK CLUB—FIRST INNINGS.

			Runs.
Baker		b. Waller	0
Hallis		b. H. Wright	5
Ledwith	c. S. Wright	b. H. Wright	14
Kidd		b. H. Wright	0
Ford		b. Bailey	23
Warner	l. b. w.	b. H. Wright	4
Hatters'ee		b. Tinson	6
Elverson		b. Lang	12
Smith	c. Watson	b. Waller	0
Jefferson	l. b. w.	b. Waller	4
Clark		Not out	0
Byes, 18; leg bye, 1; wides, 9; n. bye, 1			29
Total			107

SECOND INNINGS.

			Runs.
Baker		b. Waller	6
Hallis	c. S. Wright	b. Waller	1
Ledwith		b. Bailey	0
Kidd	c. Bailey	b. Waller	0
Ford	c. Walker	b. Waller	0
Warner	c. and	b. Bailey	0
Hatterslee		Run out	10
Elverson	c. Tilt	b. Waller	14
Smith		Not out	3
Jefferson	l. b. w.	b. Waller	2
Clark		b. Bailey	3
Bye, 1; wides, 2			3
Total			39

ST. GEORGE'S CLUB—FIRST INNINGS.

			Runs.
Waller	c. Baker	b. Kidd	1
Tilt		b. Hallis	1
H. Wright		b. Kidd	0
Lang		b. Hallis	21
Tinson	c. and	b. Hallis	1
S. Wright		b. Kidd	1
Bailey	c. and	b. Kidd	5
Bage	c. Kidd	b. Ford	6
Watson		Run out	2
Ford		Run out	3
Walker		Not out	1
Byes 13, leg byes 2, wides 7			22
Total			64

KINGS COUNTY VS. MANHATTAN.—The return match between these Clubs took place at Hoboken on Tuesday, and resulted in a victory for Kings County, it being a one day match, and determined by the first innings, which stood, Kings County, 1st innings, 92 runs; Manhattan, 1st innings, 33 runs; Kings County, 2d innings, 43 runs; Manhattan, 2d innings, 42, with a loss of only 2 wickets at sundown. Kings County won the first match, consequently are the winners of the Home and Home.

THE BROOKLYN MODEL YACHT CLUB'S REGATTA. In consequence of the heavy blow and rough weather yesterday, the Fall Regatta of the above Club was postponed till Saturday. The popular keeper of the Club House—Mr. SMEDLEY—somewhat relieved the disappointment of the visitors by taking a large party of ladies and gentlemen down the Bay for a sail in his fine schooner, the *James Davis*.

THE EMPIRE CITY REGATTA.—This annual Regatta takes place to-day, at the foot of Ninetieth-street, East River.

Police Intelligence.

A FRENCHMAN CHARGED WITH FORGERY.—F. De Compolon, a Frenchman, was arrested on Monday night, while on his way to the Opera House, to answer a charge of forgery preferred against him by George W. Thompson, of No. 88 Prince street. The warrant was issued by Recorder BARNARD, and the papers sent to Justice CONNOLLY, but the papers could not be found yesterday at the Police Court. It is stated that Thompson alleges that he loaned De Compolon $440, and the latter gave him his check signed "De Fera." On the other side the story goes that Thompson keeps a gambling-house at No. 88 Prince-street, and that the check was given for money advanced at Thompson's gambling table, the actual amount of money advanced being $400, and the moderate sum of $40 being charged for one night's interest. Mr. De Compolon has, it is said, been victimized out of several thousand dollars at the different gambling hells in the City.

ARRESTED.—Officers Nesbit and Harvey, of the Harbor police-boat No. 2, this morning while rowing around the North River saw a suspicious looking boat lying alongside the ship *Calhoun*, which arrived from Liverpool yesterday. On going alongside, they discovered two packages of flannel in the boat. They immediately arrested the two boatmen, named John Kegan and James Fisher, and on going on board the vessel, they discovered the bulkhead adjoining the forecastle had been broken in. The boatmen stated to the officers that they thought it was seamen's luggage, and pointed out the men who hired them. Their names are Martin Flemming and Wm. Maury. The latter were shut up in the Tombs for examination, and the former were discharged to appear on their own recognizance.

THE SHOOTING AFFRAY IN TWENTY-SECOND-STREET.—The young man, Richard Bell, who was arrested on Tuesday evening for attempting to take the life of John Stephens, the alleged seducer of his sister, by shooting a pistol at him, was yesterday morning taken before Justice WELSH, at the City Hall Police Court, and held for examination. His only regret is that he did not succeed in his purpose. Stephens, who worked in Mr. Stephenson's carriage manufactory, in Twenty-seventh-street, has been discharged till he can prove himself innocent of the heinous crime charged against him.

ALL ABOUT A GOAT.—Mr. Brodie, the mantilla dealer, in Canal-street, has a goat tied up in his rear yard. A Dr. Watson has a yard adjoining the yard of Mr. Brodie, and the innocent bleating of the hirsute animal has been a great annoyance to the Doctor and his family. Dr. W. wrote a note to Mr. Brodie, and the latter called on the Doctor. Mr. Brodie became incensed at the aspersions cast upon his goat by Dr. W., and planted his fist—so Dr. W. alleges—against his (the Doctor's) right eye. There were other blows, when, finally, Officer Houston, of the Detective Police, was called, and arrested Mr. Brodie, who was taken before Justice STEERS, and held to bail in $300 to keep the peace.

FORGING A BANK CHECK.—John Morgan and Wm. Gilbert were locked up in the Tombs, yesterday, charged with forging the names of Bowen & McNamee, to a check for $17 55, on the Shoe and Leather Bank. They gave the check in payment for some goods bought of Lyles, Pothamus & Co., No. 120 Front-st., but the forgery was soon detected and the prisoners arrested.

AN UNWORTHY PILOT.—John McCarthy, a boarding-house runner, was yesterday taken in custody, charged with having, on the 28th of July last, inveigled Mrs. Ann Colby into a house of prostitution in Water-street. Mrs. Colby met the accused and asked to be shown to a respectable boarding-house. She charges McCarthy with having also robbed her of $55 in gold. Justice CONNOLLY committed the accused to answer.

UNTRUSTY CLERK.—Dennis O'Brien, a clerk in the grocery store of Mr. Charles Mills, was yesterday arrested, charged with having collected a bill for about $50 worth of groceries sold to the Captain of the sloop *Isabella*, and appropriated the same to his own use. Justice STEERS committed the accused for trial.

Coroner's Inquests.

DEATH FROM ALLEGED VIOLENCE.—ANN KENNEDY, the woman who was either pushed or fell down the front stoop of No. 188 Ludlow-street, on Monday night, died yesterday at Bellevue Hospital from her injuries. An inquest will be held on the body to-day. BERNARD REMSEN, who is charged with pushing the deceased down the steps, has been arrested to await the result of the inquest.

SUICIDE.—TIMOTHY HARRINGTON yesterday committed suicide by jumping into the East River at the foot of Twenty-sixth-street. An inquest was held on the body, and a verdict of "Suicide by Drowning" rendered.

FOUND DEAD.—The body of a workman was found yesterday morning in the cellar of the unoccupied house No. 226 Tenth-avenue. The dress indicated that the deceased was a laboring man. An inquest will be held on the body to-day.

[Advertisement.]

YELLOW FEVER AND BILIOUS AFFECTIONS.—Those who are subject, by contact, or who being obliged to reside or remain in the vicinity of the contagion, will do well to protect themselves by an occasional dose of BRANDRETH'S Pills. They will prevent all danger. If used when the prostration of all the powers of the body comes on, whether accompanied by delirium, by purging, or by simple dizziness and uncertainty of outward impressions, the first thing to be done is to take a dose of

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

The very cause of these difficulties will be speedily expelled from the bowels and circulation, and there is no congestion or other evil to be feared from their use. This is not so with calomel, opium or quinine. It is true, you may sometimes alleviate pain and fever by their use, but alas! the fatal sickness, the sudden deaths which follow too often the use of these remedies, are sad experiences for the mothers and fathers who have permitted their loved ones to use them. May it in all cases be done ignorantly, and not against light and reason.

In any painful disease, let four or six of BRANDRETH'S pills be taken every few hours. This method will relieve the pain as soon as opium or other anodynes, and there will be no evil after effects. Another and yet another paroxysm may occur, and the patient may fear he will purge himself to death, but if he have the courage and understanding to continue the pills he will have the advantage of recovering his health sooner than by any other method.

BRANDRETH'S pills, plain and sugar-coated, at No. 294 Canal-street, Brandreth Building.

[Advertisement.]

BRADY'S GALLERIES.
PHOTOGRAPHS,
Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes.
Nos. 359 and 205 Broadway, New-York, and
No. 352 Pennsylvania-avenue, Washington.

[Advertisement.]

BEEBE & Co.,
No. 156 Broadway.

The Fall Fashion for gentlemen's Hats, with the patent self-adjusting ventilator, will be introduced this day, Sept. 11. B. & Co. have just received a complete assortment of Paris felt hats.

[Advertisement.]

GWYNNE & DAY'S BANK-NOTE REPORTER quotes uncurrent money at a lower rate of discount than any other Bank-Note List.

GWYNNE & DAY, NO. 12 WALL STREET, buy all money at the rates quoted in the Register.

[Advertisement.]

ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS!—75c.! 80c.! and 96c.! per yard!! All-Wool Ingrains, 40c. and 50c. Floor Oil-cloths, 31c., 40c. and 50c. per yard. Druggets, Mattings, Table and Piano Covers, Window Shades, Rugs, Mats, &c., &c., at extraordinarily low prices! HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Asthma, tightness of the chest, and the various diseases of the throat and lungs, as well as the innumerable eruptions and ulcers which attack the skin and flesh, yield invariably to this preparation.

[Advertisement.]

KEEP COOL—"FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED."—KNOX'S Fall hat is "out," and every gentleman of taste is going "in" for one of them. KNOX is at No. 212 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS, GAS-FIXTURES.—A large assortment of beautiful and new designs will be found at our great manufacturing dépôt, No. 376 Broadway. The trade supplied at the usual terms.

ARCHER, WARNER & CO.

[Advertisement.]

☞ HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New York.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The friends of the late G. NEWBOLD (over forty years connected with the Bank of America) can see an Imperial photograph of him at BRADY'S Gallery, No. 359 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

☞ Druggists desiring to purchase old Wines and Brandies for medicinal purposes are invited to examine the stock of the BININGERS, No. 17 Broad-st., New-York.

Brooklyn Items.

IMPORTANT TO JURORS.—Judge CULVER, in the City Court, under the new law, fines all absentees $25 per day for non-attendance. The Judge not only imposes the fine, but intends that delinquents shall pay it.

MEDICAL.—Mr. DANIEL BROOKS, a carman, sued Mr. WM. H. HANFORD, a doctor, for assault and battery, claiming $500 damages. The case was tried in the City Court yesterday, when the Jury awarded $25 damages. It appeared that the Doctor was owing BROOKS a balance of $50 which he refused to pay, whereupon BROOKS became "sassy," and hence the assault.

SOFT CRABS.—Soft crabs are plenty now on all parts of Long Island, and can be purchased of regular dealers at three shillings per dozen.

BOARD OF HEALTH.—A regular meeting of the Board of Health was held to-day. A number of nuisances were reported and ordered abated. The yellow-fever subject was not reached.

FIRE.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in a lager bier saloon kept by LOUIS KUNNBACH, on Third-avenue, near Twenty-fifth street. The building, owned by WM. DIBOL, of New-York, with most of the contents, was consumed, together with a building adjoining, owned and occupied by FRANCIS OAKLEY. Mr. DIBOL'S loss is $2,500. Not insured. Mr. KUNNBACK'S loss $100. Insured for $500. Mr. OAKLEY'S loss on house is $1,500. Insured for $700 in the Brooklyn Insurance Company. Loss on furniture $400. Insured in the St. Nicholas Insurance Company, New-York.

EVENING SCHOOLS.—The evening Schools will be opened for the season on Monday evening next, in the following Public School buildings: No. 1 in No. 1, No. 2 in No. 6, No. 3 in No. 17, No. 4 in No. 18 No. 5 in No. 12. Colored school in colored Public School No. 1. The following teachers have been appointed:

No. 1. *Male Department*—Mr. J. Reeves, Principal; E. Spafford, Assistant; Mrs. C. Swan, Mrs. M. Hitchcock.

Female Department—Mrs. Dennison, Mrs. R. A. Jones, Misses E. Grover, M. A. Cullen, M. Murphy.

No. 2. *Male Department*—The Rev. David Syme, Principal; Mr. R. S. Sand, Assistant; Misses H. J. Garahan, H. M. Coffin, Anna Clark.

Female Department—Misses Esther A. Brooks, J. A. Frink, M. J. Hibbard, Emily Baker.

No. 3. *Male Department*—Mr. M. D. Woodworth, Principal; Messrs. J. B. Griffing, Marcus Burr, Jacob Woodworth, Miss M. A. Crummy.

Female Department—Misses H. T. Hart, E. A. Adams, A. C. Collins.

No. 4. *Male Department*—Messrs. E. Bush, Principal, S. S. Martin, John Foster, Jas. Priddy; Misses Josephine Brady, M. M. Houser, Josephine Ludlam.

Female Department—Misses H. Dean, Josephine Kneeland, M. S. Johnson, Mrs. J. Saltzman.

No. 5. *Male Department*—M. C. W. Wolcott, Misses A. Reily, A. E. Cooke.

Female Department—Miss S. W. Voorhies, H. M. Beebe, M. Perry.

Colored Evening School—Mrs. W. J. Wilson.

A company of Spiritualists, under the lead of Dr. H. F. Gardner, is about to leave Boston for a European tour, for the purpose of explaining spiritual manifestations.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....SEPT. 15.

$5,000	U. S. 5, '67	114	50	Reading R b10	48⅛
1,000	U. S. 5s '74	103½	100	do	48⅛
1,000	Tenn. 6s '90	90⅛	400	do	48⅜
5,500	Virginia 6s	92	200	do s60	47½
5,000	Mo. State 6s..s30	84¼	100	do b10	48⅜
16,000	do	84⅜	350	do s10	49¼
5,000	do s60	84	300	do	48¾
1,000	Cal. State 7s n.b.	82	100	do ....s. t. w.	48¼
4,000	N. C. State 6s...	94½	500	do s15	48
1,000	Brooklyn City 6s	97	200	Mich. Cen. R. R....	58½
1,000	N. Y. C. R.R. 6s.	90	10	do	56¾
2,000	M. S. S. F. b'ds.	70½	80	do	56¼
16,500	Ill. C. R. R. b'ds.	90½	150	Mich S & N. I. R.R..	23½
4,000	F. & St. J. R.R. b.	59	300	do	23⅜
1,000	LaC. & M. L. G. bs.	24¼	300	do	23⅝
15	Bank of Com.	100½	200	do s30	23⅛
275	Bank Com. Scrip..	99	50	M. So & N. Ia G. s. b30	45¼
20	Hanover Bank	91¼	75	do	45⅛
50	Metropolitan Bk....	108⅜	50	do	45⅛
25	Common. Bank	96	115	do	45
8	Bk. of N. America..	108½	100	do s30	44¾
10	Atlantic Bank	80	400	Gal. & Chi. R	82½
75	Del. & Hud. Can. Co.	98½	5	do	82¼
100	Gardiner Gold Co..	⅛	50	do s10	82⅜
55	Pacific M. S. Co....	91¾	500	Cleve & Tol. R	33⅝
50	N. Y. Cen. R R	78⅝	100	do s30	33⅝
1525	do	78½	600	do s30	33⅜
300	do	78⅜	50	Chic & R. I. R.R....	70¼
250	do b60	78½	275	do	70
50	do b30	78⅜	50	do	69⅞
100	do b10	78½	100	do s60	69¼
100	do b30	78½	100	do b30	70
100	do s10	78⅜	620	do	68¾
50	do s30	78⅜	250	do	69⅝
350	Erie Railroad	17¾	50	do b30	69⅝
150	Hud. River R. R...	27	100	do b10	69¾
100	do b60	27	50	do	69½
50	Mil. & Miss. R. R..	16	50	do s30	69⅛
50	do	16⅛	236	La Crosse & M. RR.	2¼

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	Mo. State 6s	84⅜	150	M. S. & N. I. RR. b3	23⅛
1,000	do s30	84	100	do b60	23½
4,000	Tenn. 6s '90	90⅛	50	do b30	23⅜
24,000	do	90¼	100	do	23⅝
500	Ill. Cen. RR. Bs.	90½	100	Gal. & Chi. R. R...	82½
55	Pac. Ml. Stm. Co...	91⅜	150	do s30	82
450	N. Y. Cen. R.	78¼	400	do s10	82½
150	do b60	78½	25	do	82⅜
50	do b10	78½	25	do	82⅞
500	Erie R. R.	17¼	100	Clev. & Tol. RR..s3	33½
100	do	17⅜	200	do	33⅝
100	Hud. Riv. R. R...	27	100	do s30	33½
25	Harlem R. R.	10	300	Chi. & R. I. R. R...	69¼
800	Reading R. R...s60	47½	25	do b3	69¼
100	do s15	48	100	do	69
100	Panama R. R..s30	113	50	do s30	69⅛
15	La C. & Mil. R. R..	2½	50	do	69⅜
50	do	2⅝			

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$15,000	La C. & M. R. 7s	23¾	20	Artisans' Bank	79¾
3,000	Missouri 6s	83	20	Marine Bank	89
2,000	C. of Mil. 6p c. b	50	10	Bank of S. of N. Y.	102½
4,000	D., L. & W. R. 7s.	78	6	Humboldt F. I. Co..	95
10	Resolute Fire I. Co.	104	20	Arctic F. I. Co....	100
20	Hope Fire Ins. Co..	87	20	LaC. & Mil. R. R...	2⅜
40	People's Bank....	97½		Sl'p Cor. A. Kingsland.	500
10	Market Bank	105			

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15—P. M.

In Money affairs we hear to-day of transactions on temporary loan as cheap as 3 ℘ cent. on very choice collateral, and as high as 4½ ℘ cent. ℘ annum on fair security. Mercantile bills are 4@5 ℘ cent. on short dates, and 5½@7 ℘ cent. on 90 days to 6 months. There was nothing done in Exchange after the closing of the *Africa's* mail. The Bullion remitted by this steamer was $669,442. The Sub-Treasury received to-day $161,734, disbursed $207,745, and held at the close $12,371,927. The receipts include $81,000 from Custom Duties. The following is the summary of the official Banking movement at the leading four cities of the country, according to the last weekly reports:

	Loans.	Deposits.	Specie.	Circulat'n
New-York, Sept. 11...	$125,013,211	$86,908,179	$28,059,495	$7,810,669
Boston, Sept. 13 ...	56,238,600	20,634,800	8,589,800	6,265,600
Philadelphia, Sept. 13.	24,211,610	16,543,154	6,444,798	2,453,655
New-Orleans, Sept. 4..	14,892,969	14,636,311	11,285,303	6,828,899
Sub-Treas., N.Y., Sept. 11	——	——	12,626,916	——
Total	$220,356,390	138,722,444	67,006,817	23,373,813
Last week	$220,996,652	140,835,603	67,636,250	23,139,309

The advantage at the Stock Exchange continued in favor of the *Bear* account, and prices looked quite blue until the close of the afternoon session of the Brokers, when the disposition to buy at the decline predominated, and the general market closed steady, with a firm feeling shown on two or three of the Railways. The extreme additional concessions since Tuesday were ½ ℘ cent. on New-York Central, ⅜ on Erie, ½@⅞ on Reading, 1@1½ on Rock Island and ½@⅞ ℘ cent, on most the other Western shares. At the close there was a demand for New-York Central at 78½, Reading 48¼@⅜, Rock Island 69⅞@½, Erie 17½, Galena 82⅞@83, and Michigan Southern 23⅝ ℘ cent. The transactions in Panama and Pacific Mail were inconsiderable, at yesterday's prices. In Missouri and Tennessee State Stocks the demand was fair, without much change in rates, the cash price of Missouris 84⅜ ℘ cent. Illinois Central Bonds were also wanted at Tuesday's price. In other descriptions of Railway Bonds the business was unimportant. As intimated yesterday, no particular reason is assigned for the downward turn in Stocks, beyond the caprice of the speculative operators, a majority of whom seem disposed to favor the decline, the regular *Bears* by increasing the pressure to sell on contract, and the indifferent *Bulls* by exchanging their cash stock, at a fractional difference, for time options. A few of the operators for the fall pretend that the Railway disagreements are not yet definitely settled. It is barely possible this may be so, though we attribute no great importance to the question, one way or the other, in the present prospect of an increased business on the principal roads to be divided between them. Mr. DREW, a leading and controlling Director in the Erie Company, has his house on the Stock Exchange actively speculating in his own stock and that of the New-York Central. While it is *his* interest and theirs to keep the question open between the two Companies, he will, perhaps, find the means of doing it—and none more convenient than to play upon the irascibility of the President of his own Board.

The following was the business of the Illinois Central Railroad in the month of August, 1858:

LAND DEPARTMENT.		
Acres Const'n Lands sold	4,200.68 for	$46,227 46
Acres In't Fund lands sold		
Acres Free lands sold....	240.00 for	3,673 60
Total sales during month.	4,440.88 for	$49,901 06
To which add Town lot sales		3,575 10
Total of all....		$53,476 16
Acres sold since Jan. 1, 1858	41,490.47 for	$559,423 37
Acres sold previously....	1,200,933.78 for	15,311,440 40
Total....	1,242,334 25 for	$15,870,863 77
Const. Bonds canceled in Aug., 1858....	$34,000	
Const. Bonds canceled previously....	723,000—	$757,000
Free Land Bonds canceled in Aug., 1858...	2,000	
Free Land Bonds canceled previously....	96,000—	98,000
Total Bonds canceled up to Aug. 31, '58.		$855,000
TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT.		
Receipts from passengers....		$62,923 57
Receipts from freight....		120,312 96
Receipts from mails....		6,358 33
Receipts from rent of road....		5,137 54
Receipts from other sources....		1,752 36
Total receipts in month of Aug., '58		$196,484 66
Total receipts in month of Aug., '57		221,893 82
Total receipts since Jan. 1, 1858....		$1,229,471 99
Total receipts in corresp'g period of '57..		1,478,801 60

Another Word of the London Negotiation.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The *Tribune* of this morning affects to doubt the statement in yesterday's TIMES, concerning the negotiation of Bonds of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Bonds in Europe, without, however, in fact, denying its truth.

It tells the public that that statement strangely conflicts with what the *Tribune* published a few days since, upon the same subject, and informs us that they have had an interview with one of the parties to the negotiation, &c., &c.

We would simply state by way of rejoinder, that we still adhere to our first statement, not being able to convince ourselves of the necessity of altering it in a single line, and insist upon its correctness in all its main features.

The writer of the *Tribune* article tells us that only $4,500,000 of the 1st Mortgage Bonds have been issued—but says nothing of the 2d Mortgage Bonds of $600,000.

He does tell us that $2,000,000 of the 1st Mortgage Bonds are reserved "to furnish the road," &c., &c. This is all very well and *partly* true, but he should also inform the public that about $1,400,000 of these very Bonds already issued, have been so issued without regard to the requirements of the deed of trust, or, rather, without regard to the legal requirements embraced in the power given to the Trustees who issue those Bonds, and that that amount of Bonds, at least, has been *illegally*, and to a certain extent fraudulently issued. The public will, of course, draw their own inferences.

And, of course, only $4,500,000 *of the 1st Mortgage Bonds* having been issued as yet, ($1,400,000, *about*, of these irregularly,) the parties on the other side negotiating could not get them into their possession quite yet. They must make a little show of work done upon the road, using for that purpose some portion of the small amount of cash realized out of the acceptances given for the (or, rather, in lieu of) cash payments, which, by-the-way, are given at 12, 18 and 24 months, for the $850,000. This, we repeat, must be done, in order to give some color to their future demand upon the Trustees for the remaining $2,000,000 of Bonds.

But we would ask one of the "negotiators" if this same $2,000,000, *when issued*, does not go into the hands of the parties on the other side, *as a part and condition of the present negotiation.*

Then, again, the *Tribune* informs us that these Bonds have been placed at 75 ℘ cent. of their par value. Perhaps he will also inform us when and how they were so placed.

Is it not the fact that the parties with whom they are placed, the London "promotors" as they are called we believe, get them at the rate named in the *Times'* article netting the Roads absolutely less than 30 ℘ cent. of their par value, the balance, over 70 ℘ cent., being divided as pickings among some twenty virtuous and irreproachable gentlemen in London, Paris and on this side of the Atlantic? If this is not so, "*facts and figures do lie.*"

Now, surely, a great railway enterprise in this country, involving negotiations for money to the extent of some $8,000,000, is a matter in which the public here are sufficiently interested to demand the facts, and we wait for information from "one of the parties to the negotiation," which we presume will be given to us without delay, and from *official* sources. If *he* does not give us the information the public will have the particulars from another source—"facts and figures," perhaps not official, but certainly reliable, with all the ins and outs of this great negotiation, as carried on for a year back in London and Paris.

Seriously and soberly, the sooner this matter and all others like it are "shown up," the better for the reputation of America and Americans, and their interests abroad.

This is most unquestionably one of the most stupendous railroad swindles in embryo ever yet attempted to be brought before the capitalists of Europe, *as it now is, in its present shape.* Honorable, high-minded and influential men, formerly connected with the enterprise, long since dropped it, and dissolved all connection with it, finding that one of the best enterprises in the country was destined to be turned into a bogus concern, or, in plain terms, a swindle, and that they were compromising themselves in character and position by being longer identified with it.

It is infinitely ahead, by reason of its greater magnitude, of the Sciota and Hocking Valley Railroad Bond swindle, the effects of which are still fresh in the memories of stockholders of numerous Banks in Massachusetts, Rhode Island and this State, and of many bankers and others who were green enough to take large amounts of Sciota and Hocking Valley Railroad Bonds as collateral for heavy loans made to the same notorious financier who has had the management of this Atlantic and Great Western Railroad negotiation in Europe, and who obtained such Bonds in much the same manner as he obtained possession of the Bonds of the Sciota and Hocking Valley Railroad, the finale of which will in all likelihood be the same.

If John Bull *will* be *sold*, we suppose he *will*, but if he *is* obstinate, it must not prevent our giving him a word of warning in time; and then if he runs his head into the fire, he can't reasonably blame us, or charge us with "repudiation" and all that.

We will, with your permission, give you some further *items* anon,—and in closing would ask what is likely to be the value of these Atlantic and Great Western Bonds when put upon the market, as compared with Sciota and Hocking Valley Bonds, now, and for a long time past, worthless; but which, to some extent, were negotiated in London during the past Winter, to pay debts with, by this same celebrated financier above alluded to, at the rate of 40 to 80 cents on the dollar? SIGMA.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS—SEPT. 13, 1858.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Deposits.	Circul'n.
Philadelphia...	$3,501,000	$754,000	$1,743,000	$296,000
North America	2,903,439	613,417	1,965,436	239,955
Farm. & Mech.	4,021,236	1,076,631	3,376,737	422,950
Commercial....	1,584,000	314,000	909,000	131,000
Mechanics'....	1,591,362	730,723	1,238,961	168,296
N. Liberties....	1,338,000	584,000	1,226,000	104,000
Southwark....	955,575	255,736	829,113	87,990
P. Township....	777,578	201,525	613,253	81,895
Western....	1,481,278	481,755	1,067,942	146,335
Man. & Mech..	1,098,340	256,965	654,890	119,124
Commerce....	727,471	225,760	586,065	104,220
Girard....	2,016,298	327,012	798,934	193,880
Tradesmen's....	646,332	221,311	608,546	95,535
Consolidation..	479,202	108,867	326,450	74,385
City....	749,287	157,220	377,848	95,290
Commonwealth.	341,212	135,906	226,979	102,800
Sept. 13....	$24,211,610	$6,444,768	$16,426,154	$2,453,655
Sept. 6....	24,988,151	6,635,856	17,426,777	2,529,501

PITTSBURG BANKS—SEPT. 13.

	Circulation.	Specie.	Loans.	Deposits.
Bank Pittsburg..	285,468	566,216	1,627,704	778,835
Exchange Bank.	460,005	216,711	1,389,078	446,681
Mer. & M. Bank.	162,425	119,231	839,325	262,160
Citizens' Bank...	119,520	81,709	584,959	98,329
Mechanics' B'k..	114,300	126,286	594,024	95,969
Iron City Bank..	146,680	86,641	510,748	145,427
Alleghany B'k...	168,365	76,547	510,396	91,451
Total....	1,456,763	1,273,341	6,056,234	1,916,852
Last week....	1,470,741	1,261,195	5,985,766	1,858,072

ST. LOUIS BANKS, SEPT. 11.

	Exchange.	Circulation.	Specie.
Merchants'....	$426,211 15	$508,210	$403,296 93
St. Louis....	156,300 44	277,150	228,859 26
Southern....	264,657 70	207,020	185,364 71
Mechanics'....	196,737 87	207,360	194,057 53
Exchange....	147,660 28	151,185	151,662 26
State....	657,098 59	577,785	722,079 46
Tot. Sept. 11.	$1,848,606 03	$1,928,710	$1,885,320 15
Tot. Sept. 4..	1,734,171 69	1,984,760	1,995,313 60

Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Sept. 15—6 P. M.

There was only a moderate demand for FLOUR to-day, and the market is a shade easier. Sales 1,200 bbls. at $4 25 for State; $4 50@$4 87½ for Illinois; $5@$5 25 for good to choice superfine Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Canadian; $5 37½@$5 62½ for good to choice Extra ditto. WHEAT market opened dull and heavy, but closed with a fair demand at better prices. Sales of 25,000 bushels at $1 08 for Red Ohio, in the morning, and $1 09@$1 10 in the afternoon, and $1 33 for White Kentucky. CORN, fair demand, market closing firm. Sales of 62,000 bushels at 58c.@60c. for unsound. No sales of other grains. WHISKY in good demand, and market easier; sales 600 bbls., at 22c. CANAL FREIGHTS, 38c. on Flour; 10½c. on Wheat, and 10c. on Corn. to New-York. *Receipts for the last 24 hours*—21,245 bbls. Flour; 129,335 bushels Wheat; 122,508 bushels Corn. *Shipments by Canal*—4,950 bbls. Flour; 56,823 bushels Wheat; 46,768 bushels Corn.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT dull and lower; Red, $1 20 @$1 28; White, $1 25@$1 35. CORN, yellow, lower; sales at 86c @88c.; White, unchanged. WHISKY dull at 25½c.@26½c. PROVISIONS dull.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

FLOUR firm, but inactive. WHEAT quiet. CORN —Little offering; white, 86c.; yellow, 90c.@92½c. WHISKY dull at 24½c.@25c.

SALES OF STOCKS AT PHILADELPHIA—*Wednesday*—*First Board*—$500 Pennsylvania 5s 89½; $400 City 6s, 99; $1,000 City Coup. 6s. 103½; $1,000 City Railroad 6s, 99; $2,000 Tennessee Coup 6s, 79; $1,000 Alleghany County 6s, Connell, 51¾; $6 000 Camden and Amboy Railroad 6s, '89, 82¾; $6,000 do, 82½; 4,000 do., 82¾; $200 Chesapeake and Delaware Canal 6s, 79; 3 Pennsylvania Railroad, 43¾; 25 Lehigh Scrip, 31⅛; 55 do., 31; 5 do., 30⅞; 10 Camden and Amboy Railroad, 106⅞; 8 Minehill Railroad, 60½; 500 Reading Railroad, 24⅛; 7 Philadelphia Bank, 115; 11 Mechanics' Bank, 27½; 2 Girard Bank, 12.

Closing Prices—United States 5s '74, 103½@103⅞; Philadelphia 6s, 99@99¼; Philadelphia 6s, Railroad, 99@99¼; Philadelphia 6s, New, 103@103½; Pennsylvania 5s, 89½@89¾; Reading Railroad, 24@24⅛; Reading Railroad Bonds, '70, 83; Reading Railroad, mortgage 6s, '44, 92; Reading Railroad mortgage 6s, '86, 70½@71; Pennsylvania Railroad, 43½@43¾; Pennsylvania Railroad 1st mortgage 6s, 100@101; Pennsylvania Railroad 2d mortgage 6s, 92@92½; Morris Canal Consolidated 42¾@44; Morris Canal Preferred, dividend off, 101@102; Schuylkill Navigation 6s, '82, 65½@66; Schuylkill Nav. Imp. 6s, 69½@70; Schuylkill Navigation Stock, 9@9½; Schuylkill Navigation Pref., 16½@16¾; Williamsport and Elmira Railroad 10½@10¾; Williamsport and Elmira Railroad, 7s, 1st mortgage, 73; Williamsport and Elmira Railroad, 2d mort., 50½@51½; Long Island, 11¾@12; Girard Bank, 11¾@12; Lehigh Coal and Navigation, 49½@50; North Pennsylvania Railroad, 8¾@9; North Pennsylvania Railroad 6s, 58@58½; New Creek, ¼@½; Catawissa Railroad, 6¾@6⅞; Lehigh Zinc, 1@1⅛.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

NAMES.	LEAVES	FOR	DATE.
Pacific	New-York	Galway	Sept. 16
Fulton	New-York	Southampton	Sept. 18
Asia	Boston	Liverpool	Sept. 22
Vigo	New-York	Liverpool	Sept. 23
Bremen	New-York	Bremen	Sept. 25
North American	Quebec	Liverpool	Sept. 25
Vanderbilt	New-York	Southampton	Sept. 25
Persia	New-York	Liverpool	Sept. 29
Austria	New-York	Southampton	Oct. 1
Northern Light	New-York	Southampton	Oct. 2
Niagara	Boston	Liverpool	Oct. 6

FROM EUROPE.

Vigo	Liverpool	New-York	Sept. 1
Austria	Southampton	New-York	Sept. 4
Persia	Liverpool	New-York	Sept. 4
Northern Light	Southampton	New-York	Sept. 8
North Briton	Liverpool	Quebec	Sept. 8
Hudson	Bremen	New-York	Sept. 11
Niagara	Liverpool	Boston	Sept. 11
Prince Albert	Galway	New-York	Sept. 14
City of Wash'ton	Liverpool	New-York	Sept. 15
Lady Eglinton	Galway	Quebec	Sept. 16
Hammonia	Southampton	New-York	Sept. 18
Europa	Liverpool	New-York	Sept. 18

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Borussia, for Southampton Havre and Hamburg—Mons. De Bosch Spencer, Belgian Minister at Washington, Prince L. Sulkowsky, L. Wachenheim, Mr. Ottenheimer, Miss Behrens, A. Mengens, L. Amson, S. Houboldy, H. Brauer, L. F. Bronnum, lady and 4 children, Isidor Kingsbury, Mrs. Scheffer, Franz Bang, Cath. Bang, A. Noser, of New-York; John Behli, Frank Arnsdorf, Conn.; Gustav Sturzegger, Julius Bender, Francis Bourry, Victor Maydat and lady, C. Flemmon, B. Bochat, California; Ambrose G. Tonnor, James Kelton, Louis Stein, New-York; G. W. Mason, Ark.; Jens. Olsen, Jos. Engelmann, J. Bradfield, New-York; Peter B. Nelson, Penn.; John Schmidt, Herm. Meyer, Wisc.; Maria L'Hommeau, Paris; Mme. Zimenes, Marg. Geis, P. Hoonsby, Wm. Grumer, G. A. Kimmel, Anthony Bauer, Mo.; A. Mersendfeld, A. Studer, C. Dash, M. Muller, C. Giannini, G. Ciochari, Jean Striben, Miss Abels, J. C. Emmerling, John G. Tucker, New-York; John Rens, Ohio; C. Guida, Indiana; Dr. Rossi, New-York, and 105 in the steerage—Total, 166.

In steamship Roanoke, for Norfolk, Richmond, &c.—Joseph Sarton, W. Hilton, W. A. Watson, Thos. Gregg, J. A. Gregg, W. C. Hane, Thos. Lykes, J. A. Fraetas and lady, Dr. H. E. Brown, Miss Julia P. Waterbury, M. Heath, Mrs. Riley, H. M. Chamberlayne, Mrs. T. P. Wilkinson, and 12 in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Vigo, from Liverpool—The Rev. Mr. Stevenson and lady, Mr. Barnes, lady and child, Mr. Buck, Mr. Dickinson, Geo. Gage, Edw. Parrish, Thos. Weaver, Wm. Bartley, Fred. Jones, Jacob Quintus, lady and child, H. B. Ferguson, Mr. Davidson and lady, Miss Davidson, Miss McFarlane, J. Booth and lady, Miss Stancliffe, Mr. Evans and lady, Henry Attrill, M. Smith, Jas. Glassford, Miss McFadyen, Mrs. Dallins, S. C. Hooper, Mr. John Anderson and party, Mrs. Taylor, J. H. W. Glassford, Robert Henly, J. B. McCormell, lady and Miss McCormell, Miss McWhun, John Gilliland, Wm. Rainer, Wm. Mignil, Frederick and Mrs. Bray, Miss Irving, Miss Mary Irving, David Clark, James D. Walthew, Edward D. Rae, Mr. and Mrs. Peel, Mrs. Greatorex, Henry Lester, Mr. and Mrs. Mills, Mr. J. Dunston, Mr. Dowling, James Fidick, Thomas Pierre, Mrs. Pellar, Mr. David Good, Mr. Robert Patrick, Mr. and Mrs. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton, Timothy Burns, Miss McGion, Mr. and Mrs. Slator, Mr. Thomas Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Biggins, Mr. Harboring, Mrs. Bush, the Rev. Morris Power, Mr. and Mrs. Maloney and child, Miss Murray, Mrs. Gillham, Mrs. Greaves, Miss Galland, John Holliday, Miss Greaves, Mr. Gerardeau, Mrs. Bauntam and lady, Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm, George Harrison, Esq., James H. Hilton, Esq., of London; Mr. Thos. Gray, Mr. Smithson and Miss Zara Smithson, Moses Thayer, Esq., Mass.; Miss Caust and Mrs. Oridar, Mr. James Scott, Mrs. Medeiia, Mr. James Grent, Mr. James Bourdone, Mrs. McDermott, Mrs. E. H. Climer and niece, Miss O. Adams, and 213 passengers in the steerage.

In bark F. Deming, from Para—E. L. Corning and lady.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..	5 41	Sun sets....	6 08	Moon sets...	11 47
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.					
Sandy Hook.	1 43	Gov. Island.	2 33	Hell Gate....	3 54

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

Cleared.

Steamships Roanoke, Skinner, Norfolk, Henry Ludlam; James Adger, Adams, Charleston, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Ships Suwassett, Martin, Mobile M. R. Bowen; Old Colony, Low, San Francisco Tappan & Starbuck; D. Hoadley, Magna, Mobile, Post, Smith & Co.; Tranquebar, Goodwin, New Orleans, N. H. Brigham; Ellen Austin, Garrick, Liverpool, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Howard, (Ham.) Brush, Hamburg, L. E. Amsinck; E. Z. Hodges, Glasgow, Zerega & Co.

Barks L. Bliss, Sprague, Norfolk, J. W. Elwell & Co.; Columbia, (Brem.) Senke, Baltimore, C. Luling.

Brigs Acadian, (Br.,) Lockhart Halifax, C. A. De Wolf; Nora Creina, (Br.,) Cassidy, St. Johns, N. B. Gordon & Brooks; A. Franklin, (Br.,) Clements Richibucto, Sturges & Co.; C. H. Seaman, (Mech.,) Elfield, Antwerp, W. F. Schmidt.

Schooners J. T. Williams, Curtis, Wilmington, Van Brunt & Slaght; M. A. Kennedy, Harris, Elizabeth City, C. A. Williams; Ned, Henderson, Wilmington, E. S. Powell; Danville, Chester, Richmond, C. H. Pierson; M. Pike, Crawford, Charleston, McCready, Mott & Co.; V. Price, Eldredge, St. Kitts, S. W. Lewis & Co.; M. S. Kinnee, Choplin Norfolk, ——; W. H. Brainerd, Bowditch, Philadelphia Jas. Hand; Isabel, Faulalin, Boston, Dayton & Sprague.

Sloop Phenix, Shepherd, New-Haven, J. B. Edwards.

Arrived.

Steamship Vigo, (Br., screw,) P. M. Gingan, Liverpool Sept. 1, with mdse. and 323 passengers to John G. Dale. Experienced strong westerly winds. 12th inst., at 6 P. M., exchanged signals with ship Belmont, bd. E. Arrived at New-York 15th, at 7 P. M.

Steamer Westchester, Clark, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Boston, Sellew, Philadelphia and Cape May, with mdse. and passengers to F. Perkins.

Ship Havre, (packet,) Atkins, Havre Aug. 13, with mdse. and 192 passengers to W. S. Drayton; no deaths—1 birth. Has had light W. S. winds since crossing the Banks.

Ship Nickar, (Ham.,) Brohn, Hamburg 49 ds., with mdse. and 156 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Had three deaths during the passage. Aug. 24, lat. 42 03, lon. 29 53, spoke ship Henrietta, Trecartin, from Callao for Cowes, 102 ds. out, and supplied her with provisions.

Ship Edward Everett, (of Baltimore,) Gunby, Shields July 23, with coal to Brooklyn Gas Co.—vessel to master. Has experienced light W. S. W. winds and calms, with thick fog, the entire passage.

Ship Marquette, (of Thomaston,) Watts, Liverpool Aug. 13, with mdse. and 37 passengers to Snow & Burgess.

Ship Calhoun, Truman, Liverpool Aug. 13, and Tuskar 18th, with mdse. and 132 passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. Sept. 11, lat. 41 40, lon. 62 30, signalized one of the Messrs Copes' Philadelphia and Liverpool packets, bd. E.

Ship Robert Kelly, Barstow, Liverpool Aug. 7, with mdse. and 294 passengers to Boyd & Hincken—1 death. Sld. in co. with ship Parliament, of Boston, and parted off Cape Clear. 15th inst., off Fire Island, took a pilot from boat G. W. Blunt, (No. 11.) The R. K. experienced light westerly winds the entire passage. Crossed the Banks in lat. 46

Ship Roger A. Hiern, Stewart, Liverpool Aug. 12, with mdse. to Post, Smith & Co.

Bark J. W. Friend, (of Bluehill,) Friend, Rio Janeiro July 23, in ballast to C. & E. J. Peters. Aug. 21, lat. 24 26, lon. 57 16, saw a ship showing a white flag, with a blue cross, stg. W. S. W.

Bark Julia Pares, (Sard.,) Genoa 54 ds., with marble, &c., and 89 passengers, to —— Valeiro.

Bark F. Deming, Higgins, Para July 22, with hides, &c., to Corning, Bento & Co.

Brig Adaline Sprague, (of Boston,) Smith, Cadiz 34 ds., with wine, &c., to Giro, Francia & Co.

Brig Lauretta, Dunbar, Para 28 ds., with india-rubber, uts. &c., to Burdett & Noble.

Schr. Alma, (Br.,) Snellgrove, St. Martin's 18 ds., with salt to Knox & Co. The schr. Sarah Maria sld. the day previous, for Baracoa. Aug. 27 passed the Island of Sombrero, and saw the following vessels lying off: Ships Caroline Reed, of Providence; John Merrick, of New-York, to sail for Europe in 2 ds.; bark J. W. Paige, of Boston, and brig Panola. 11th inst., lat. 36 53, lon 78 54, passed an American bark, steering E. S. E., showing a red flag, with black letter C. in the centre. 7th inst., lat. 30 55, lon. 70 55, saw an American ship steering S. W. by W., showing a white signal, with black cross in it.

Schr. Ramber, (Br.,) Bell, Alicant 38 ds., with mdse. to master.

Brig Forrest, (Br.,) Douglas, Windsor, N. S., 15 ds., with plaster to master.

Brig Concordia, (Hol.,) Yanter, Rotterdam 45 ds., with gin, coffee, &c., to Boonen, Graves & Co.

Brig Wheaton, of (Eastport,) Larkin, Gonaives Sept. 1, with coffee to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig Billow, (Br.,) Northman, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to master.

Schr. Pleiades, (Br.,) McBurnie, Windsor, N. S., 13 ds., with plaster to P. I. Nevius and sons.

Schr. Crystal Palace, Leighton, Pictou, N. S., 18 ds., with coal to order.

Schr. Wm. Putnam, Turner, Norfolk 6 ds., with wheat, bound to Boston. 12th inst., lat 39 06, lon. 73 55, in a squall from N. W., sprung head of foremast; also sprung a leak, and put in here to repair damages.

Schr. Electric Light, (of Portland,) Hume, Fajardo, P. R. Aug 26, with sugar to master. Left no Am. vessels.

Schr. Eclipse, Hatch, Seville, (Spain,) with oil, &c. to M. M. Freeman.

Schr. Almon Bacon, Williams, Philadelphia, for Bristol, R. I.

Schr. Hartstein, Enele, Antwerp, and 36 ds. from Flushing, with mdse. and 65 passengers to Dunham & Dimon. Had one birth among the passengers, which afterwards died.

Schr. Frances Ellen, Clark, Calais 6 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye.

Schr. Superb, Pinkham, Millbridge 10 ds., with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. Julia and Mary, Parker, Bangor 6 ds., with lumber to Mayhew, Talbot & Co.

Schr. St. Stephen, Gregory, Calais 4 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye.

Schr. Moses Waring, Crowell, Portsmouth, N. H., 3 ds., with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. Agility, (Br.,) Romkey, St. Johns, N. F. 15 ds., with oil to John Baldwin.

Schr. Wonder, French, Providence, with mdse.

Schr. Alexander M., Christie, Wareham, with nails.

Schr. St. Lucas, Adams, Rockland 4 ds., with lime.

Schr. Caroline Stone, Boynton, Nantucket, in ballast.

Schr. Lucy White, Arey, Rockland 4 ds., with stone.

Schr. Nancy Mills, Card, Dover, N. H., with fish.

Schr. Pawtuket, Ross, Rockland 3 ds., with lime.

Schr. Sarah, Holden, Rockland 3 ds., with lime.

Schr. D. H. Baldwin, Sands, Providence.

Schr. Heroine, Champion, New-London.

Schr. Col. Lester, Delnoy, New London.

Schr. Bela Peck, Delnoy, New-London.

Schr. Spencer D., Mapes, Port Jefferson.

Schr. Wakefield, Congdon, Providence.

Schr. Albany, West, Boston, for Albany.

WIND—During the day, from N. E. to E., and fresh.

Sailed.

Steamships Africa, (Br.,) Shannon, Liverpool; Borussia, (Ham.,) Trautmann, Southampton and Hamburg; Roanoke Skinner, Norfolk, &c.

Notice to Mariners.

NEW LIGHT HOUSE AT BARNEGAT, N. J.

CHANGE OF LIGHT FROM FIXED TO REVOLVING—INTERVAL TEN SECONDS.

The new light-house tower on the south side of the entrance of Barnegat inlet, New Jersey, will be completed at an early day, and the light will be exhibited therefrom for the first time at sunset on Saturday, the 1st day of January, 1859, and will be kept burning during that night and every night thereafter, from sunset to sunrise. The tower is built of brick, is 148 feet high, and is surmounted by an iron lantern 15 feet high. The lantern is painted black; the upper half of the tower is of the natural color of the brick, and the lower half is white. The illuminating apparatus is a revolving catadioptric lens of the first order of the system of Fresnel, showing a bright flash every ten seconds, of the natural color. The focal plane is 165 feet above the level of the sea, and the light should be seen in ordinary states of the atmosphere 22 nautical miles. The approximate position of the light-house, deduced from the Coast Survey determination, is: Latitude, 39 45 49 N.; longitude, 74 06 05 W. Mariners are requested to take particular notice that the temporary fourth order lens light at Barnegat will be fixed until January 1, 1859, when it will be changed to a first-order revolving light, with an interval of 10 seconds between the flashes.

By order of the Light-house board.

W. F. RAYNOLDS, Capt. Corps Top. Engineers.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Sept. 1, 1858.

Spoken, &c.

Baltic—fishing-schr., of Provincetown, with 24,000 fish, Aug. 31, on the Banks.

Bavaria—ship, from New-York for Havre, Aug. 18, lat. 49 02, lon. 7 04.

Ellen—Br. brig, from St. John, N. B., bd. E., Sept. 5, lat. 42 40, lon. 61.

Mary Stewart—brig, stg. S. E., was passed, Sept. 8, lat. 42 37, lon 66.

Macon—schr., from Baltimore for Trinidad, Port au Spain, Sept. 8, lat. 34 02, lon. 72 46.

New Light—bark, from Baltimore for Rio Janeiro, 12 ds. out, Sept. 3, lat. 34 30, lon. 52 20.

Webster—ship, from New-York for Liverpool, Sept. 9, lat. 42, lon. 61 46.

Foreign Ports.

At Buenos Ayres, July 26, ships Margaret Eliza, Strait, for New-York in 2 or 3 ds.; Arvum, from do., disg. Barks Homer, Penner, for do., ldg.; Marian, Downing, for do. in 2 or 3 ds.; Henry, Buck, for East Indies, do.; brig Mary Wilkins, for New-York, disg.

At Rio Janeiro, July 23, barks Fame, for Baltimore, unc.; Revolution, of Boston, do.; Lamartine, for New-York, ldg.; Eastern Star, condemned.

At Gonaives, Sept. 1, schr. John Elliott, for Boston same day.

At Para, July 22, schr. Sarah Burton, for Salem, ldg.